OFFERING CIRCULAR

First Flexible No.5 plc

(incorporated in England and Wales with limited liability under the Companies Act 1985 with registered number 4236601)

£465,000,000 Class A Mortgage Backed Floating Rate Notes due 2034 Issue price: 100%

£22,500,000 Class M Mortgage Backed Floating Rate Notes due 2034

Issue Price: 100% £12,500,000 Class B Mortgage Backed Floating Rate Notes due 2034

Issue price: 100%

The £465,000,000 Class A Mortgage Backed Floating Rate Notes 2034 (the "Class A Notes") will be issued by First Flexible No.5 plc (the "Issuer") together with the £22,500,000 Class M Mortgage Backed Floating Rate Notes due 2034 (the "Class M Notes") and the £12,500,000 Class B Mortgage Backed Floating Rate Notes due 2034 (the "Class B Notes") and together with the Class A Notes and the Class M Notes, the "Notes").

Interest on the Notes is payable monthly in arrear on the first Business Day (as defined in Condition 4(b) of the Class A Notes, the Class M Notes and the Class B Notes) of each calendar month in each year, subject to adjustment as provided in this document (each such day an "Interest Payment Date"), save for the first payment of interest which will be made in respect of the period commencing on (and including) the Issue Date (as defined below) and ending on (but excluding) the Interest Payment Date falling in August 2002. Interest on the Notes is payable at an annual rate equal to the sum of the London Interbank Offered Rate ("LIBOR") for one month sterling deposits (or, in the case of the first Interest Period (as defined below), at an annual rate obtained by linear interpolation of LIBOR for one month sterling deposits and LIBOR for two month sterling deposits) plus a margin of 0.23% per annum in relation to the Class A Notes until the Interest Payment Date falling in July 2009 (the "Coupon Step Up Date") and thereafter 0.46% per annum, 0.80% per annum in relation to the Class M Notes until the Coupon Step Up Date and thereafter 1.60% per annum and 1.70% per annum in relation to the Class B Notes until the Coupon Step Up Date and thereafter 2.70% per annum.

The Notes of each class will be subject to mandatory redemption in part from time to time on each Interest Payment Date (other than any Interest Payment Date on which the Notes of such class are redeemed in full or any Interest Payment Date on which the Potential Redemption Amount (as defined in Condition 5(b) of the Class A Notes, the Class M Notes and the Class B Notes below) applicable to all or such class of Notes is zero). The mandatory redemption in part will be in an amount calculated in accordance with the provisions set out in Condition 5(b) of the Class A Notes, the Class M Notes and the Class B Notes. In certain other circumstances, and at certain times, all (but not some only) of the Class A Notes, the Class M Notes and the Class B Notes may be redeemed at the option of the Issuer (see Conditions 5(d), 5(e) and 5(f) of the Class A Notes, the Class M Notes and the Class B Notes). Unless previously redeemed, the Class A Notes, the Class M Notes and the Class B Notes will mature on the Interest Payment Date falling in June 2034.

Payments in respect of the Notes will be subject to any applicable withholding taxes and neither the Issuer nor any Paying Agent will be obliged to pay additional amounts in relation thereto.

The Class M Notes will be secured by the same security which will secure the Class A Notes, but in the event of the security being enforced the Class A Notes will rank in priority to the Class M Notes. The Class B Notes will be secured by the same security which will secure the Class A Notes and Class M Notes, but in the event of the security being enforced the Class A Notes and the Class M Notes will rank in priority to the Class B Notes. Each of the Class A Notes, the Class M Notes and the Class B Notes respectively will rank pari passu in point of security without preference or priority amongst themselves.

The right to payment of interest and principal on the Class M Notes will be subordinated to the right to payment of interest and principal on the Class A Notes and may be limited or deferred as described below in Condition 2 of the Class M Notes. As a result, no assurance is given as to the amount (if any) of interest or principal on the Class M Notes which may actually be paid on any Interest Payment Date. The right to payment of interest and principal on the Class B Notes will be subordinated to the right to payment of interest and principal on the Class A Notes and the Class M Notes and may be limited or deferred as described below in Condition 2 of the Class B Notes. As a result, no assurance is given as to the amount (if any) of interest or principal on the Class B Notes which may actually be paid on any Interest Payment Date.

Application has been made to the Financial Services Authority in its capacity as the competent authority for listing in the United Kingdom (the "UK Listing Authority") for the Notes to be admitted to the Official List of the UK Listing Authority (the "Official List"). Application has also been made to London Stock Exchange plc (the "London Stock Exchange") for the Notes to be admitted to trading on the London Stock Exchange's market for listed securities. Admission to the Official List together with admission to trading on the London Stock Exchange's market for listed securities constitute admission to official listing on a stock exchange. Copies of this document, which comprises listing particulars, have been delivered to the Registrar of Companies in England and Wales for registration in accordance with section 83 of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 ("FSMA").

The Notes will be obligations of the Issuer. The Notes will not be obligations of, or the responsibility of, or guaranteed by, any person other than the Issuer. In particular, the Notes will not be obligations of or the responsibility of, or guaranteed by, Arianty No.1 plc ("Arianty"), Britannic Money plc ("Britannic Money"), Britannic Group plc ("Britannic"), First Active plc ("First Active"), The Royal Bank of Scotland plc ("RBS"), Barclays Bank PLC ("Barclays"), the other Managers (as defined below) or JPMorgan Chase Bank (the "Trustee"). No liability whatsoever in respect of any failure by the Issuer to pay any amount due under the Notes shall be accepted by Arianty, Britannic Money, First Active, Britannic, RBS, Barclays, the other Managers or the Trustee.

The Class A Notes are expected, on issue, to be assigned an Aaa rating by Moody's Investors Service Limited ("Moody's") and an AAA rating by Standard and Poor's Ratings Services, a division of the McGraw Hill Companies Inc. ("S&P" and, together with Moody's, the "Rating Agencies"). The Class M Notes are expected, on issue, to be assigned an A1 rating by Moody's and an A rating by S&P. The Class B Notes are expected, on issue, to be assigned a Baa2 rating by Moody's and a BBB rating by S&P. A security rating is not a recommendation to buy, sell or hold securities and may be subject to revision, suspension or withdrawal at any time by the Rating Agencies.

Notes of each class will each initially be represented by a temporary global note in bearer form (each a "Temporary Global Note"), without coupons (the "Coupons") or talons (the "Talons"), which is expected to be deposited with JPMorgan Chase Bank as common depository (the "Common Depository") for Euroclear Bank S.A./N.V. as operator of the Euroclear System ("Euroclear") and Clearstream Banking, société anonyme ("Clearstream, Luxembourg") on or about 11 June 2002 (the "Issue Date"). Each such Temporary Global Note will be exchangeable not earlier than 40 days after the Issue Date, upon certification of non-US beneficial ownership for interests in a permanent global note in bearer form (a "Permanent Global Note"), without Coupons or Talons, (together with each Temporary Global Note, the "Global Notes") for the relevant class of Notes. Save in certain limited circumstances, Notes in definitive form will not be issued in exchange for the Global Notes.

Particular attention is drawn to the section entitled "Certain Special Considerations".

Barclays Capital
Merrill Lynch International

The Royal Bank of Scotland

Barclays Capital

Class A Managers
Class M and Class B Managers

The Royal Bank of Scotland

The date of this Offering Circular is 6 June 2002

The Issuer accepts responsibility for the information contained in this document. To the best of its knowledge and belief (having taken all reasonable care to ensure that such is the case) the information contained in this document is in accordance with the facts and does not omit anything likely to affect the import of such information

The information relating to Arianty in the section entitled "Arianty No.1 plc" has been produced from information provided by Arianty. The information relating to Britannic Money and First Active in the sections so named has been produced from information provided by Britannic Money. The information relating to Britannic Group plc in the section so named has been produced from information provided by Britannic. The information relating to Barclays in its capacity as the Redraw Facility Provider, the GIC Provider, a Swap Counterparty and a Cap Provider in the section entitled "Barclays Bank PLC" has been produced from information provided by Barclays. The information relating to JPMorgan Chase Bank in its capacity as a Swap Counterparty, a LIBOR Swap Provider and a Cap Provider in the section entitled "JPMorgan Chase Bank" has been produced from information provided by JPMorgan Chase Bank.

Any reference in this document to listing particulars means this document excluding all information incorporated by reference. The Issuer has confirmed that any information incorporated by reference, including any such information to which readers of this document are expressly referred, has not been and does not need to be included in the listing particulars to satisfy the requirements of the FSMA or the listing rules of the UK Listing Authority. The Issuer believes that none of the information incorporated therein by reference conflicts in any material respect with the information included in the listing particulars.

No person is authorised to give any information or to make any representation concerning the issue of the Notes other than those contained in this document. Nevertheless, if any such information is given or representation made, it must not be relied upon as having been authorised by the Issuer, Arianty, Britannic Money, First Active, Britannic, the Trustee, RBS, Barclays or the other Managers (as defined under "Subscription and Sale" below) or any of their respective affiliates or advisers. Neither the delivery of this document nor any offer, sale, allotment or solicitation made in connection with the offering of the Notes shall, in any circumstances, create any implication or constitute a representation that there has been no change in the affairs of the Issuer or in the other information contained herein since the date hereof. Neither the Trustee, RBS, Barclays or any of the other Managers nor any of their respective affiliates or advisers makes any representation, express or implied, or accepts any responsibility, with respect to the accuracy or completeness of any of the information in this document. Each person receiving this document acknowledges that such person has not relied on RBS, Barclays, any of the other Managers or any other person affiliated with RBS, Barclays or any of the other Managers in connection with its investigation of the accuracy of such information or its investment decision. Each person contemplating making an investment in the Notes must make its own investigation and analysis of the Issuer and the terms of the offering and its own determination of the suitability of any such investment, with particular reference to its own investment objectives and experience, and any other factors which may be relevant to it in connection with such investment. Neither RBS, Barclays nor any of the other Managers undertakes to review the financial condition or affairs of the Issuer nor to advise any investor or potential investor in the Notes of any information coming to the attention of RBS, Barclays or any of the other Managers.

This document does not constitute an offer of, or an invitation by or on behalf of, the Issuer, Arianty, Britannic Money, First Active, Britannic, the Trustee, RBS or Barclays or any of the other Managers, to subscribe for or purchase any of the Notes. The distribution of this document and the offering of the Notes in certain jurisdictions may be restricted by law. No representation is made by the Issuer, Arianty, Britannic Money, First Active, Britannic, the Trustee, RBS, Barclays or any of the other Managers that this document may be lawfully distributed, or that the Notes may be lawfully offered, in compliance with any applicable registration or other requirements in any such jurisdiction, or pursuant to an exemption available thereunder, and none of them assumes any responsibility for facilitating any such distribution or offering. In particular, save for obtaining the approval of this document as listing particulars by the UK Listing Authority and delivery of this document to the Registrar of Companies in England and Wales, no action has been taken by the Issuer, Arianty, Britannic Money, First Active, Britannic, RBS, Barclays or any of the other Managers which would permit a public offering of the Notes or distribution of this document in any jurisdiction where action for that purpose is required. Accordingly, the Notes may not be offered or sold, directly or indirectly, and neither this document nor any advertisement or other offering material may be distributed or published in any jurisdiction, except under circumstances that will result in compliance with any applicable laws and regulations. Persons into whose possession this document comes are required by the Issuer, RBS, Barclays and the other Managers to inform themselves about and to observe any such

The Notes have not been and will not be registered under the US Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act") and comprise Notes in bearer form that are subject to US tax law requirements. Subject to certain exceptions, Notes may not be offered, sold or delivered within the United States or to any US persons. For a more complete description of certain restrictions on the offering, sale and delivery of Notes and distribution of this document, see "Subscription and Sale" below.

References in this document to "£", "pounds" or "sterling" are to the lawful currency for the time being of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland.

References in this document to "euros" are to the single currency introduced at the start of the third stage of European Economic and Monetary Union pursuant to the Treaty establishing the European Community, as amended by the Treaty on European Union and the Treaty of Amsterdam.

In connection with the issue of the Notes, Barclays or any person acting for it may, on the same terms and conditions contained herein, over-allot or effect transactions with a view to supporting the market price of the Notes at a level higher than that which might otherwise prevail. However, there may be no obligation on Barclays to do this. Such stabilising, if commenced, may be discontinued at any time and must be brought to an end after a limited period. Such stabilising shall be conducted in accordance with all applicable laws and rules.

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TRANSACTION SUMMARY

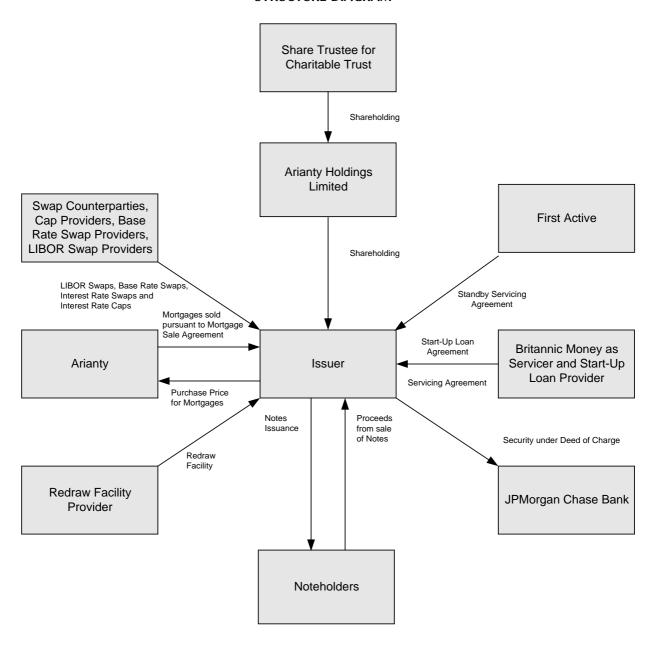
The following information is a brief overview of certain key features of the Notes and is qualified in its entirety by the more detailed information appearing elsewhere in this Offering Circular.

Class of Notes	Initial Principal Balance	% of Total
Class A	£465,000,000	93%
Class M	£22,500,000	4.5%
Class B	£12,500,000	2.5%

The primary assets of the Issuer securing payments under the Notes are residential mortgages originated by Britannic Money or First Active.

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	Class A Notes	Class M Notes	Class B Notes
Anticipated Ratings	AAA/Aaa or equivalent	A/A1 or equivalent	BBB/Baa2 or equivalent
Rating Agencies	S&P Moody's	S&P Moody's	S&P Moody's
Credit Enhancement	Subordination of the Class M Notes and the Class B Notes, Reserve Fund, Liquidity Reserve, Hedge Reserve, Base Rate Reserve and Discount Reserve	Subordination of the Class B Notes, Reserve Fund, Liquidity Reserve, Hedge Reserve, Base Rate Reserve and Discount Reserve	Reserve Fund, Hedge Reserve, Liquidity Reserve, Base Rate Reserve and Discount Reserve
Interest Rate	0.23% per annum (or 0.46% per annum after July 2009) above LIBOR rate of relevant Interest Period	0.80% per annum (or 1.60% per annum after July 2009) above LIBOR rate of relevant Interest Period	1.70% per annum (or 2.70% per annum after July 2009) above LIBOR rate of relevant Interest Period
Interest Accrual Method	Actual 365/366	Actual 365/366	Actual 365/366
Interest Payment Dates	The 1st day of each month	The 1st day of each month	The 1st day of each month
First Interest Payment Date	1 August 2002	1 August 2002	1 August 2002
Expected End of Substitution Period	1 July 2005	1 July 2005	1 July 2005
Coupon Step-Up Date	1 July 2009	1 July 2009	1 July 2009
Final Redemption Date	1 June 2034	1 June 2034	1 June 2034
Clearance/Settlement	Euroclear/ Clearstream, Luxembourg	Euroclear/ Clearstream, Luxembourg	Euroclear/ Clearstream, Luxembourg
Minimum Denomination	£10,000	£10,000	£10,000

STRUCTURE DIAGRAM



SUMMARY INFORMATION

The following summary is qualified in its entirety by the more detailed information appearing elsewhere in this Offering Circular. Certain terms used in this summary are defined elsewhere in this Offering Circular. A listing of the pages on which these terms are defined is set out in the "Index of Defined Terms".

TRANSACTION SUMMARY

The Issuer intends to acquire residential mortgages from Arianty No.1 plc ("Arianty") which were originated by Britannic Money or First Active, such acquisition to be financed by the issue of the Notes.

All the Mortgages to be acquired will be governed by English, Scots or Northern Irish law, as the case may be. "Mortgages" means collectively the Initial Mortgages (to be acquired on the Issue Date) together with any Pre-Funded Mortgages, Substitute Mortgages and Further Mortgages (which may be acquired in certain circumstances after the Issue Date).

Prior to the sale of the Mortgages to the Issuer, the beneficial interests in the Mortgages will have been transferred to Arianty by Britannic Money or First Active, as applicable. Pursuant to the Mortgage Sale Agreement, Arianty will transfer all of its interest in each Mortgage to the Issuer. Notices of the equitable assignment and declaration of the Scottish Trust to the Issuer and the security in favour of the Trustee will not, save in certain limited circumstances, be given to the Borrowers although the Issuer will be given the right to call for legal title to the Mortgages from Britannic Money or First Active, as applicable, in certain circumstances. Legal title to the Mortgages will therefore, save in limited circumstances, remain with Britannic Money or First Active (as applicable).

As the Servicer, Britannic Money will continue to administer the Mortgage Pool (as defined under "The Mortgage Pool" below) on behalf of the Issuer and the Trustee. However, Britannic Money will not be responsible for payment of principal or interest on the Notes.

The Issuer will finance its purchase of the Mortgages by issuing three separate classes of floating rate notes. The net aggregate proceeds of the issue of the Notes will amount to £498,959,453 and will be applied in the purchase of the Initial Mortgages from Arianty on the Issue Date with any remainder to be invested in Permitted Investments and/or applied in the purchase of Pre-Funded Mortgages.

The Notes will be obligations of the Issuer only and will be secured, *inter alia*, by the Issuer granting to the Trustee a charge over its equitable interest in the Mortgages and their collateral security (or in relation to Scottish Mortgages will grant fixed security over its beneficial interest in the Scottish Trust).

THE PARTIES

Issuer

First Flexible No.5 plc (the "Issuer"), a public company incorporated and registered in England and Wales with registered number 4236601 under the Companies Act 1985 with limited liability on 18 June 2001. The issued share capital of the Issuer comprises 50,000 ordinary shares of £1 each, all of which are paid up as to one quarter, 49,999 of which are held by Arianty Holdings Limited and 1 of which is held by Arianty Services Limited on trust for Arianty Holdings Limited. The issued share of Arianty Holdings Limited is held by SPV Management Limited pursuant to a declaration of trust dated 29 September 2000 on trust ultimately for charitable purposes.

The Issuer will be subject to covenants including a negative pledge and an undertaking not to engage in any activity other than the ownership of the Mortgages and certain other assets, the exercise of related rights and powers and other activities referred to herein or reasonably incidental thereto and to provide the Trustee with an annual certificate confirming amongst other things that no Event of Default (as defined in the Class A Conditions, the Class M Conditions and the Class B Conditions) or potential Event of Default has occurred.

Trustee:

JPMorgan Chase Bank (the "Trustee"), pursuant to a trust deed (the "Trust Deed") to be entered into on the Issue Date between the Issuer and the Trustee will be appointed as trustee to represent, *inter alia*, the interests of the holders of the Notes. The Trustee's function

will be to act in accordance with its powers and responsibilities set out in the Trust Deed subject to the limitations, rights and indemnifications contained in the Trust Deed. Pursuant to a deed of charge (the "Deed of Charge") to be entered into on the Issue Date by the Issuer, security will be granted by the Issuer in favour of the Trustee who shall hold such security on trust for, inter alios, the Noteholders.

Principal Paying Agent, and Agent Bank:

IPMorgan Chase Bank will be the Agent Bank and IPMorgan Chase Bank will be the Principal Paying Agent at each of its specified office in London. The Agent Bank will calculate the interest rates applicable to each Class of Notes. The Principal Paying Agent will make payments of interest and principal when due on the Notes.

Servicer:

Britannic Money (the "Servicer") will not be responsible for payment of principal or interest on the Notes but will perform certain functions, principally that of the Servicer (as defined under "Servicing" below) of the Mortgage Pool (as defined under "The Mortgage Pool" below) on behalf of the Issuer and the Trustee. The Servicer may delegate such functions although it remains liable to the Issuer for the performance of those functions.

Standby Servicer:

First Active will be appointed as standby servicer under the Servicing Agreement (together with any substitute standby servicer, the "Standby Servicer"). If the appointment of Britannic Money as Servicer is terminated, the Standby Servicer will assume such servicing functions subject to the terms and conditions of the

Servicing Agreement.

Account Bank: Barclays Bank PLC **Redraw Facility Provider:** Barclays Bank PLC GIC Provider: Barclays Bank PLC

Swap Counterparties: JPMorgan Chase Bank and Barclays Bank PLC

Seller: Arianty

Originators: Britannic Money and First Active

THE NOTES

The Notes:

Form and Denomination:

Interest on the Notes:

Withholding or Deduction for Taxes:

Estimated Average Lives of Class A Notes, Class M Notes and Class B Notes:

£465,000,000 Class A Mortgage Backed Floating Rate Notes due 2034 (the "Class A Notes"), £22,500,000 Class M Mortgage Backed Floating Rate Notes due 2034, (the "Class M Notes") and £12,500,000 Class B Mortgage Backed Floating Rate Notes due 2034 (the "Class B Notes" and, together with the Class A Notes and the Class M Notes, the "Notes"), in each case to be constituted by the Trust Deed.

Each Note (which will be in the denomination of £10,000, subject to pro rata redemption of Notes of the same class) will initially be represented by a single Temporary Global Note in bearer form. Each Temporary Global Note will be exchangeable, subject as provided under "Description of the Class A Notes – Terms and Conditions of the Class A Notes" (the "Class A Conditions"), "Description of the Class M Notes" (the "Class M Conditions") and "Description of the Class B Notes – Terms and Conditions of the Class B Notes (the "Class B Conditions") for a Permanent Global Note in bearer form. The Permanent Global Notes will not be exchangeable for definitive notes save in certain limited circumstances (see "Description of the Class A Notes", "Description of the Class M Notes" and "Description of the Class B Notes" below.)

The interest rates applicable to the Notes from time to time will be determined by reference to LIBOR for one month sterling deposits (or, in the case of the first Interest Period, at an annual rate obtained by linear interpolation of LIBOR for one month sterling deposits and LIBOR for two month sterling deposits) plus margins which will differ for each class of Notes.

The margins applicable to each class of Notes, and the Interest Periods (as defined in Condition 4(b) of the Class A Notes, the Class M Notes and the Class B Notes) for which such margins apply, will be as set out below:

Class A Notes: 0.23% per annum up to and including the Interest Payment Date falling in July 2009 (the "Coupon Step Up Date") and thereafter 0.46% per annum;

Class M Notes: 0.80% per annum up to and including the Coupon Step Up Date and thereafter 1.60% per annum; and

Class B Notes: 1.70% per annum up to and including the Coupon Step Up Date and thereafter 2.70% per annum.

Interest is payable in sterling, monthly in arrear on the first day of each calendar month in each year or, if such day is not a day (other than a Saturday or Sunday) on which banks are generally open for business in the City of London (a "Business Day"), on the immediately succeeding Business Day (each such day an "Interest Payment Date"), save for the first payment of interest which will be made in respect of the period commencing on (and including) the Issue Date and ending on (but excluding) the Interest Payment Date falling in August 2002.

Payments of interest and principal on the Notes will be subject to any applicable withholding taxes and neither the Issuer nor any Paying Agent will be obliged to pay additional amounts in relation thereto.

The average lives of the Notes cannot be accurately predicted, as the actual rate of redemption of the Mortgages (as defined under "The Mortgages" below) and a number of other relevant factors are

unknown. Calculations of the estimated average lives can be made based on certain assumptions, including the rate at which the Mortgages are repaid, whether and how often borrowers of Mortgages (the "Borrowers") exercise their option to redraw a portion of the principal of their mortgage loans, the likelihood of early amortisation, whether the Issuer exercises any of its options to redeem the Notes set out in Condition 5 of the Class A Notes, the Class M Notes and the Class B Notes and the extent to which the Issuer acquires Pre-Funded Mortgages, Further Mortgages and Further Advances (each as defined below). Based on the assumptions referred to under "Estimated Average Lives of the Class A Notes, the Class M Notes and the Class B Notes" below, the average life of the Class A Notes is estimated to range from 5.1 years to 5.5 years, the average life of the Class M Notes is estimated to be 7.0 years and the average life of the Class B Notes is estimated to be 7.0 years.

Redemption and Purchase:

- (i) Optional Redemption
- (a) The Issuer may, at its option, redeem all (but not some only) of the Notes at their Principal Amount Outstanding (as defined in Condition 5 of the Class A Conditions, the Class M Conditions and the Class B Conditions) in the event of certain tax changes affecting the Notes, the Issuer or the Mortgages comprising the Mortgage Pool (as defined in "The Mortgage Pool" below) at any time.
- (b) The Issuer may, at its option, redeem all (but not some only) of the Notes at their Principal Amount Outstanding on the Interest Payment Date falling in July 2009 or on any Interest Payment Date falling thereafter.
- (c) The Issuer may, at its option, redeem all (but not some only) of the Notes at their Principal Amount Outstanding on any Interest Payment Date on which the aggregate Principal Amount Outstanding of the Notes is equal to or less than 10% of the aggregate principal amount of such Notes on the Issue Date.
- (d) The Issuer may, at its option redeem all (but not some only) of the Notes at their Principal Amount Outstanding on the second Interest Payment Date after any Determination Date on which it is determined that the aggregate amount of Redraws made by Borrowers during the immediately preceding Collection Period (as defined below) exceeds the sum of (a) the amount of Principal Collections (as defined below) available for the purpose of purchasing the right to repayment of Redraws in accordance with the Priority of Payments (as defined below), and (b) the lower of (i) the Available Facility under the Redraw Facility (in each case as defined below) and (ii) the aggregate Principal Amount Outstanding of the Notes.

The Issuer shall provide Noteholders with no more than 30 nor less than 20 days' notice of its intention to redeem all or any class of Notes on any Interest Payment Date.

(ii) Redemption in Part

Prior to enforcement, each class of Notes will be subject to redemption in part on each Interest Payment Date in accordance with the Priority of Payments (other than any Interest Payment Date on which the Notes of such class are redeemed in full or any Interest Payment Date on which the Redemption Amount (as defined below) applicable to all or such class of Notes is zero).

(iii) Final Redemption

Unless previously redeemed, the Notes will mature on the Interest Payment Date falling in June 2034.

(iv) Purchase

The Issuer shall not purchase any Notes.

Security for the Notes:

The Notes will be obligations of the Issuer only. Pursuant to the Deed of Charge, the Notes will be secured, *inter alia*, by:

- a first fixed equitable charge or mortgage or (in relation to Mortgages secured on properties in Scotland ("Scottish Mortgages")) assignation in security in favour of the Trustee over the Issuer's right, title, interest and benefit present and future in the Mortgages and other collateral security relating to the Mortgages;
- (ii) an equitable assignment by way of first fixed security in favour of the Trustee of the Issuer's interest in certain buildings policies, life policies, contingency policies and mortgage indemnity policies (the "Insurance Contracts") to the extent that they relate to the Mortgages;
- (iii) an assignment by way of first fixed security in favour of the Trustee of the benefit of the servicing agreement to be entered into between the Issuer, Arianty, the Servicer, the Standby Servicer and the Trustee (the "Servicing Agreement"), the mortgage sale agreement to be entered into between Arianty, Britannic Money, First Active, the Issuer and the Trustee (the "Mortgage Sale Agreement"), the Scottish Trust, the Agency Agreement, the Guaranteed Investment Contract, the Redraw Facility Agreement, the Declaration of Trust, the Bank Agreement, the Start-Up Loan Agreement, the Interest Rate Swaps, the Interest Rate Caps, the Base Rate Swaps, the LIBOR Swaps, the Master Definitions Schedule (all as defined below) and such other documents as are expressed to be subject to the charges under the Deed of Charge (all such documents together the "Transaction Documents");
- (iv) a first fixed equitable charge in favour of the Trustee over the Issuer's beneficial interest in the Trust Accounts, the Transaction Account and the Reserve Account (each as defined in "Credit Structure" below), and any other bank account of the Issuer from time to time and over the Permitted Investments (as defined in "Credit Structure" below); and
- (v) a first floating charge in favour of the Trustee (ranking after the security referred to in (i) to (iv) above) over the whole of the undertaking, property, assets and rights of the Issuer ((i) to (v) together the "Security").

The Class A Notes, the Class M Notes and the Class B Notes will be constituted by the Trust Deed and will share the same security but in the event of the Security being enforced the Class A Notes will rank in priority to the Class M Notes and the Class B Notes and the Class M Notes will rank in priority to the Class B Notes.

The Class A Notes are expected to be assigned an Aaa rating by Moody's and an AAA rating by S&P. The Class M Notes are expected to be assigned an A1 rating by Moody's and an A rating by S&P. The Class B Notes are expected, on issue, to be assigned a Baa2 rating by

Moody's and a BBB rating by S&P.

Rating of Notes:

A security rating is not a recommendation to buy, sell or hold securities and may be subject to revision, suspension or withdrawal

at any time by either one or both of the Rating Agencies.

Listing of the Notes: Application has been made to the UK Listing Authority for the Notes

to be admitted to the Official List. Application has also been made to the London Stock Exchange for the Notes to be admitted to trading on the London Stock Exchange's market for listed securities.

The Notes will be governed by and construed in accordance with Governing Law of the Notes:

English law.

Mortgages:

All the Mortgages met certain lending criteria at the time of origination (see "The Mortgage Pool – Lending Policy" below) and were originated by Britannic Money or First Active. Britannic Money and First Active, as applicable, transferred the beneficial interest in the Mortgages to Arianty pursuant to a mortgage sale agreement dated 21 December 2000 as amended and restated on 14 November 2001 between, *inter alios*, Britannic Money, First Active and Arianty (the "Origination Mortgage Sale Agreement").

As at the date immediately prior to (i) the Issue Date (in respect of the Initial Mortgages) and (ii) the date on which the Issuer purchases Pre-Funded Mortgages, Further Mortgages or Substitute Mortgages, the beneficial interest in the relevant Mortgage will reside with Arianty and legal title in the relevant Mortgages will be held by Britannic Money or First Active. Pursuant to the Mortgage Sale Agreement, the Issuer will be given the right to call for legal title to the Mortgages from Britannic Money or First Active, as applicable, in certain circumstances. On the Issue Date, in respect of the Initial Mortgages and on any other date that the Issuer purchases Pre-Funded Mortgages, Further Mortgages or Substitute Mortgages from Arianty, the Issuer shall purchase all of Arianty's interest in the relevant Mortgage.

The Provisional Mortgage Pool comprises Standard Variable Mortgages, Base Rate Linked Mortgages, LIBOR Linked Mortgages, Fixed Rate Mortgages and Capped Rate Mortgages (see "The Provisional Mortgage Pool – Rate of Interest" below). For a specified period of time some of these Mortgages may also be Discounted Mortgages.

Repayment terms under each Mortgage differ according to the repayment type. The Provisional Mortgage Pool (as defined below) will include Repayment Mortgages, Endowment Mortgages, Pension Mortgages and Interest Only Mortgages (see "The Provisional Mortgage Pool – Repayment Terms" below).

All of the Mortgages are secured by first legal charges or standard securities or mortgages over freehold, feuhold or leasehold properties located in England or Wales or Scotland or Northern Ireland and relate to either investment properties or owner-occupied properties.

99.12% of Mortgages by drawn value in the Mortgage Pool as at 30 April 2002 provide the relevant Borrower with the option to redraw a portion of the principal of his Mortgage (or, subject to the consent of Britannic Money or First Active, as the case may be, take a Payment Holiday (as defined in "The Mortgage Pool – The Provisional Mortgage Pool" below)) ("Redraws") if and to the extent that such Borrower has previously made prepayments on its Mortgage in excess of the scheduled principal repayments and has not previously redrawn the whole of such excess payments and provided that the amount of such Redraw is limited to ensure that the outstanding balance of the Mortgage after such Redraw is no greater than the principal balance of the Mortgage which would have been outstanding at such time if the Borrower had made payments in accordance with the repayment plan used by Britannic Money or First Active, as the case may be, to provide a baseline for repayment of the Mortgage. The amount which is capable of being redrawn under a Mortgage is referred to as the "Potential Redraw Amount".

32.13% of the Mortgages by drawn value in the Mortgage Pool as at 30 April 2002 relate to properties purchased by the relevant Borrower to be occupied by tenants or held as an investment. The conditions of such Mortgages require that these properties, if let, will be let under an assured shorthold or short assured tenancy and in all cases that any occupier will have no statutory security of tenure (see "The Mortgage Pool-Investment Home Loans" below). The other 67.87% of the Mortgages by drawn value in the Mortgage Pool as at 30 April 2002 relate to owner occupied properties.

Representations and Warranties:

The Issuer will have the benefit of (i) warranties given by Arianty as at the Issue Date in relation to the Mortgages (or, in the case of Pre-Funded Mortgages, Further Mortgages or Substitute Mortgages, as at the date such Mortgages are acquired by the Issuer), (ii) warranties given by Britannic Money in relation to the Mortgages as at the date of the sale of the Mortgages to Arianty under the Origination Mortgage Sale Agreement (and, in the case of Pre-Funded Mortgages, Further Mortgages or Substitute Mortgages, as at the date such Mortgages were sold to Arianty under the Origination Mortgage Sale Agreement) and (iii) warranties given by Britannic Money in relation to the Mortgages in its capacity as administrator pursuant to an administration agreement dated 21 December 2000 as amended and restated on 14 November 2001 between Britannic Money, Arianty and Citicorp Trustee Company Limited (the "Origination Administration Agreement") with respect to the period between the date of sale of the Mortgages to Arianty under the Origination Mortgage Sale Agreement and the Issue Date or, in the case of Pre-Funded Mortgages, Further Mortgages or Substitute Mortgages, with respect to the period between the date of sale of the Mortgages to Arianty under the Origination Mortgage Sale Agreement and the date they are acquired by the Issuer. Arianty and/or Britannic Money will be required to either provide a substitute Mortgage (a "Substitute Mortgage") in exchange for, or repurchase, any Mortgage with respect to which any warranty made by Arianty and/or Britannic Money proves to be untrue as at the date made and which breach has not been remedied within 30 days of receipt of notice from the Issuer. Such Substitute Mortgage shall comply with the requirements applicable to the Initial Mortgages. Neither Britannic Money nor Arianty may offer a Substitute Mortgage to the Issuer if the aggregate outstanding principal balance of the Mortgages comprising the Mortgage Pool on the immediately preceding Determination Date and the aggregate outstanding principal balance of the Substitute Mortgage offered plus the aggregate Potential Redraw Amount with respect to the Mortgages comprising the Mortgage Pool on the immediately preceding Determination Date and the Substitute Mortgage offered exceeds the sum of (i) the aggregate outstanding principal balances of the Mortgages comprising the Mortgage Pool and (ii) the aggregate Potential Redraw Amount with respect to such Mortgages, each as at the Determination Date immediately preceding the last Interest Payment Date.

Where a Mortgage triggers a warranty breach by both Arianty and Britannic Money (the "Warrantors"), the Issuer may claim or, as the case may be, initiate claims against both of the Warrantors or either one of the Warrantors in respect of such breach.

No searches, inquiries or independent investigation of title of the type which a prudent purchaser or mortgagee or heritable creditor

would normally be expected to carry out have been or will be made by the Issuer or the Trustee, each of whom is relying entirely upon the warranties set out in the Mortgage Sale Agreement. Mortgages complying with the eligibility criteria applicable to the Initial Mortgages (as amended or varied with the prior written confirmation of the Rating Agencies that such amendment to or variation of such eligibility criteria will not cause the downgrade of the then current rating of the Notes) may be acquired by the Issuer from Arianty during the Substitution Period (each a "Further Mortgage"). The Issuer shall only purchase such Further Mortgages to the extent that Principal Collections are available for the purpose in accordance with the Priority of Payments.

Pre-Funded Mortgages:

To the extent that the proceeds of the Notes exceed the Purchase Price (as defined in "The Mortgage Pool – Sale of Mortgages" below) of the Initial Mortgages purchased, the Issuer shall as soon as practicable purchase further mortgages from Arianty (the "Pre-Funded Mortgages") at any time on or after the Issue Date but no later than the third Interest Payment Date after the Issue Date. Such Pre-Funded Mortgages shall comply with the eligibility criteria applicable to Further Mortgages.

Pre-Funded Ledger:

The proceeds of the Notes which exceed the Purchase Price (as defined in "The Mortgage Pool – Sale of Mortgages" below) of the Initial Mortgages shall be credited to a ledger to be established and maintaned by the Issuer in the Transaction Account (the "Pre-Funded Ledger"). The Issuer (or the Servicer on its behalf) shall use the amounts standing to the credit of the Pre-Funded Ledger to purchase Pre-Funded Mortgages.

Any amounts not applied to purchase Pre-Funded Mortgages on or before the third Interest Payment Date and standing to the credit of the Pre-Funded Ledger shall be treated as Redemptions and shall be applied in accordance with the Priority of Payments.

Non-Verified Mortgages:

The Mortgage Sale Agreement does not permit Mortgages originated by Britannic Money or First Active for which the first payment of principal and/or interest has not been received as at the Issue Date (the "Non-Verified Mortgages") to be sold to the Issuer by Arianty.

3.47% of the Mortgages by drawn value in the Provisional Mortgage Pool, are Non-Verified Mortgages (representing an aggregate principal balance of approximately £16,259,634). There is no historical payment information with respect to the Non-Verified Mortgages.

In respect of the Non-Verified Mortgages, to the extent that Arianty shall not have been able to verify receipt of the first payment of principal and/or interest by the relevant Borrower prior to the Issue Date, Arianty shall, pursuant to the Mortgage Sale Agreement, exclude such Mortgages from the Initial Mortgage Pool.

Substitution Period and Further Mortgages:

Unless shortened by the Issuer (upon giving notice to the Trustee, the Servicer, the Class A Noteholders, the Class M Noteholders and the Class B Noteholders), the period commencing on (and including) the Issue Date and ending on the earlier of:

(i) the Interest Payment Date falling in July 2005;

- (ii) enforcement of the Security in accordance with Condition 10 of the Class A Conditions, the Class M Conditions and the Class B Conditions;
- (iii) removal of Britannic Money as the Servicer in accordance with the Servicing Agreement and no replacement Servicer having been appointed in accordance with the Servicing Agreement;
- (iv) the date on which the Notes are redeemed in full; or
- (v) the date on which the Redraw Facility becomes fully drawn;

shall be designated the "Substitution Period".

On any Interest Payment Date during the Substitution Period, the Issuer shall be entitled to purchase Further Mortgages (as defined in "The Mortgage Pool – Further Mortgages" below) in accordance with the Priority of Payments, to the extent that Arianty offers the same for sale and if, inter alia, the sum of (i) the aggregate outstanding principal balances of the Mortgages comprising the Mortgage Pool on the immediately preceding Determination Date, (ii) the aggregate outstanding principal balances of the Further Mortgages and Further Advances to be purchased on such Interest Payment Date and (iii) the aggregate Potential Redraw Amount (as defined in "The Mortgages" below) with respect to both the Mortgages comprising the Mortgage Pool on the immediately preceding Determination Date and the Further Mortgages and the Further Advances to be purchased on such Interest Payment Date does not equal or exceed the sum of (i) the aggregate outstanding principal balances of the Mortgages comprising the Mortgage Pool on the Determination Date immediately preceding the last Interest Payment Date (ii) the aggregate outstanding principal balances of the Further Mortgages and the Further Advances purchased on the last Interest Payment Date and (iii) the aggregate Potential Redraw Amount with respect to the Mortgages comprising the Mortgage Pool on the Determination Date immediately preceding the last Interest Payment Date and the Further Mortgages and Further Advances purchased on the last Interest Payment Date.

For further criteria relating to the purchase of Further Mortgages, see "The Mortgage Pool – Further Mortgages" below.

Britannic Money will be appointed under the terms of the Servicing Agreement as agent for the Issuer and the Trustee, *inter alia*, to administer the Mortgage Pool, including the collection of payments under the Mortgages, the operation of the arrears procedures and the setting of interest rates under the Mortgages (in its capacity as such, the "Servicer"). The Servicer is obliged under the Servicing Agreement to report on a monthly basis to the Trustee and the Issuer on the Mortgage Pool and the administration of the Mortgages (see "The Mortgage Pool – Administration of the Mortgage Pool" below). If the appointment of Britannic Money as Servicer is terminated, the Standby Servicer will assume such servicing functions pursuant to the terms of the Servicing Agreement.

No searches, inquiries or independent investigation of title of the type which a prudent purchaser or mortgagee or heritable creditor would normally be expected to carry out have been or will be made by the Issuer or the Trustee, each of whom is relying entirely upon the warranties set out in the Mortgage Sale Agreement. Mortgages complying with the eligibility criteria applicable to the Initial

Servicing:

Mortgages (as amended or varied with the prior written confirmation of the Rating Agencies that such amendment or variation will not cause the downgrade of the then current rating of the Notes) may be acquired by the Issuer from Arianty during the Substitution Period (each a "Further Mortgage"). The Issuer shall only purchase such Further Mortgages to the extent that Principal Collections are available for the purpose in accordance with the Priority of Payments.

Any amounts not applied to purchase Pre-Funded Mortgages on or before the third Interest Payment Date and standing to the credit of the Pre-Funded Ledger shall be treated as Redemptions and shall be applied in accordance with the Priority of Payments.

The Issuer will be subject to covenants including a negative pledge and an undertaking not to engage in any activity other than the ownership of the Mortgages and certain other assets, the exercise of related rights and powers and other activities referred to herein or reasonably incidental thereto and to provide the Trustee with an annual certificate confirming amongst other things that no Event of Default (as defined in the Class A Conditions, the Class M Conditions and the Class B Conditions) or potential Event of Default has occurred.

Covenants:

PRIORITY OF PAYMENTS

Priority of Payments

– Pre-Enforcement:

On each Interest Payment Date, the monies standing to the credit of the Transaction Account (save for any monies standing to the credit of the Pre-Funded Ledger applied or to be applied in purchasing Pre-Funded Mortgages), the monies representing a credit balance in the Reserve Ledger (save that such monies may only be applied to meet items (i) to (vii) below), the monies representing a credit balance in the Liquidity Reserve Ledger (save that such monies may only be applied to meet items (i) to (vii) below), all monies advanced under the Redraw Facility (save that such monies may only be applied to purchase the right to repayment of Redraws under item (ix) below or to rollover existing advances under the Redraw Facility), any Threshold Amount Deposit made on the immediately preceding Determination Date, all amounts received from the Swap Counterparties and/or the Cap Providers and/or the LIBOR Swap Providers under any Interest Rate Swaps and/or Interest Rate Caps and/or any LIBOR Swaps, all amounts received from the Base Rate Swap Providers under any Base Rate Swaps, all amounts representing a credit balance in the Hedge Reserve transferred from the Reserve Account to the Transaction Account, all amounts representing a credit balance in the Base Rate Reserve transferred from the Reserve Account to the Transaction Account and all amounts representing a credit balance in the Discount Reserve transferred from the Reserve Account to the Transaction Account will, after making payment of or providing for Excluded Items (as defined under "Excluded Items" below), until enforcement of the Security for the Notes, be applied (save as the payee may otherwise agree) in making the following payments or provisions in the following order of priority (the "Priority of Payments"):

- (i) to pay or provide for the remuneration payable to the Trustee and any fees, costs, charges, liabilities and expenses incurred by it under the provisions of the Trust Deed, the Deed of Charge and/or any of the Transaction Documents together with interest as provided in the Trust Deed, the Deed of Charge and/or any of the Transaction Documents;
- (ii) to pay or provide for amounts due and/or which will become due prior to the next Interest Payment Date to the Paying Agent and Agent Bank under the Agency Agreement;
- (iii) to pay or provide for *pari passu* and *pro rata* (a) amounts, including audit fees and company secretarial expenses (plus value added tax, if any), which are payable or expected to become due and payable by the Issuer on or after such Interest Payment Date by the Issuer to third parties and incurred without breach by the Issuer of its obligations under the Transaction Documents and not provided for payment elsewhere and (b) the Issuer's liability or possible liability for corporation tax;
- (iv) to pay or provide for the servicing fee payable to the Servicer on such Interest Payment Date (inclusive of value added tax, if any) together with costs and expenses which are payable or expected to become payable to the Servicer under the Servicing Agreement prior to the next Interest Payment Date;
- (v) to pay pari passu and pro rata:
 - (a) all amounts payable by the Issuer to the Swap Counterparties and/or the Base Rate Swap Providers

and/or the LIBOR Swap Providers pursuant to the Interest Rate Swaps and/or the Base Rate Swaps and/or the LIBOR Swaps (other than in respect of termination payments following an event of default in respect of an Interest Rate Swap or a Base Rate Swap or a LIBOR Swap where the relevant Swap Counterparty or the relevant Base Rate Swap Provider or the relevant LIBOR Swap Provider is the defaulting party under the relevant Interest Rate Swap or, as the case may be, the relevant Base Rate Swap or, as the case may be, the relevant LIBOR Swap);

- (b) all amounts payable under the Redraw Facility other than in respect of principal; and
- (c) all amounts payable in respect of the Class A Notes other than in respect of principal on the Class A Notes;
- (vi) subject to an M Note Trigger Event not occurring on that Interest Payment Date, to pay all amounts payable in respect of the Class M Notes other than in respect of principal on the Class M Notes;
- (vii) subject to a B Note Trigger Event not occurring on that Interest Payment Date, to pay all amounts payable in respect of the Class B Notes other than in respect of principal on the Class B Notes;
- (viii) to credit all amounts, other than Principal Collections (as defined below), to the Reserve Fund up to the Reserve Fund Required Amount (as defined in "Credit Structure – Reserve Fund" below);
- (ix) if a Liquidity Trigger Event has occurred and is continuing on the immediately preceding Determination Date, to credit the Liquidity Reserve up to the Liquidity Reserve Required Amount (as defined in "Credit Structure – Reserve Fund" below) unless Moody's have confirmed that failure to make such credit will not adversely affect the then current rating of the Notes;
- (x) to pay for the purchase by the Issuer of the rights to repayment of Redraws;
- (xi) to repay all principal amounts outstanding under the Redraw Facility;
- (xii) to fund the purchase by the Issuer of Further Advances up to an amount equal to the lower of (a) the Potential Redemption Amount less amounts applied in accordance with item (xi) above and (b) the aggregate amount of Redemptions received during the immediately preceding Collection Period less amounts applied in accordance with item (xi) above;
- (xiii) during the Substitution Period only, to fund the purchase by the Issuer of Further Mortgages up to an amount equal to the lower of (a) the Potential Redemption Amount less amounts applied in accordance with items (xi) and (xii) above; and (b) the aggregate amount of Redemptions received during the immediately preceding Collection Period less amounts applied in accordance with items (xi) and (xii) above;
- (xiv) to allocate an amount to be applied in redeeming the Notes equal to the greater of zero and the difference between (a) the Potential Redemption Amount and (b) the sum of the amounts applied under items (xi), (xii) and (xiii) above;

- (xv) if an M Note Trigger Event occurs on such Interest Payment Date, to pay all amounts payable in respect of the Class M Notes other than in respect of principal on the Class M Notes;
- (xvi) if a B Note Trigger Event occurs on such Interest Payment Date, to pay all amounts payable in respect of the Class B Notes other than in respect of principal on the Class B Notes;
- (xvii) to credit *pari passu* and *pro rata* (a) the Base Rate Reserve up to the Base Rate Reserve Required Amount and (b) the Hedge Reserve up to the Hedge Reserve Required Amount;
- (xviii) to fund the purchase by the Issuer of hedges that may be required in order to preserve a rate at least equal to the Threshold Rate (as defined in "Credit Structure – Threshold Rate" below) in respect of Pre-Funded Mortgages, Further Mortgages, Substitute Mortgages or Further Advances purchased on such Interest Payment Date (see "The Mortgage Pool" below);
- (xix) to credit the Discount Reserve in an amount equal to the aggregate Loan Expected Differentials arising from Discounts on Further Mortgages, Substitute Mortgages or Further Advances purchased on such Interest Payment Date (see "The Mortgage Pool" below);
- (xx) to make any termination payments payable to the Swap Counterparties or the Base Rate Swap Providers or the LIBOR Swap Providers pursuant to the Interest Rate Swaps or, as the case may be, the Base Rate Swaps or, as the case may be, the LIBOR Swaps following an event of default in respect of an Interest Rate Swap or, as the case may be, a Base Rate Swap or, as the case may be, a Base Rate Swap or, as the case may be, the relevant Swap Counterparty or, as the case may be, the relevant LIBOR Swap Provider or, as the case may be, the relevant Interest Rate Swap or, as the case may be, the relevant Base Rate Swap or, as the case may be, the relevant Base Rate Swap or, as the case may be, the relevant Base Rate Swap or, as

and provided that there is no Principal Deficiency on such Interest Payment Date and that no Event of Default has occurred:

- (xxi) to pay amounts repayable to the Servicer in respect of any Threshold Amount Deposit (as defined in "Credit Structure Threshold Rate" below) which the Servicer elects to release;
- (xxii) to pay amounts payable in respect of the Start-Up Loan other than in respect of principal on the Start-Up Loan;
- (xxiii) to pay amounts payable in respect of principal under the Start-Up Loan;
- (xxiv) to pay sums due to the Standby Servicer (as defined above) as a standby servicing fee;
- (xxv) to pay *pari passu* and *pro rata* (a) sums due to Arianty as Arianty Deferred Purchase Consideration (as defined in "Credit Structure Deferred Purchase Consideration" below), (b) sums due to Britannic Money as Britannic Money Deferred Purchase Consideration (as defined in "Credit Structure Deferred Purchase Consideration" below) and (c) sums due to First Active as First Active Deferred Purchase Consideration (as defined in "Credit Structure Deferred Purchase Consideration" below); and

(xxvi) to make dividend payments to shareholders of the Issuer.

Liquidity Trigger Event:

A "Liquidity Trigger Event" will occur if more than 15% of the then aggregate principal balance of the Mortgages comprised in the Mortgage Pool on the immediately preceding Determination Date comprise Mortgages in respect of which there are arrears equal to or greater than an amount equal to the then current scheduled monthly payment due under the relevant Mortgage multiplied by three

M Note Trigger Event:

If there are Class A Notes outstanding an "M Note Trigger Event" will occur on an Interest Payment Date if on such Interest Payment Date, on the assumption that an M Note Trigger Event does not occur, the application of funds in accordance with the Priority of Payments will give rise to a Principal Deficiency which exceeds the then Principal Amount Outstanding of the Class M Notes and the Class B Notes on such Interest Payment Date.

B Note Trigger Event:

If there are Class A Notes or Class M Notes outstanding, a "B Note Trigger Event" will occur on an Interest Payment Date if on such Interest Payment Date, on the assumption that a B Note Trigger Event does not occur, the application of funds in accordance with the Priority of Payments will give rise to a Principal Deficiency which exceeds the then Principal Amount Outstanding of the Class B Notes on such Interest Payment Date.

Potential Redemption Amount:

The "**Potential Redemption Amount**" will be determined on each Determination Date as follows:

- (a) the aggregate amount of Redemptions, Prepayments, enforcement proceeds, recoveries and insurance proceeds (to the extent they relate to principal) received during the immediately preceding Collection Period in respect of the Mortgages ("Principal Collections"); plus
- (b) principal losses realised upon completion of the enforcement and recovery process in relation to the Mortgages during the immediately preceding Collection Period; plus
- (c) an amount equal to the Principal Deficiency (as defined in "Credit Structure Use of Ledgers" below) recorded on the previous Determination Date; less
- (d) the aggregate principal amount of Redraws the right to repayment of which are to be purchased by the Issuer on the immediately succeeding Interest Payment Date; less
- (e) the amount by which the aggregate principal amount outstanding under the Redraw Facility is expected to increase on the immediately succeeding Interest Payment Date as a result of the purchase of the right to repayment of Redraws;

Provided that the Potential Redemption Amount shall never be less than zero.

Redemption Amount:

The amount allocated for redemption of the Notes under item (xiv) of the Priority of Payments (the "Redemption Amount") will be divided into a "Class A Redemption Amount", a "Class M Redemption Amount" and a "Class B Redemption Amount". During a Class M Principal Lock Out, the Class A Redemption Amount will equal the Redemption Amount and the Class M Redemption Amount and the Class B Redemption Amount will be zero. During a Class B Principal Lock Out, the Redemption Amount will be divided between the Class A Redemption Amount and the Class M Redemption Amount (on a *pro rata* basis and subject to a

Class M Principal Lock Out not having occurred) and the Class B Redemption Amount will be zero.

A "Class M Principal Lock Out" shall occur on any Interest Payment Date (i) during the period up to (and including) the earlier of the Interest Payment Date on which all Class A Notes are redeemed in full and the Interest Payment Date falling five years after the end of the Substitution Period (the "Class M Principal Lock Out Period"), (ii) where on such Interest Payment Date the sum of the Reserve Fund, the aggregate Principal Amount Outstanding (as defined in Condition 5 of the Class M Conditions) of the Class M Notes and the aggregate Principal Amount Outstanding (as defined in Condition 5 of the Class B Conditions) of the Class B Notes as a percentage of the sum of the aggregate Principal Amount Outstanding of the Class A Notes, Class M Notes and Class B Notes is not at least twice that same percentage as at the Issue Date, (iii) where a Principal Deficiency exists on such Interest Payment Date, (iv) where the aggregate principal balance of Mortgages in respect of which there are arrears of an amount greater than £100 is greater than 2.5% of the then aggregate principal balance of the Mortgages comprised in the Mortgage Pool, in each case as at the immediately preceding Determination Date and (v) where the sum of the Principal Amount Outstanding of the Class M Notes and the Principal Amount Outstanding of the Class B Notes on such Interest Payment Date is less than two times the principal balance of the largest Mortgage or group of Mortgages in the name of a single Borrower as at the immediately preceding Determination Date.

A "Class B Principal Lock Out" shall occur on any Interest Payment Date (i) during the period up to (and including) the earlier of the Interest Payment Date on which all Class A Notes and Class M Notes are redeemed in full and the Interest Payment Date falling five years after the end of the Substitution Period (the "Class B Principal Lock Out Period") (ii) where on such Interest Payment Date the sum of the Reserve Fund and the aggregate Principal Amount Outstanding (as defined in Condition 5 of the Class B Conditions) of the Class B Notes as a percentage of the sum of the aggregate Principal Amount Outstanding of the Class A Notes, the Class M Notes and the Class B Notes is not at least twice that same percentage as at the Issue Date, (iii) where a Principal Deficiency exists on such Interest Payment Date, (iv) where the aggregate principal balance of Mortgages in respect of which there are arrears of an amount greater than £100 is greater than 2.5% of the then aggregate principal balance of the Mortgages comprised in the Mortgage Pool, in each case as at the immediately preceding Determination Date, or (v) where the Principal Amount Outstanding of the Class B Notes on such Interest Payment Date is less than two times the principal balance of the largest Mortgage or group of Mortgages in the name of a single Borrower as at the immediately preceding Determination Date.

If no Class M Principal Lock Out and no Class B Principal Lock Out applies on an Interest Payment Date and there are Class A Notes outstanding, the Redemption Amount will be divided between the Class A Redemption Amount, the Class M Redemption Amount and the Class B Redemption Amount in such amounts as would maintain the then current ratio of Class A Notes to Class M Notes to Class B Notes. If on any Interest Payment Date there are no Class A Notes outstanding, the Redemption Amount will be divided between the Class M Redemption Amount (subject to a Class M Principal Lock Out not having occurred) and the Class B Redemption Amount

(subject to a Class B Principal Lock Out not having occurred) in such amounts as would maintain the then current ratio of the Class M Notes to Class B Notes. If on any Interest Payment Date there are no Class A Notes or Class M Notes outstanding, the Class B Redemption Amount shall equal the whole of the Redemption Amount.

Excluded Items:

The following items ("Excluded Items") may be paid or provided for prior to the allocation of sums under the Priority of Payments:

- (i) certain monies which properly belong to third parties (such as monies owing to any party in respect of reimbursement for direct debit recalls),
- (ii) on the Interest Payment Date following the Issue Date, amounts payable to Arianty under the Mortgage Sale Agreement in respect of reconciliations of the amounts paid in respect of the purchase of the Mortgages on the Issue Date, and
- (iii) where the Issuer is unable to purchase the right to repayment of Redraws and/or Further Advances made with respect to one or more Mortgages on any Interest Payment Date (such Redraws and/or Further Advances continuing to be funded by Britannic Money or First Active, as the case may be, on the basis that the Issuer holds each relevant Mortgage on trust for itself and Britannic Money or First Active, as the case may be, each party's interest being proportionate to the funding provided by it), the aggregate of Britannic Money's or First Active's, as the case may be, *pro rata* share of amounts received in respect of each such Mortgage during the immediately preceding Collection Period.

Priority of Payments – Post-Enforcement: After the Trustee has given notice to the Issuer pursuant to Condition 9 of the Class A Notes, the Class M Notes and the Class B Notes, declaring the Notes to be due and payable, no rights to repayment of Redraws, Further Advances, Pre-Funded Mortgages or Further Mortgages may be purchased and the Trustee shall, after making payment of or providing for Excluded Items, use the money received in respect of the Mortgages including proceeds of the enforcement of the Security and monies standing to the credit of the Transaction Account and the Reserve Account and the Issuer's share of monies standing to the credit of the Trust Accounts to make payments in the following order of priority pursuant to and in accordance with, and as set out more fully in, the Deed of Charge:

- (i) *first*, to pay the remuneration then due and payable to the Trustee and any fees, costs, charges, liabilities and expenses incurred by the Trustee or any receiver appointed by the Trustee under the provisions of the Trust Deed, the Deed of Charge and/or any of the Transaction Documents together with interest as provided in the Trust Deed, the Deed of Charge and/or any of the Transaction Documents;
- (ii) second, to pay the remuneration then due and payable to the Agent Bank and the Paying Agents and any fees, costs, charges, liabilities and expenses incurred by them or by the Account Bank under the Bank Agreement (each as defined in the Class A Conditions and in the Class B Conditions) and/or any of the Transaction Documents together with interest as provided in the Trust Deed, the Deed of Charge and/or any of the Transaction Documents;
- (iii) third, to pay or provide for pari passu and pro rata (a) amounts,

including audit fees and company secretarial expenses (plus value added tax, if any), which are payable or expected to become due and payable by the Issuer to third parties and incurred without breach by the Issuer of its obligations under the Transaction Documents and not provided for payment elsewhere and (b) the Issuer's liability or possible liability for corporation tax;

- (iv) *fourth*, in or towards satisfaction of any fees due and payable to the Servicer and any costs, charges, expenses and liabilities incurred by the Servicer;
- (v) fifth, to pay pari passu and pro rata (a) all amounts due under the Interest Rate Swaps, (b) all amounts due under the Base Rate Swaps, (c) all amounts due under the LIBOR Swaps, (d) all amounts due under the Redraw Facility and (e) interest and principal and all other amounts due and payable in respect of the Class A Notes;
- (vi) *sixth*, to pay interest due and payable in respect of the Class M Notes and then principal and all other amounts due and payable in respect of the Class M Notes;
- (vii) *seventh*, to pay interest due and payable in respect of the Class B Notes and then principal and all other amounts due and payable in respect of the Class B Notes;
- (viii) *eighth*, to pay any interest and principal amounts due and payable under the Start-Up Loan Agreement;
- (ix) *ninth*, to pay *pro rata* and *pari passu* (a) sums due to Arianty as Arianty Deferred Purchase Consideration, (b) sums due to Britannic Money as Britannic Money Deferred Purchase Consideration and (c) sums due to First Active as First Active Deferred Purchase Consideration; and
- (x) *tenth*, to pay the surplus (if any) to the shareholders of the Issuer by way of dividends.

"Redemptions" means scheduled principal payments plus full and part principal repayments (including enforcement and insurance proceeds) under a Mortgage where the Borrower Loan Limit (as defined below) irrevocably reduces as a result of repayment ahead of the repayment plan used by Britannic Money to provide a baseline for the repayment of the Mortgage.

"Prepayments" means part principal repayments under a Mortgage where the Borrower Loan Limit (as defined in "The Mortgage Pool – The Provisional Mortgage Pool" below) does not change following prepayment ahead of the repayment plan used by Britannic Money to provide a baseline for the repayment of the Mortgage.

CREDIT STRUCTURE

Redraw Facility:

The Issuer will enter into a sterling revolving credit facility (the "Redraw Facility" which term will include any extended or replacement facility) with Barclays (the "Redraw Facility Provider" which term will include any replacement Redraw Facility Provider). The Redraw Facility may be utilised by the Issuer on any Interest Payment Date to fund the purchase of rights to repayment of Redraws (including Payment Holidays) (as defined below) with respect to Mortgages owned by the Issuer up to an amount calculated on such Interest Payment Date as the lower of (a) the difference between the Redraw Facility Limit (as defined in "Credit Structure – Redraw Facility" below) and the aggregate amount of

advances outstanding under the Redraw Facility which will not be repaid on such Interest Payment Date (the "Available Facility") and (b) the aggregate Principal Amount Outstanding of the Class A Notes on such Interest Payment Date. The Redraw Facility Provider will not be obliged to advance funds on any Interest Payment Date beyond such maximum amount. Amounts may only be drawn under the Redraw Facility if there are no amounts available for the purpose of purchasing the right to repayment of Redraws in accordance with the Priority of Payments.

The commitment of the Redraw Facility Provider under the Redraw Facility will expire on the Interest Payment Date falling in June 2034 subject to the Notes not having been redeemed earlier or enforcement of the Security in accordance with Condition 10 of the Class A Notes, the Class M Notes and the Class B Notes not having occurred (the "Redraw Commitment Expiry Date").

On each Interest Payment Date while Notes are outstanding, Britannic Money's or First Active's, as the case may be, rights with respect to any Redraws made by Borrowers during the immediately preceding Collection Period shall be assigned to the Issuer by Britannic Money or First Active, as the case may be, and the Issuer shall be obliged to purchase such rights up to an aggregate amount (the "Maximum Redraw Amount") equal to the amount available for such purpose in accordance with the Priority of Payments on such Interest Payment Date (including the amount of the Available Facility at such time under the Redraw Facility). A Payment Holiday is deemed to be a Redraw in respect of the increase in the principal balance of the Mortgage as a result of the capitalisation of the relevant Borrower's Overpayments (as defined under "The Mortgage Pool - The Provisional Mortgage Pool" below) in an amount equal to the Minimum Monthly Payments (as defined under "The Mortgage Pool – The Provisional Mortgage Pool" below) such Borrower would have had to make had the Borrower not taken a Payment Holiday.

Amounts standing to the credit of the Reserve Account may be invested under the Guaranteed Investment Contract or in Permitted Investments (each as defined in "Credit Structure" below). Amounts of interest earned on amounts standing to the credit of the Reserve Account shall be credited to the Transaction Account on or before each Interest Payment Date and applied in accordance with the Priority of Payments.

A Reserve Fund (as defined in "Credit Structure - Reserve Fund" below) will be established on the Issue Date using a tranche of the Start-Up Loan. All amounts representing a credit balance in the Reserve Ledger may be applied to meet items (i) to (vii) of the Priority of Payments provided that (A) whilst there are Class A Notes outstanding, the Reserve Fund shall only be applied to pay interest on the Class M Notes to the extent that such drawing does not result in the amount standing to the credit of the Reserve Fund being less than the lower of (1) £3,000,000 and (2) the Principal Amount Outstanding of the Class A Notes and (B) whilst there are Class M Notes outstanding, the Reserve Fund shall only be applied to pay interest on the Class B Notes to the extent that such drawing does not result in the amount standing to the credit of the Reserve Fund being less than the lower of (1) £3,000,000 and (2) the aggregate Principal Amount Outstanding of the Class A Notes and the Class M Notes. The Reserve Fund shall be replenished on each Interest Payment Date in accordance with the Priority of Payments up to the

Redraws:

Reserve Account:

Reserve Fund:

Reserve Fund Required Amount. If at any time the amount standing to the credit of the Reserve Fund exceeds the Reserve Fund Required Amount, the amount of such excess shall be debited from the Reserve Fund and credited to the Transaction Account for application in accordance with the Priority of Payments. The "Reserve Fund Required Amount" means, from and including the Issue Date to and excluding the first Interest Payment Date, £7,000,000 and thereafter, on each Interest Payment Date, the amount standing to the credit of the Reserve Fund on such Interest Payment Date (taking into account the application of such monies as are available in accordance with item (viii) of the Priority of Payments) provided that the amount standing to the credit of the Reserve Fund on any Interest Payment Date does not exceed 1.7% of the aggregate Principal Amount Outstanding of the Notes as at the Issue Date. If the Redraw Facility Provider ceases to have the Required Redraw Facility Provider Rating and a suitable replacement with the Required Redraw Facility Provider Rating is not appointed within 30 days, the Reserve Fund Required Amount on such day will be increased by the amount equal to the Available Facility under the Redraw Facility at such time. The Reserve Fund Required Amount shall subsequently be reduced by such amount on the day a Replacement Redraw Facility Provider is appointed.

Liquidity Reserve:

Reserve") on the occurrence of a Liquidity Trigger Event (as defined in "Priority of Payments – Pre-enforcement" above). The Liquidity Reserve may be applied to meet items (i) to (vii) of the Priority of Payments. All amounts representing a credit balance on the Liquidity Reserve shall be replenished on each Interest Payment Date in accordance with the Priority of Payments up to the Liquidity Reserve Required Amount. If at any time the amount representing a credit balance in the Liquidity Reserve exceeds the Liquidity Reserve Required Amount, the amount of such excess shall be debited from the Liquidity Reserve and credited to the Transaction Account for application in accordance with the Priority of Payments. The "Liquidity Reserve Required Amount" on any Interest Payment Date following a Liquidity Trigger Event, shall be the amount (if any) which is 3% of the aggregate Principal Amount Outstanding of the

A fund will be established in the Reserve Account (the "Liquidity

Hedge Reserve:

A Hedge Reserve (as defined in "Credit Structure – Interest Rate Hedging") will be established on the Issue Date using a tranche of the Start-Up Loan. All amounts representing a credit balance in the Hedge Reserve will be available to cover cash shortfalls arising as a result of the Interest Rate Caps (if any) not being perfect hedges. On each Interest Payment Date, any amounts relating to Interest Rate Caps that have expired shall be debited from the Hedge Reserve and credited to the Transaction Account for application in accordance with the Priority of Payments.

Notes minus the amount held (if any) as a credit balance in the

Base Rate Reserve:

A Base Rate Reserve (as defined in "Credit Structure – Base Rate Reserve" below) will be established using a tranche of the Start-Up Loan. All amounts representing a credit balance in the Base Rate Reserve will be available to cover any shortfalls resulting from the base rate applicable to Base Rate Linked Mortgages (as defined in "The Provisional Mortgage Pool – Rate of Interest" below) in respect of which no Base Rate Swaps (as defined in "Credit Structure – Interest Rate Hedging" below) have been entered into being set at a level more than 0.15% below Note LIBOR in respect of any Interest Period. The base rate applicable to Base Rate Linked Mortgages is

Reserve Fund at such time.

the Bank of England repo rate set from time to time by the Monetary Policy Committee of the Bank of England (the "Bank of England Base Rate"). The Base Rate Reserve shall be replenished on each Interest Payment Date in accordance with the Priority of Payments up to the Base Rate Reserve Required Amount (as defined in "Credit Structure – Base Rate Reserve" below). If on any Interest Payment Date the amount standing to the credit of the Base Rate Reserve exceeds the Base Rate Reserve Required Amount, the amount of such excess shall be debited from the Base Rate Reserve and credited to the Transaction Account for application in accordance with the Priority of Payments.

Discount Reserve:

A Discount Reserve (as defined in "Credit Structure – Discount **Reserve**" below) will be established on the Issue Date using a tranche of the Start-Up Loan. All amounts representing a credit balance in the Discount Reserve will be available to cover the aggregate of any Expected Differentials (as defined in "Credit Structure – Discount Reserve" below) resulting from Discounted Mortgages (as defined in "The Provisional Mortgage Pool – Rate of Interest" below). Each time a Pre-Funded Mortgage comprising a Discounted Mortgage is acquired by the Issuer, the Loan Expected Differential (as defined in "Credit Structure - Discount Reserve" below) arising from the future discount of such Pre-Funded Mortgage shall be credited to the Discount Reserve using amounts drawn under the Start-Up Loan. The Discount Reserve shall be replenished by the Issuer on each Interest Payment Date to cover the Expected Differentials arising from future discounts on any Further Mortgages, Substitute Mortgages and Further Advances which are, or relate to, Discounted Mortgages purchased on such Interest Payment Date by crediting the Discount Reserve and debiting the Transaction Account in accordance with the Priority of Payments. On each Interest Payment Date, the aggregate amount of any Loan Expected Differentials (as defined in "Credit Structure-Discount Reserve" below) allocated to Discounted Mortgages which have redeemed in the immediately preceding Interest Period shall be debited from the Discount Reserve and credited to the Transaction Account for application in accordance with the Priority of Payments.

Interest Rate Hedging:

Under the Threshold Rate mechanism described under "Credit Structure - Threshold Rate" below, the Servicer is obliged to procure in respect of each Interest Period that the interest expected to be received from the Mortgages in the Mortgage Pool during such Interest Period plus related amounts available as described below is equal to or greater than the amount produced by applying the Threshold Rate (as defined under "Credit Structure - Threshold Rate" below) to the aggregate outstanding balances of the Mortgages in the Mortgage Pool in respect of such Interest Period. Compliance with this requirement will be achieved through a combination of (i) initial hedges entered into with the Swap Counterparties, with the Cap Providers, with the LIBOR Swap Providers and with the Base Rate Swap Providers (each as defined under "Credit Structure - Interest Rate Hedging" below), (ii) reserves established to provide for potential interest shortfalls and (iii) the Servicer's ability to require the standard variable rate to be set in relation to each Standard Variable Rate Mortgage to ensure compliance with the Threshold Rate mechanism.

In the event that a Swap Counterparty or a Base Rate Swap Provider or a LIBOR Swap Provider is required for or on account of tax to withhold or deduct an amount from payments due from it to the Issuer, the relevant Swap Counterparty or, as the case may be, the relevant Base Rate Swap Provider or, as the case may be, the relevant LIBOR Swap Provider will not be required pursuant to the terms of the Interest Rate Swaps or the Base Rate Swaps or the LIBOR Swaps to gross up any payments due to the Issuer. However, the Issuer will in such circumstances have the right to terminate the Interest Rate Swaps or, as the case may be, the Base Rate Swaps or, as the case may be, the LIBOR Swaps and enter into replacement transactions.

The Issuer will enter into a start-up loan agreement (the "Start-Up Loan Agreement") with Britannic Money (the "Start-Up Loan Provider") pursuant to which a loan (the "Start-Up Loan") will be made available by Britannic Money to the Issuer in six tranches. The purpose of each tranche of the Start-Up Loan is specified in "Credit Structure – Start-Up Loan" below.

The Servicer will be entitled to invest cash from time to time standing to the credit of the Transaction Account and the Reserve Account in Permitted Investments (as defined in "Credit Structure – Permitted Investments" below) provided that each such Permitted Investment matures on or prior to the Interest Payment Date on which the cash represented by such Permitted Investment is required by the Issuer and that such investments are in the same currency as that of the cash used to make such investments. Permitted Investments shall not include investments in equity securities.

Start-Up Loan:

Permitted Investments:

CERTAIN SPECIAL CONSIDERATIONS

The following is a summary of certain aspects of the issue of the Notes about which prospective Noteholders should be aware. The summary is not intended to be exhaustive and prospective Noteholders should read the detailed information set out in the section below entitled "Credit Structure" and elsewhere in this document.

Warranties

The Issuer will have the benefit of (i) warranties given by Arianty as at the Issue Date in relation to the Mortgages (or, in the case of Pre-Funded Mortgages, Further Mortgages or Substitute Mortgages, as at the date such Mortgages are acquired by the Issuer) (ii) warranties given by Britannic Money in relation to the Mortgages as at the date of the sale of the Mortgages to Arianty under the Origination Mortgage Sale Agreement (or, in the case of Pre-Funded Mortgages, Further Mortgages or Substitute Mortgages, as at the date such Mortgages are acquired by the Issuer) (iii) warranties given by Britannic Money in relation to the Mortgages in its capacity as administrator under the Origination Administration Agreement with respect to the period between the date of sale of the Mortgages to Arianty under the Origination Mortgage Sale Agreement and the Issue Date (or, in the case of Pre-Funded Mortgages, Further Mortgages or Substitute Mortgages, as at the date they are acquired by the Issuer). Neither the Issuer nor the Trustee has undertaken or will undertake any investigations, searches or other actions in respect of the Mortgages, and each will rely instead on the warranties given by Arianty and Britannic Money in the Mortgage Sale Agreement (the "Warranties"). The sole remedy (save as described below) of each of the Issuer and the Trustee in respect of a breach of Warranty (see "The Mortgage Pool -Warranties and Repurchase" below) shall be the requirement that Arianty or Britannic Money repurchases or procures the repurchase of, or substitutes or procures the substitution of a similar Mortgage in replacement for, any Mortgage which is the subject of any breach, provided that this shall not limit any other remedies available to the Issuer and/or the Trustee if Arianty and/or Britannic Money fails to repurchase or procure the repurchase of, or substitute or procure the substitution of, a Mortgage when obliged to do so.

Where a Mortgage triggers a warranty breach by both Arianty and Britannic Money (the "Warrantors"), the Issuer may claim or, as the case may be, initiate claims against both of the Warrantors or either one of the Warrantors in respect of such breach.

Non-Verified Mortgages

3.47% of the Mortgages by drawn value in the Provisional Mortgage Pool, are Non-Verified Mortgages (representing an aggregate principal balance of approximately £16,259,634). There is no historical payment information with respect to the Non-Verified Mortgages. In relation to the Non-Verified Mortgages, to the extent that Arianty shall not have been able to verify receipt of the first payment of principal and/or interest by the relevant Borrower prior to the Issue Date, Arianty shall, pursuant to the Mortgage Sale Agreement, exclude such Mortgages from the Initial Mortgage Pool.

Non-Recourse Obligations

The Notes will be obligations solely of the Issuer and will not be guaranteed by, or be the responsibility of, any other entity. In particular, the Notes will not be obligations of, and will not be guaranteed by Arianty, First Active, Britannic Money, Britannic, the Trustee, RBS, Barclays, any other Manager, the Swap Counterparties, the Cap Providers, the Base Rate Swap Providers, the LIBOR Swap Providers, the Redraw Facility Provider or the GIC Provider. The Issuer will rely solely on payments in respect of amounts due under the Mortgages, the Reserve Account, the Transaction Account, the Redraw Facility, the Guaranteed Investment Contract and Permitted Investments to enable it to make payments in respect of the Notes.

Upon enforcement of the security for the Notes, the Trustee will have recourse only to the Mortgages and any other assets of the Issuer then in existence, including the Reserve Account, the Guaranteed Investment Contract, the Permitted Investments, the Transaction Account and the Issuer's interest in the Trust Accounts. Other than as provided in the Transaction Documents, the Issuer and the Trustee will have no recourse to Arianty, Britannic Money, Britannic, First Active or any other entity.

If, upon default by Borrowers and after the exercise by the Servicer of all available remedies in respect of the Mortgages, the Issuer does not receive the full amount due from those Borrowers, then Noteholders

may receive by way of principal repayment an amount less than the face value of their Notes and the Issuer may be unable to pay in full interest due on the Notes.

Collectability of Loans

The collectability of amounts due under the Mortgages is subject to credit, liquidity and interest rate risks and will generally fluctuate in response to, among other things, market interest rates, general economic conditions, the financial standing of Borrowers, the extent to which Borrowers make prepayments and Redraws under their Mortgages, and other similar factors. Other factors (which may not affect real property values) may have an impact on the ability of Borrowers to repay Mortgages. Loss of earnings, illness, divorce and other similar factors may lead to an increase in delinquencies and bankruptcy petitions by Borrowers and could ultimately have an adverse impact on the ability of Borrowers to repay Mortgages.

In addition, the ability of the Issuer to dispose of a property at a price sufficient to repay the amounts outstanding under the relevant Mortgage will depend upon the availability of buyers for the property.

Risks of Losses Associated with Declining Property Values

The security for the Notes consists of, *inter alia*, the Issuer's interest in the Mortgages. This security may be affected by, among other things, a decline in property values. No assurance can be given that values of the properties have remained or will remain at the level at which they were on the dates of origination of the related Mortgages. If the residential property market in the United Kingdom should experience an overall decline in property values, such a decline could in certain circumstances result in the value of the security created by the Mortgages being significantly reduced and, ultimately, may result in losses to the Noteholders if the security is required to be enforced.

Investors should be aware that, other than the valuation of properties undertaken as at origination (as more fully described in " $The\ Mortgage\ Pool\ -\ Valuation$ "), no revaluation of any property has been undertaken by Britannic Money and/or First Active, the Issuer, the Administrator, the Trustee or any other person for the purposes of the transactions described in this document.

Risk of Losses Associated with the Condition of the Private Rental Market and Non-Owner Occupied Properties

As 32.13% of Mortgages by drawn value in the Mortgage Pool relate to non-owner-occupied properties which are required to be let (save in the case of certain properties held as investments) by the relevant Borrowers, the security for the Notes may also be affected by the condition of the private residential rental market in the United Kingdom. The condition of the market will influence both the ability of the Borrower to find tenants and the level of rental which may be achieved in any letting.

It is a requirement (save in the case of certain properties held as investments) that non-owner-occupied properties will be let by the relevant Borrower to tenants but there can be no guarantee that each such property will be the subject of an existing tenancy when the relevant Mortgage is acquired by the Issuer or that any tenancy which is granted will subsist throughout the life of the Mortgage and/or that the rental income achievable from tenancies of the relevant property will be sufficient to provide the Borrower with sufficient income to meet the Borrower's obligations in respect of the Mortgage.

Upon enforcement of a Mortgage in respect of a property which is the subject of an existing tenancy, the Servicer may not be able to obtain vacant possession of that property in which case the Servicer will only be able to sell the property as an investment property with one or more tenants. This may affect the amount which the Servicer could realise upon enforcement of the Mortgage and a sale of the relevant property. However, enforcement procedures in relation to such Mortgages include appointing a receiver of rent, in which case such a receiver must collect any rents payable in respect of such property and apply them accordingly in payment of any interest and arrears accruing under the Mortgage.

Enforcement

In order to enforce a power of sale in respect of an English property, the relevant mortgagee (which may be Britannic Money, First Active, the Issuer or the Trustee) must first obtain possession of the property. Possession is usually obtained by way of a court order although this can be a lengthy and costly process and will involve the mortgagee assuming certain risks. See "The Mortgage Pool – English Mortgages – Enforcement" below for further details in respect of the enforcement process and related risks applicable in England and Wales.

In relation to the enforcement of Scottish and Northern Irish Mortgages, see "The Mortgage Pool – Scottish Mortgages" and "The Mortgage Pool – Northern Irish Mortgages" below.

Geographic Concentration of Mortgaged Properties

Certain geographic regions will from time to time experience weaker regional economic conditions and housing markets than will other regions and, consequently, will experience higher rates of loss and delinquency on mortgage loans generally. There are concentrations of properties within certain regional areas which may present risk considerations in addition to those generally present for similar mortgage loan asset backed securities without such concentrations. See "The Mortgage Pool – Characteristics of the Provisional Mortgage Pool" below.

Endowment Mortgages and Life Cover

In the case of Endowment Mortgages, although the Borrower is required to take out a policy of endowment life assurance, neither Britannic Money nor Arianty has verified that such a policy of endowment life assurance has been taken out by each Borrower. Neither Britannic Money nor Arianty has taken security over such policy of endowment life assurance.

In relation to all Mortgages, applicants are requested to ensure that they have adequate life cover in place to repay the advance in the event of their death prior to the end of the Mortgage term. Such life cover is not secured in favour of Arianty or Britannic Money.

Risk of Losses Associated with Interest Only Mortgages

Approximately 51.24% of the Mortgages in the Provisional Mortgage Pool by value of drawn balances constitute "Interest Only Mortgages" (see "The Mortgage Pool – Characteristics of the Provisional Mortgage Pool" below). Interest Only Mortgages are originated with a requirement that the Borrower pay scheduled interest payments only. There is no scheduled amortisation of principal. Consequently, upon the maturity of an Interest Only Mortgage, the Borrower will be required to make a "bullet" payment that will represent the entirety of the principal amount outstanding. The ability of such a Borrower to repay an Interest Only Mortgage at maturity frequently may depend on such Borrower's ability to obtain funds from another source, the financial condition of the Borrower, tax laws and general economic conditions at the time.

Perfection of Title

The sale by Arianty to the Issuer of the Mortgages will only be perfected in certain circumstances. Until such time, neither the Issuer nor the Trustee will acquire legal title to any of the Mortgages. Prior to the Issuer obtaining legal title to the Mortgages, a bona fide purchaser from Arianty, Britannic Money and/or First Active for value of any such Mortgage without notice of the interest of the Issuer or the Trustee might obtain a good title free of any such interest. However, the risk of third party claims obtaining priority to the interest of the Issuer or the Trustee will be likely to be limited to circumstances arising from a breach by Arianty, Britannic Money and/or First Active of its contractual obligations or fraud, negligence or mistake on the part of Arianty, Britannic Money and/or First Active. These and other issues relating to title are described further under "Mortgage Pool – Title to the Mortgage Pool" below.

Yield and Prepayment Considerations

The yield to maturity of the Notes of each class will depend on, *inter alia*, the amount and timing of payment of principal (including Prepayments, Redemptions before the end of the mortgage term, Redraws, acquisitions of Further Mortgages, sale proceeds arising on enforcement of a Mortgage and repurchases or substitutions of Mortgages by Arianty due to, *inter alia*, breaches of any of the Warranties) on the Mortgages and the price paid by the holders of the Notes. Such yield may be adversely affected by a higher or lower than anticipated rate of prepayments on the Mortgages.

It will also be affected by the fact that 99.12% of Mortgages by value of drawn balances in the Mortgage Pool as at 30 April 2002 provide the relevant Borrower with the option to redraw a portion of the principal of its Mortgage (or, subject to the consent of Britannic Money or First Active, as applicable, take a Payment Holiday) (each a "Redraw") if and to the extent that such Borrower has previously made prepayments on its Mortgage in excess of the scheduled principal repayments and has not previously redrawn the whole of such excess payments. However, the amount of such Redraw is limited to ensure that the outstanding balance of the Mortgage after such Redraw is no greater than the principal balance

of the Mortgage which would have been outstanding at such time if the Borrower had made payments in accordance with the repayment plan used by Britannic Money or First Active, as applicable, to provide a baseline for repayment of the Mortgage. The Issuer shall be obliged to purchase Redraws up to an amount equal to the sum of (a) amounts available for the purpose in accordance with the Priority of Payments, and (b) the lower of (i) the Available Facility at such time under the Redraw Facility (as defined in "Credit Structure – Redraw Facility" below) and (ii) the aggregate Principal Amount Outstanding of the Class A Notes.

Redemptions before the end of a mortgage term may be as a result of a Borrower voluntarily refinancing or selling the relevant property or as a result of enforcement proceedings under the relevant Mortgages, as well as the receipt of proceeds from buildings insurance and life insurance policies (where relevant). In addition, repurchases of Mortgages required to be made under the Mortgage Sale Agreement will have the same effect as early redemption of such Mortgages.

The rates of Redemption and Prepayment and the amount of Redraws by Borrowers cannot be predicted and are influenced by a wide variety of economic, social and other factors, including prevailing mortgage market interest rates, the availability of alternative financing, local and regional economic conditions and homeowner mobility. Therefore, no assurance can be given as to the level of Prepayments, Redemptions and Redraws that the Mortgage Pool will experience (see "Estimated Average Lives of the Class A Notes, the Class M Notes and the Class B Notes" below).

Set Off

As described under "The Mortgage Pool - Title to the Mortgage Pool" below, pursuant to the Origination Mortgage Sale Agreement, Britannic Money or First Active, as applicable, made an equitable assignment of the Mortgages to Arianty (or, in relation to Scottish Mortgages, Britannic Money has granted a declaration of trust, as supplemented from time to time in favour of Arianty). Arianty will on the Issue Date make an equitable assignment of all of its interests in the Mortgages except the Scottish Mortgages to the Issuer with legal title in the Mortgages being retained by Britannic Money and First Active, as applicable. In relation to Scottish Mortgages, Britannic Money will, at the direction and with the consent of Arianty, declare a trust over the Scottish Mortgages in favour of the Issuer (the "Scottish Trust"). As a result, the rights of the Issuer and the Trustee (as assignees or, in Scotland, as beneficiary or security holder respectively) may be or become subject to the direct rights of the Borrower against Britannic Money or First Active, as applicable, including rights of set-off existing prior to notification to the Borrowers of the sale of the Mortgages. Such set-off rights may arise, in particular, if Britannic Money or First Active, as the case may be, is unable to advance to a Borrower a Redraw to which the Borrower is contractually entitled (notwithstanding that Britannic Money and First Active covenant in the Mortgage Sale Agreement to Arianty, the Issuer and the Trustee to comply with the terms of each Mortgage). In this event, the relevant Borrower may be able to exercise an equitable right to set off any damages claim arising from Britannic Money's or First Active's, as the case may be, breach of contract against principal and/or interest under the relevant Mortgage as and when it becomes due.

The amount of the Borrower's damages claim will, in many cases, be the cost to the Borrower of finding an alternative source of finance: the Borrower may obtain a loan elsewhere and the damages will be any difference in the borrowing costs together with any consequential losses, namely the associated costs of obtaining alternative funds (for example, legal fees and survey fees). If the Borrower is unable to obtain an alternative loan, he may have a damages claim in respect of other losses arising from Britannic Money's or First Active's, as the case may be, breach of contract where there are special circumstances communicated by the Borrower to Britannic Money or First Active, as the case may be, at the time the Mortgage was taken out. In either case, the damages claim will be limited by general legal principles concerning remoteness of loss and mitigation. These include (i) the principle that something which is a real possibility but would only occur in a small minority of cases will not usually fall within the contractual measure of damages, and (ii) the Borrower's duty to mitigate his loss. There is also a practical risk that a Borrower may purport to set-off against his mortgage payments an amount greater than the amount of his damages claim. In such a case, the Issuer will be entitled to take enforcement proceedings against the Borrower, although the period of non-payment by the Borrower is likely to continue until a judgment is obtained.

In addition, a Borrower may have entered or the situation may arise in the future where a Borrower may enter into two or more mortgages with Britannic Money or First Active, as the case may be, two or more of which have been purchased by Arianty and at least one of which is an Investment Home Loan. If Arianty assigns some but not all of these mortgages to the Issuer and Britannic Money or First Active, as the case may be, is subsequently unable to fund a Redraw to which the Borrower is contractually entitled

under a mortgage not assigned to the Issuer, the Borrower may still be able to set off the damages claim in respect of such breach against sums due under the Borrower's other mortgages that have been assigned to the Issuer, where the damages claim becomes liquidated before notice of assignment is given to the Borrower.

It is unlikely in practice that the Borrower's damages claim will become liquidated before a notice of the sale of the Mortgages is given to the Borrower as the Issuer and the Trustee are entitled to give notice immediately in the circumstances described in "Title to the Mortgage Pool" above including, *inter alia*, the possible insolvency of Arianty and/or Britannic Money and/or First Active.

In relation to Scottish Mortgages it is arguable that, in the event of such a damages claim arising against Britannic Money, the relevant Borrower would still be entitled to set off the claim against his mortgage payments even after receipt of notice of the making of the Scottish Trust on the basis that the two obligations are interdependent under a single contract and that the Borrower accordingly has a right of retention which will subsist until Britannic Money performs its own obligations under the relevant Scottish Mortgage. Such a right of retention may be excluded by agreement between the parties to the relevant contract however, and it is possible that the mortgage conditions applicable to the Scottish Mortgages are sufficient in their terms to exclude such a right. If this is correct the Borrower's rights to set off will be terminated on receipt of notice of the making of the Scottish Trust as indicated above (except to the extent that any such right existed prior to the giving of the notice).

The exercise of set-off rights by Borrowers will reduce the incoming cash flow to the Issuer during the period of such set-off and, if the aggregate amount set off is sufficiently large, may reduce or prevent payments due under the Notes. The total credit enhancement (see "Credit Structure" below for a discussion of the various enhancements) for the transaction has been established with the Rating Agencies at a level which takes into account this set-off risk.

In addition, Britannic Money and First Active will grant to the Issuer a power of attorney which would (including on the insolvency of Britannic Money or First Active, as applicable) enable the Issuer to advance to Borrowers Redraws on behalf of and in the name of Britannic Money or First Active, as applicable, in an amount up to the Maximum Redraw Amount and Britannic Money and First Active have agreed to assign the right to repayment of such Redraws to the Issuer on the immediately succeeding Interest Payment Date.

Value Added Tax Group

The Issuer applied to become a member of the value added tax group otherwise comprising Arianty No. 1 plc, Arianty No. 2 plc, Arianty Holdings Limited, Arianty Services Limited and First Flexible No. 4 plc (the "VAT Group") for the purposes of Section 43 of the Value Added Taxes Act 1994. The Issuer has subsequently applied for its exclusion from the VAT Group.

The representative member of the VAT Group (being the VAT Group member in whose name the registration is made and who is primarily responsible for completing VAT returns and paying/reclaiming VAT on behalf of the VAT Group) is Arianty Services Limited. Each member of the VAT Group, including the Issuer, is jointly and severally liable for any VAT (including interest and penalties) due from the representative member to H.M. Customs & Excise in connection with any supplies which are subject to VAT made by the VAT Group. The Issuer applied for its exclusion from the VAT Group on 3 May 2002, and will cease to be a member of the VAT Group from the date that application was received by H.M. Customs & Excise unless the application is refused by H.M. Customs & Excise within 90 days of such receipt. The application will not relieve the Issuer from any VAT liabilities of the VAT Group arising before the date of its exclusion from the VAT Group.

The Issuer believes the VAT liabilities of the VAT Group to amount to approximately £860.00 for the period up to 3 May 2002. The Issuer expects that such liabilities will be discharged by Arianty Services Limited. Following the discharge of such liabilities and provided that the Issuer is excluded from the VAT Group from the date on which the application was received by H.M. Customs & Excise, the Issuer expects its liabilities in respect of its membership of the VAT Group to be zero. The Issuer also considers it unlikely that H.M. Customs & Excise will refuse to accept its application for exclusion from the VAT Group. In the event that H.M. Customs & Excise refuse to accept such application, the Issuer will remain a member of the VAT Group and, as such, remain jointly and severally liable for the VAT due from the representative member, although the Issuer has covenanted in Condition 3 of the Class A Conditions, the Class M Conditions and the Class B Conditions to take such steps as may be required so that the then current rating of the Notes will not be adversely affected by such continued membership of the VAT Group.

The Issuer has also covenanted to procure that no other company will become a member of the VAT Group before the later of 31 August 2002 and the day after the date on which the Issuer ceases to be a member of the VAT Group.

Limited Secondary Market for Mortgages

The ability of the Issuer to redeem all of the Notes in full, including following the occurrence of an Event of Default (as defined in "Description of Notes – Terms and Conditions of the Notes") in relation to the Notes while any of the Mortgages are still outstanding may depend upon whether the Mortgages can be realised to obtain an amount sufficient to redeem the Notes. There is not, at present, an active and liquid secondary market for mortgages of the type being acquired by the Issuer in the United Kingdom. The Issuer, and following the occurrence of an Event of Default, the Trustee, may not, therefore, be able to sell the Mortgages to realise a sufficient amount to redeem the Notes in full.

Proposed EU Savings Tax Directive

On 13 December 2001, the Council of the European Union published a revised draft directive regarding the taxation of savings income. Subject to a number of important conditions being met, it is proposed that Member States will be required to provide to the tax authorities of another Member State details of payments of interest or other similar income paid by a person within its jurisdiction to or for the benefit of an individual resident in that other Member State, except that Belgium, Luxembourg and Austria will instead operate a withholding system for a transitional period of seven years in relation to such payments. The revised draft directive is not yet final and may be subject to further amendment. Consequently, it is not possible to predict what effect, if any, the adoption of the directive would have on the Notes or on the payments of principal or interest on the Notes.

European Monetary Union

It is possible that, prior to the maturity of the Notes, the United Kingdom may become a participating Member State in European Economic and Monetary Union and the euro may become the lawful currency of the United Kingdom. In that event (i) all amounts payable in respect of the Notes may become payable in euro; (ii) applicable provisions of law may allow the Issuer to redenominate the Notes into euro and take additional measures in respect of the Notes; and/or (iii) the introduction of the euro as the lawful currency of the United Kingdom may result in the disappearance of published or displayed rates for deposits in sterling used to determine the rates of interest on the Notes or changes in the way those rates are calculated, quoted, published or displayed. If the Notes are outstanding at a time when the euro becomes the lawful currency of the United Kingdom, the Issuer intends to make payment on the Notes in accordance with the then market practice of payment of such debts. It cannot be said with certainty what effect, if any, adoption of the euro by the United Kingdom will have on investors in the Notes.

Conflict between classes of Noteholders

The Trust Deed and the Deed of Charge contain provisions requiring the Trustee to have regard to the interests of the Class A Noteholders, the Class M Noteholders and the Class B Noteholders (each as defined below) as regards all powers, trusts, authorities, duties and discretions of the Trustee (except where expressly provided otherwise) but requiring the Trustee in any such case to have regard only to the interests of (i) the Class A Noteholders if, in the Trustee's opinion, there is or may be a conflict between the interests of the Class A Noteholders and the interests of the Class M Noteholders, the Class B Noteholders and/or any persons entitled to the benefit of the Security (as defined in the Trust Deed); (ii) if there are no Class A Notes outstanding, the Class M Noteholders if, in the Trustee's opinion, there is or may be a conflict between the interests of the Class M Noteholders and the interests of the Class B Noteholders and the other persons entitled to the benefit of the Security; and (iii) if there are no Class M Notes outstanding, the Class B Noteholders if, in the Trustee's opinion, there is or may be a conflict between the interests of the Class B Noteholders and the interests of the other persons entitled to the benefit of the Security.

Regulatory Considerations

A general description of the regulatory environment affecting the UK residential mortgage market is set out herein under "Regulation of the UK Residential Mortgage Market".

The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000

The FSMA prohibits any person from carrying on a "regulated activity" in the United Kingdom, or purporting to do so, unless he is an authorised person or an exempt person and provides that, in certain circumstances, an agreement made after 30 November 2001 by a person in the course of carrying on a regulated activity in contravention of this prohibition is unenforceable against the other party and a criminal offence may be committed.

H.M. Treasury has made the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Regulated Activities) Order 2001 (the "Regulated Activities Order"). Article 61 of the Regulated Activities Order currently contemplates that each of (i) administering a "regulated mortgage contract" (as defined below under "Regulation of the UK Residential Mortgage Market") where the contract was entered into by way of business after the coming into force of Article 61 and (ii) entering into a regulated mortgage contract as lender, will become activities which, if carried on by way of business, are "regulated activities" for the purposes of the FSMA. Article 61 has not yet come into force although the Regulated Activities Order currently provides that it is to come into force in September 2002. On 12 December 2001, H.M. Treasury announced its proposal that arranging and advising on regulated mortgage contracts should also become regulated activities for the purposes of the FSMA and that, as a result, the Financial Services Authority (the "FSA") would need to re-consult on mortgage regulation generally. In February 2002, H.M. Treasury issued a consultation document entitled "Regulating Mortgages" which attached draft legislation to amend the Regulated Activities Order to implement its proposal of 12 December 2001 by specifying two new regulated activities, namely arranging for another person to enter into or vary the terms of a regulated mortgage contract and advising a person on entering into or varying the terms of a regulated mortgage contract. The consultation document states that H.M. Treasury does not propose to amend the existing provisions of Article 61 except where necessary to regulate these two proposed regulated activities. The consultation document also states that the likely date for Article 61 and the new regulatory regime to come into effect is now envisaged to be in the second guarter of 2004 and not September 2002.

Given that a number of matters remain to be determined (in particular, the final form which the proposals described above will eventually take, what changes may be made to Article 61 as a result and the timetable in which the amended legislation to implement these proposals will come into effect), there can be no assurance that they will not affect the Issuer, the Noteholders, the Mortgages, or any Further Advances or Redraws made under the Mortgages.

The Regulated Activities Order sets out an exclusion to the provisions of Article 61. This states that a person who is not an authorised person does not carry on the regulated activity of administering a regulated mortgage contract as described above where he (i) arranges for another person, being an authorised person with permission to carry on an activity of that kind, to administer the contract or (ii) administers the contract himself during a period of not more than one month beginning with the day on which any such arrangement comes to an end.

The Issuer does not itself propose to be an authorised person under the FSMA and so if, and when, Article 61 comes into force in its current form it will mean that the Servicer or any substitute servicer will need to be authorised to administer the Mortgages to enable the Issuer to take advantage of the exclusion referred to in the previous paragraph. As a result, the Servicing Agreement will contain an undertaking on the part of the Servicer to the effect that, to the extent that the services which it has agreed in the Servicing Agreement to perform require it or the Issuer to obtain any authorisation under the FSMA and/or the Regulated Activities Order, the Servicer will obtain, and use its reasonable endeavours to keep in force, such an authorisation in respect of itself. The Servicing Agreement will also provide that the appointment of the Servicer will, unless the Issuer and the Trustee agree otherwise, be terminated with immediate effect if at any time the Servicer does not have any authorisation under the FSMA and/or the Regulated Activities Order which it is required to have in order to perform the services which it has agreed in the Servicing Agreement to perform without it or the Issuer carrying on a regulated activity in circumstances where the Issuer is itself not so authorised.

It is also possible that under Article 61 the provision of any further advance under a mortgage could, depending on the circumstances in which it is made, constitute entering into a regulated mortgage contract as lender. As a result, as and when Article 61 comes into effect, unless certain authorisation requirements are complied with, a Further Advance in respect of a Mortgage made after the date on which Article 61 comes into effect, could, if the circumstances are such that the Issuer may be said to be entering into a regulated mortgage contract as lender, be unenforceable in whole or in part against the borrower and/or result in the Issuer carrying on a regulated activity when neither authorised to do so

nor exempt from authorisation. It will be a condition to the making of any Further Advance by the Issuer (or the Servicer or Arianty, on its behalf) in respect of a Mortgage that the making of that advance will not involve the Issuer in carrying on a regulated activity in the United Kingdom if the Issuer would be required to be authorised under the FSMA to do so but is not at the relevant time so authorised.

Financial Services Authority and the Office of Fair Trading

No assurance can be given that the Office of Fair Trading (the "OFT"), the FSA or any other regulatory authority will not in the future take action, or that future adverse regulatory developments will not arise, with regard to the mortgage market in the UK generally, the Servicer's or Arianty's particular sector in that market or specifically in relation to the Servicer or Arianty. Any such action or developments may have a material adverse effect on the Issuer and/or the Servicer and their respective businesses and operations. In particular, the cost of compliance with any such regulation, action or requirement may adversely affect the ability of the Issuer to meet its financial obligations under the Notes.

Unfair Terms in Consumer Contracts Regulations 1994 and 1999

The Unfair Terms in Consumer Contracts Regulations 1999 (the "**Regulations**"), which together with the Unfair Terms in Consumer Contracts Regulations 1994 apply to agreements made on or after 1 July 1995 and affect all or almost all of the Mortgages, provide that (a) a consumer may challenge a term in an agreement on the basis that it is "unfair" within the Regulations and therefore not binding on the consumer and (b) the Director General of Fair Trading and any "qualifying body" may seek to injunct (or in Scotland, interdict) a business against relying on unfair terms.

This will not generally affect "core terms" which set out the main subject-matter of the contract (for example, the Borrower's obligation to repay the principal) but may affect terms deemed to be ancillary terms, which may well include the ability to choose a substitute for LIBOR where LIBOR cannot be determined under the Mortgage Loan and other terms the application of which are in the lender's discretion, or the ability to impose a charge upon redemption by reference to the early redemption charges. See "Administration of the Mortgage Pool – Redemption".

In February 2000, the OFT issued a guidance note (the "Guidance Note") on what the OFT considers to be "fair" or "unfair" within the Unfair Terms and Consumer Contracts Regulation 1999 (see further below) for interest variation terms. The OFT considers unrestricted interest variation terms in mortgages to be unfair where consumers are "locked in". Restrictions, on the mortgage lender's discretion to vary rates, that the OFT considers could make the interest rate variation term fair include:

- (a) an explicit link to an external rate, or index or openly marketed rate, for example a term that provides for the mortgage rate to be at a fixed margin above LIBOR for any period during which the rate is variable and there is a "lock in" of some sort (for example an early repayment charge); or
- (b) a floor or cap with reference to an external rate or index or openly marketed rate, so that again there is a link to an independently set rate/index but with some room to vary the rate below the cap.

It is a condition of the Mortgages that at the end of any discounted or fixed rate period the interest rate under a Mortgage will revert to either Britannic Money's standard variable rate or to a rate that is linked to LIBOR or the Bank of England Base Rate. On this basis, the Issuer considers that the terms of the Mortgages fall within the situations which the OFT considers are "fair".

The OFT has however recently withdrawn the Guidance for review. A revised version is expected to be published by the OFT or by the FSA later this month. There is currently therefore no official guidance, although the February 2000 Guidance, pending publication of any further guidance does provide an indication of how the OFT may approach the matter.

UK Insolvency Law

Potential Change of Law – Company Voluntary Arrangement

The Insolvency Act 2000 introduced significant changes to the UK insolvency regime, some of which have not yet been brought into effect. Amongst those not yet brought into effect are provisions allowing "small" companies to obtain protection from their creditors for a period of 28 days as part of the company voluntary arrangement procedure with the option for the company and its creditors to extend the protection period for a further two months.

During this period, no insolvency procedures may be commenced in relation to the company, any security created by the company over its property cannot be enforced and no other legal process can be taken in relation to the company except with the consent of the Court.

A company may continue to make payments in respect of its debts in existence before the beginning of the moratorium only if there are reasonable grounds for believing such payments will benefit the company and the payment is approved by either the moratorium committee of the creditors of the company or, if none, by a nominee of the company appointed under the provisions of the Insolvency Act 2000.

For the purposes of the Insolvency Act 2000, a "small company" is defined as one which satisfies two or more of the following criteria: (i) its turnover is not more than £2.8 million; (ii) its balance sheet total is not more than £1.4 million; and (iii) the number of its employees is not more than 50.

For as long as the turnover of the Issuer is greater than £2.8 million and its balance sheet total is greater than £1.4 million, the Issuer will not be regarded as a "small" company under the law as it is currently intended to come into effect. The Secretary of State for Trade and Industry may by regulation in the future modify the eligibility requirements for the applicability of the Insolvency Act 2000, including altering the definition of "small" company so that the Issuer comes within such definition.

The Secretary of State is expected to propose draft regulations excluding the applicability of the "small company" provisions of the Insolvency Act 2000 to companies entering into certain types of capital markets transactions and companies with liabilities in excess of a stated threshold. These draft regulations are not yet settled, may or may not be enacted and may or may not exempt the Issuer from these provisions.

Potential Change of Law – Administrative Receivership

The Government announced its intention in a White Paper issued in July 2001 to reform the existing UK insolvency regime. On 26 March 2002 the Enterprise Bill was introduced to Parliament.

The Enterprise Bill proposes certain changes to existing UK insolvency laws including prohibiting the appointment of administrative receivers by secured creditors. The holder of a qualifying floating charge over a company's property would have the right (if it chose) to appoint an administrator of the company instead. However, by way of exception, the Enterprise Bill preserves the right of the holder of a floating charge (or a combination of a floating charge and one or more other forms of security) over the whole or substantially the whole of a company's property to appoint an administrative receiver, where the charge was created before a date to be appointed by the Secretary of State by statutory instrument (the "Grandfathering Exception"). Based on a press release made on 9 November 2001 by the Secretary of State, the appointment date is expected to be a date on or after that on which the relevant provisions in the Enterprise Bill come into force.

The Enterprise Bill also preserves the right of the holder of a qualifying floating charge to appoint an administrative receiver in relation to certain capital market arrangements where a party incurs or is expected to incur a debt of at least £50 million under the arrangement and the arrangement involves the issue of a capital market investment (the "Capital Market Exception"). The transactions contemplated by the Issuer in this Offering Circular should fall within this exception.

Were the appointment date for the purposes of the Grandfathering Exception to be a date before the Deed of Charge was entered into or the Enterprise Bill to be enacted in a form where the Capital Market Exception did not apply, then the Trustee might not be able to enforce the Deed of Charge by appointing an administrative receiver with respect to the Issuer. If an administrator or other insolvency official (other than an administrative receiver or a receiver) were appointed in relation to the Issuer, such administrator or other insolvency official might not have regard solely to the interests of the secured creditors and may have regard to other unsecured creditors of the Issuer (if any). The Issuer as a special purpose company has, however, agreed not to incur any indebtedness other than to the secured creditors.

It is not possible to determine whether such proposed changes to the UK insolvency regime will be enacted in the form described above, or if enacted in a different form whether they would have a detrimental effect on the transactions described in this Offering Circular and the interests of Noteholders.

CREDIT STRUCTURE

FLEXIBLE MORTGAGES

Approximately 99.12% of the Initial Mortgages by value of drawn balances provide Borrowers with the option to make Redraws in the circumstances described in "Summary – The Mortgages" above. On each Interest Payment Date, Britannic Money and/or First Active, as applicable, shall sell the right to repayment of Redraws to the Issuer and the Issuer shall be obliged to purchase such rights up to an aggregate amount (the "Maximum Redraw Amount") equal to the sum of (a) amounts available for the purpose in accordance with the Priority of Payments and (b) the lower of (i) the Available Facility at such time under the Redraw Facility and (ii) the aggregate Principal Amount Outstanding of the Class A Notes.

If on any Determination Date, the aggregate amount of Redraws made by Borrowers during the immediately preceding Collection Period exceeds the Maximum Redraw Amount, the Issuer shall at its option be entitled to redeem the Notes in whole (not in part) on the second Interest Payment Date after such Determination Date in accordance with Class A Condition 5(f), Class M Condition 5(f) and Class B Condition 5(f).

SUBSTITUTION PERIOD

The period commencing on (and including) the Issue Date and ending on the earlier of (i) the Interest Payment Date falling in July 2005, (ii) enforcement of the Security in accordance with Class A Condition 10, Class M Condition 10 and Class B Condition 10, (iii) removal of Britannic Money as Servicer in accordance with the Servicing Agreement unless the Servicer is replaced by the Standby Servicer, (iv) the date on which the Notes are redeemed in full and (v) the date on which the Redraw Facility becomes fully drawn, shall be designated the "Substitution Period". The Substitution Period is the only period during which Further Mortgages may be sold by Arianty to the Issuer. The Issuer may, by giving no less than 5 Business Days' notice to the Trustee, the Noteholders and the Servicer, elect to shorten the Substitution Period provided that it ends on an Interest Payment Date. The Interest Payment Date to which such notice from the Issuer relates will be the last day of the Substitution Period.

Mortgages which qualify as Further Mortgages shall be subject to various conditions, including interest rate type in order to ensure adequate hedging protection as set out in "The Mortgage Pool – Further Mortgages" below.

Arianty may not offer a Further Mortgage to the Issuer if the aggregate outstanding principal balances of the Mortgages comprising the Mortgage Pool on the immediately preceding Determination Date and the outstanding principal balance of the Further Mortgage offered plus the aggregate Potential Redraw Amount with respect to the Mortgages comprising the Mortgage Pool on the immediately preceding Determination Date and the Potential Redraw Amount with respect to the Further Mortgage offered is equal to or exceeds the sum of (i) the aggregate outstanding principal balance of the Mortgages comprising the Mortgage Pool and (ii) the aggregate Potential Redraw Amount with respect to such Mortgages, each as at the Determination Date immediately preceding the last Interest Payment Date.

BORROWER COMMITMENT FEES

As at 30 April 2002, 99.12% by value of drawn balances of the Initial Mortgages were Flexible Mortgages (as defined in "The Mortgage Pool" below). As at 30 April 2002, Borrowers of 99.72% by number and 99.81% by value of the Flexible Mortgages were bound to pay a Commitment Fee in the circumstances set out below. If a Borrower under a Flexible Mortgage prepays his Mortgage Loan in excess of the relevant Repayment Plan (as defined in "The Provisional Mortgage Pool – Flexible Mortgages" below) then on any date when the aggregate principal amount of such prepayments less any Redraws made by such Borrower up to such date ("Net Prepayments") is greater than a predetermined percentage of the Borrower Loan Limit set by Britannic Money or First Active, as applicable, (such predetermined percentage being no more than 20% as at the Issue Date and the excess over the predetermined percentage of the Borrower Loan Limit being referred to as the "Excess Amount"), such Borrower will be obliged to pay a percentage set by Britannic Money or First Active, as applicable, of the Excess Amount by way of an annual commitment fee (the "Commitment Fee") (such predetermined percentage being no less than 1% of the Excess Amount). Any Commitment Fee payable by a Borrower will belong to the Issuer, will be credited to the Transaction Account and will be available for application in accordance with the Priority of Payments. Britannic Money or First Active, as applicable, may, but is not obliged to,

vary the percentage of the Borrower Loan Limit used in determining the Excess Amount (but not above 20%) and the size of the Commitment Fee (but not below 1%).

USE OF LEDGERS

A Principal Deficiency Ledger will be established in order to record the principal deficiency (if any) (a "Principal Deficiency") on the day which is eight Business Days preceding each Interest Payment Date (each a "Determination Date") calculated by deducting from the "Liabilities" expected to exist as at close of business on the immediately succeeding Interest Payment Date, the "Assets" expected to exist as at close of business on the immediately succeeding Interest Payment Date (after having made all payments in accordance with the Priority of Payments) where "Liabilities" means:

- (a) the aggregate Principal Amount Outstanding of the Notes on the last day of the immediately preceding Collection Period; less
- (b) the amount allocated in the Priority of Payments to redemption of the Notes under item (xiv) on the immediately succeeding Interest Payment Date; plus
- (c) the aggregate principal amount outstanding under the Redraw Facility on the last day of the immediately preceding Collection Period; plus
- (d) the amount by which the aggregate principal amount outstanding under the Redraw Facility is expected to increase on the immediately succeeding Interest Payment Date as a result of the purchase of the right to repayment of Redraws; less
- (e) the amount allocated in the Priority of Payments to repayment of principal amounts outstanding under the Redraw Facility under item (xi) on the immediately succeeding Interest Payment Date,

and "Assets" means:

- (a) the aggregate outstanding principal balances of the Mortgages (including amounts receivable in respect of claims under property related insurance policies) on the last day of the immediately preceding Collection Period; plus
- (b) the aggregate principal amount of the Redraws the right of repayment of which are to be purchased on the immediately succeeding Interest Payment Date; plus
- (c) the amount, if any, allocated in the Priority of Payments to credit the Liquidity Reserve up to the Liquidity Reserve Required Amount under item (ix) on the immediately succeeding Interest Payment Date plus the amount already standing to the credit of the Liquidity Reserve on such date; plus
- (d) the amount allocated in the Priority of Payments to purchase Further Advances under item (xii) on the immediately succeeding Interest Payment Date; plus
- (e) the amount allocated in the Priority of Payments to purchase Further Mortgages under item (xiii) on the immediately succeeding Interest Payment Date; plus
- (f) the amount standing to the credit of the Pre-Funded Ledger,

provided that the Principal Deficiency shall never be less than zero.

In addition, ledgers will be established (as described in "Credit Structure – Reserve Account" below) to record the amount from time to time standing to the credit of the Reserve Fund (the "Reserve Ledger"), the amount from time to time standing to the credit of the Liquidity Reserve (as defined below) (the "Liquidity Reserve Ledger"), the amount from time to time standing to the credit of the Hedge Reserve (the "Hedge Reserve Ledger"), the amount from time to time standing to the credit of the Base Rate Reserve (the "Base Rate Reserve Ledger") and the amount from time to time standing to the credit of the Discount Reserve (the "Discount Reserve Ledger"). Furthermore, ledgers will be established (as described in "Credit Structure – Transaction Account" below) to record the amount from time to time available to the Issuer to purchase Pre-Funded Mortgages (the "Pre-Funded Ledger").

THE CLASS M NOTES AND THE CLASS B NOTES

Holders of the Class M Notes (the "Class M Noteholders") will not be entitled to receive any payment of principal if a Class M Principal Lock Out applies.

Holders of the Class B Notes (the "Class B Noteholders") will not be entitled to receive any payment of principal if a Class B Principal Lock Out applies.

The Class A Notes, the Class M Notes and the Class B Notes will be constituted by the Trust Deed and will share the same security although, upon enforcement, the Class A Notes will rank in priority to the Class M Notes and the Class A Notes and the Class B Notes.

If on the Interest Payment Date falling in June 2034 or on any prior date after the assets of the Issuer have been exhausted and provided there are no Class A Notes outstanding, there remains a debit balance on the Principal Deficiency Ledger having taken account of any credit balance in the Reserve Account (the "Adjusted Principal Deficiency") then the aggregate principal amount payable on redemption of the Class B Notes shall be their aggregate Principal Amount Outstanding less the Adjusted Principal Deficiency. If the Adjusted Principal Deficiency exceeds the aggregate Principal Amount Outstanding of the Class B Notes, the remaining debit balance on the Principal Deficiency Ledger after such debit balance has been applied to reduce the aggregate principal amount payable on redemption of the Class B Notes to zero, shall be applied to reduce the amount payable on redemption of the Class M Notes.

TRUST ACCOUNTS

Direct debit payments in respect of amounts due under the Mortgages will be made to an account in the name of Britannic Money at Barclays (the "Account Bank") (the "Direct Debit Account") and other payments in respect of amounts due under the Mortgages will be made to accounts in the name of Britannic Money at the Account Bank and at RBS (the "Non-Direct Debit Accounts" and together with the Direct Debit Account, the "Trust Accounts"). Britannic Money will execute a declaration of trust in favour of the Issuer (the "Declaration of Trust") declaring a trust over the amounts which relate to the Mortgages which are from time to time standing to the credit of the Trust Accounts.

TRANSACTION ACCOUNT

Payments in respect of amounts due and amounts received under the Mortgages which are credited to the Trust Accounts will be transferred to an account in the name of the Issuer at the Account Bank (the "Transaction Account") in accordance with the terms of a bank agreement between Britannic Money, RBS, the Issuer, the Trustee and the Account Bank (the "Bank Agreement") (i) in respect of direct debit collections, on the Business Day on which they are credited to the Direct Debit Account and (ii) in respect of all other monies, on the day following the Business Day on which they are credited to the Non-Direct Debit Accounts. Amounts standing to the credit of the Transaction Account may be invested in Permitted Investments. The Issuer will establish and maintain on its books and in the Transaction Account a ledger for amounts which are available to it to purchase Pre-Funded Mortgages.

RESERVE ACCOUNT

Amounts deposited and standing to the credit of an account in the name of the Issuer at the Account Bank (the "Reserve Account") will be the subject of the Guaranteed Investment Contract (as defined below) or invested in Permitted Investments. Interest earned on amounts standing to the credit of the Reserve Account during each Interest Period shall be credited to the Transaction Account on or before the Interest Payment Date immediately succeeding such Interest Period and applied in accordance with the Priority of Payments. The Issuer will maintain on its books in relation to the Reserve Account ledgers for the Reserve Fund, the Liquidity Reserve, the Base Rate Reserve, the Discount Reserve and the Hedge Reserve.

BANK ACCOUNTS

The "Bank Accounts" represent the Trust Accounts, the Transaction Account and the Reserve Account. If the rating of the unsubordinated, unguaranteed and unsecured short-term debt of the Account Bank assigned by the Rating Agencies falls below P-1 from Moody's or A-1+ from S&P (unless the applicable Rating Agency confirms in writing that such event would not cause it to downgrade the then current rating of the Notes) the Servicer will, as soon as it is able, transfer the Bank Accounts to a bank whose unsubordinated, unguaranteed and unsecured short-term debt is so rated.

REDRAW FACILITY

The Issuer will enter into a sterling revolving credit facility (the "Redraw Facility" which term will include any extended or replacement facility) with Barclays (the "Redraw Facility Provider", which term will include any replacement Redraw Facility Provider) which facility may be utilised by the Issuer on any Interest Payment Date to fund the purchase of the right to repayment of Redraws (including Payment Holidays) with respect to Mortgages beneficially owned by the Issuer if there are no amounts available

for the purpose of purchasing the right to repayment of Redraws in accordance with the Priority of Payments. The maximum amount that can be drawn on any Interest Payment Date under the Redraw Facility is the lower of (a) the difference between the Redraw Facility Limit (as defined below) and the aggregate amount of advances outstanding under the Redraw Facility which will not be repaid on such Interest Payment Date (the "Available Facility") and (b) the aggregate Principal Amount Outstanding of the Class A Notes on such Interest Payment Date. The "Redraw Facility Limit" means (a) initially, £25,000,000 and then (b), if on any Interest Payment Date falling in or after August 2005 the aggregate Potential Redraw Amount with respect to the Mortgages comprising the Mortgage Pool is less than 7.5% of the aggregate Principal Amount Outstanding of the Notes, each as at the immediately preceding Interest Payment Date, the greater of (i) 5% of the aggregate Principal Amount Outstanding of the Notes as at such immediately preceding Interest Payment Date and (ii) £15,000,000, which limit may be varied on any Interest Payment Date by agreement between the Issuer, the Trustee, the Redraw Facility Provider and the Servicer (as agent of the Issuer) provided that the Rating Agencies have given prior written confirmation that such variation will not adversely affect the then current rating of the Notes. The Redraw Facility Provider will not be obliged by any party to advance funds on any Interest Payment Date beyond such maximum amount.

On each Interest Payment Date falling prior to the Final Redemption Date of the Notes, Redraws by Borrowers during the immediately preceding Collection Period shall be assigned to the Issuer (so far as not already held by it) by Britannic Money and First Active, as applicable, and the Issuer shall be obliged to purchase the right to repayment of such Redraws (including Payment Holidays) in accordance with the Priority of Payments up to an aggregate amount (the "Maximum Redraw Amount") equal to the sum of (a) the amount of Principal Collections available for such purpose on such Interest Payment Date in accordance with the Priority of Payments and (b) the lower of (i) the Available Facility (as defined below) under the Redraw Facility at such time and (ii) the aggregate Principal Amount Outstanding of the Class A Notes.

Not later than the Interest Payment Date falling 6 months prior to the Coupon Step Up Date, the Issuer and the Servicer (as agent of the Issuer) shall consult with the Rating Agencies with a view to agreeing a new Redraw Facility Limit (a "New Redraw Facility Limit") to take effect as of the Coupon Step Up Date and the Issuer will request the consent of the Redraw Facility Provider to such New Redraw Facility Limit. If a New Redraw Facility Limit is not approved by the Rating Agencies at least 60 days prior to the Coupon Step Up Date, the Redraw Facility Limit prevailing at such time will continue to apply. If the Redraw Facility Provider fails to consent to the New Redraw Facility Limit, the Redraw Facility Limit prevailing at such time will continue to apply and the Issuer may seek an alternative Redraw Facility Provider willing to provide a redraw facility in an amount equal to the New Redraw Facility Limit.

The commitment of the Redraw Facility Provider under the Redraw Facility will expire on the Interest Payment Date falling in June 2034 subject to the Notes not having been redeemed earlier or enforcement of the Security in accordance with Class A Condition 10, Class M Condition 10 and Class B Condition 10 not having occurred (the "Redraw Commitment Expiry Date").

If at any time the short term unsecured, unguaranteed and unsubordinated debt rating of the Redraw Facility Provider assigned by the Rating Agencies falls below P-1 from Moody's and A-1+ from S&P (unless the applicable Rating Agency confirms in writing that such event would not cause it to downgrade the then current rating of the Notes) (the "Required Redraw Facility Provider Rating") and the Redraw Facility Provider is not replaced by a suitable Redraw Facility Provider with the Required Redraw Facility Provider Rating within 30 days of such downgrade, the Issuer shall request an advance equal to the then Available Facility under the Redraw Facility and shall deposit the proceeds of such Advance in the Reserve Fund until a suitable replacement Redraw Facility Provider has been found.

PRE-FUNDING LEDGER

At any time on or after the Issue Date but no later than the third Interest Payment Date after the Issue Date the Issuer shall purchase further mortgages (each a "Pre-Funded Mortgage") from Arianty subject to each such Pre-Funded Mortgage complying with the eligibility criteria applicable to Further Mortgages. It is a requirement of the Mortgage Sale Agreement that in respect of the Pre-Funded Mortgages sold to the Issuer by Arianty, Arianty must have verified receipt of the first monthly payment due from the relevant Borrower (and in respect of Pre-Funded Mortgages which are Scottish Mortgages, Britannic Money will at the direction and with the consent of Arianty, declare a supplemental trust over the Scottish Mortgages (each a "Scottish Supplemental Declaration of Trust")).

The Issuer may only purchase the Pre-Funded Mortgages utilising monies standing to the credit of the Pre-Funded Ledger. After the Issue Date, no further amounts may be credited to the Pre-Funded Ledger. The amounts standing to the credit of the Pre-Funded Ledger may not be used for any purpose other than for the acquisition of Pre-Funded Mortgages. Any amounts not applied to purchase Pre-Funded Mortgages on or before the third Interest Payment Date shall be treated as Redemptions and shall be applied in accordance with the Priority of Payments on that Interest Payment Date.

RESERVE FUND

The following amounts shall be credited to a fund established in the Reserve Account (the "Reserve Fund"):

- (a) on the Issue Date, £7,000,000 represented by the amounts drawn under Tranche B of the Start-Up Loan; and
- (b) on any Interest Payment Date following the Issue Date, amounts paid pursuant to item (viii) of the Priority of Payments, up to the Reserve Fund Required Amount.

The Issuer will be obliged to maintain the Reserve Fund at the level of the Reserve Fund Required Amount. The Reserve Fund will be available to meet items (i) to (vii) of the Priority of Payments if insufficient funds are available to meet such items under the Priority of Payments provided that (A) whilst there are Class A Notes outstanding, the Reserve Fund shall only be applied to pay interest on the Class M Notes to the extent that such drawing does not result in the amount standing to the credit of the Reserve Fund being less than the lower of (1) £3,000,000 and (2) the Principal Amount Outstanding of the Class A Notes, and (B) whilst there are Class M Notes outstanding, the Reserve Fund shall only be applied to pay interest on the Class B Notes to the extent that such drawing does not result in the amount standing to the credit of the Reserve Fund being less than the lower of (1) £3,000,000 and (2) the aggregate Principal Amount Outstanding of the Class A Notes and the Class M Notes.

If at any time the amount standing to the credit of the Reserve Fund exceeds the Reserve Fund Required Amount, the amount of such excess shall be debited to the Reserve Fund and credited to the Transaction Account for application in accordance with the Priority of Payments.

LIQUIDITY RESERVE

On each Interest Payment Date where a Liquidity Trigger Event has occurred and is continuing, the Issuer will be obliged to credit a fund established in the Reserve Account (the "Liquidity Reserve") in accordance with the Priority of Payments up to the Liquidity Reserve Required Amount.

If at any time the amount representing a credit balance on the Liquidity Reserve exceeds the Liquidity Reserve Required Amount the amount of such excess shall be debited to the Liquidity Reserve and credited to the Transaction Account for application in accordance with the Priority of Payments.

BASE RATE RESERVE

The average spread at which Bank of England Base Rate is expected to be set below Note LIBOR has been determined by the Issuer to equal 0.15%. Accordingly, the Issuer will establish a reserve in the Reserve Account (the "Base Rate Reserve") in an initial amount of £552,000 using Tranche E of the Start-Up Loan to cover any shortfalls resulting from the Bank of England Base Rate being set at a level more than 0.15% below Note LIBOR in respect of any Interest Period and arising to the extent that the aggregate outstanding principal balances of any Base Rate Mortgages exceed the total notional balances on all Base Rate Swaps (the "Unhedged Base Rate Linked Mortgages").

Each time Bank of England Base Rate is set at a level more than 0.15% below Note LIBOR in respect of an Interest Period, on the following Interest Payment Date, a portion of the monies standing to the credit of the Base Rate Reserve equal to the amount by which Bank of England Base Rate is lower than 0.15% below Note LIBOR multiplied by the aggregate outstanding principal balances of any Unhedged Base Rate Linked Mortgages as at the previous Interest Payment Date multiplied by the fraction of the actual number of days elapsed in the Interest Period in respect of a 365 day year (or a 366 day year if the last day of the relevant period falls in a leap year) will be transferred from the Base Rate Reserve to the Transaction Account and will be available for application in accordance with the Priority of Payments. The Issuer will be obliged to maintain the Base Rate Reserve at the Base Rate Reserve Required Amount under item (xvii) of the Priority of Payments. If on an Interest Payment Date the amount standing to the credit of the Base Rate Reserve exceeds the Base Rate Reserve Required Amount, the amount of such

excess shall be debited to the Base Rate Reserve and credited to the Transaction Account for application in accordance with the Priority of Payments.

The "Base Rate Reserve Required Amount" means on the Issue Date and each Interest Payment Date thereafter an amount equal to 0.20% of the aggregate outstanding principal balances (including drawn and undrawn balances) of the Unhedged Base Rate Linked Mortgages.

DISCOUNT RESERVE

On the Issue Date, in respect of each Mortgage which is a Discounted Mortgage, the Issuer will determine the Loan Expected Differential for each Discounted Mortgage in the Initial Mortgage Pool resulting from the Discount over the time period during which the Discount applies and the anticipated Pool Expected Differential. In respect of each Pre-Funded Mortgage which comprises a Discounted Mortgage acquired by or transferred to the Issuer, the Issuer will determine the Loan Expected Differential in respect of such Pre-Funded Mortgage on the date of such acquisition or transfer to the Issuer. On each Determination Date the Issuer will calculate the Loan Expected Differential in respect of any Substitute Mortgages, Further Mortgages or Further Advances to be transferred into the Mortgage Pool on the immediately succeeding Interest Payment Date which are or are in respect of Discounted Mortgages and will calculate the Pool Expected Differential in respect of the Interest Period commencing on the next Interest Payment Date to take into account such new loans or advances and any redemptions of Discounted Mortgages in the immediately preceding Interest Period.

To cover these Expected Differentials resulting from Discounted Mortgages, the Issuer will establish a reserve in the Reserve Account (the "Discount Reserve") using Tranche F of the Start-Up Loan. On each Interest Payment Date (i) a portion of the amount standing to the credit of the Discount Reserve equal to the amount of any Pool Expected Differential determined in respect of the Interest Period ending immediately prior to such Interest Payment Date and (ii) the aggregate amount of any Loan Expected Differentials allocated to Discounted Mortgages which have redeemed in the immediately preceding Collection Period, shall each be debited to the Discount Reserve and credited to the Transaction Account for application in accordance with the Priority of Payments. Under item (xix) of the Priority of Payments, the Issuer shall on each Interest Payment Date allocate additional amounts to the Discount Reserve to cover Expected Differentials arising from future Discounts on any Further Mortgages, Substitute Mortgages and Further Advances which are or are in respect of Discounted Mortgages being purchased on such Interest Payment Date.

On the Issue Date the Discount Reserve shall be an amount equal to £3,029,000. This amount is calculated by representing the aggregate Loan Expected Differentials in respect of each Discounted Mortgage in the Initial Mortgage Pool. An amount equal to the Loan Expected Differential in respect of each Pre-Funded Mortgage which comprises a Discounted Mortgage shall be credited to the Discount Reserve on the date each such Mortgage is acquired or transferred to the Issuer by utilising proceeds drawn under Tranche F of the Start-Up Loan.

"Discount" means the discount below the Reference Rate applicable to a Discounted Mortgage at the relevant time.

"Effective Interest Margin" in relation to Discounted Mortgages in the Mortgage Pool will be determined as follows:

- (a) for each Standard Variable Rate Mortgage, the Threshold Margin less the Discount;
- (b) for each Base Rate Linked Mortgage, the margin of that Mortgage over Bank of England Base Rate less 0.15% (where such mortgage is not subject to a Base Rate Swap) less the Discount;
- (c) for each LIBOR Linked Mortgage, the margin of that Mortgage over LIBOR less the Discount;
- (d) for each Capped Mortgage which has been hedged relative to the Threshold Rate, the Threshold Margin less the Discount; and
- (e) for each Fixed Rate Mortgage which has been swapped to the Threshold Rate, the Threshold Margin less the Discount.

"Expected Differential" means an amount calculated in respect of each Discounted Mortgage and each Interest Period as the difference between the Threshold Margin and the Effective Interest Margin on such Discounted Mortgage, to the extent such difference is positive, multiplied by the outstanding principal balance in respect of such Discounted Mortgage as of the Interest Payment Date multiplied by the fraction of the actual number of days elapsed in the succeeding Interest Period in respect of a 365 day year (or a 366 day year if the last day of the relevant period falls in a leap year).

"Loan Expected Differential" means the aggregate of all Expected Differentials applying to Interest Periods that fall during the discount period for such Mortgage.

"Pool Expected Differential" means in relation to an Interest Period, the aggregate of the Expected Differentials in relation to such Interest Period of all Discounted Mortgages in the Mortgage Pool.

"Reference Rate" means:

- (a) for each Standard Variable Rate Mortgage, Britannic Money's standard variable rate;
- (b) for each LIBOR Linked Mortgage, LIBOR plus the margin applicable to the relevant Mortgage as set out in the mortgage documentation entered into with the relevant Borrower;
- (c) for each Base Rate Linked Mortgage, Bank of England Base Rate, plus the margin applicable to the relevant Mortgage as set out in the mortgage documentation entered into with the relevant Borrower;
- (d) for each Capped Mortgage, the rate set out in the mortgage documentation entered into with the relevant Borrower; and
- (e) for each Fixed Rate Mortgage, the rate set out in the mortgage documentation entered into with the relevant Borrower.

"Threshold Margin" means the figure expressed as a percentage resulting from the addition of (i) the average total principal balance outstanding of Owner Occupied Loans during the relevant Interest Period multiplied by 1% plus (ii) the average total principal balance outstanding of Investment Home Loans during the relevant Interest Period multiplied by 1.2%, all divided by the average total principal balance outstanding of all Mortgages during that Interest Period. The average total principal balance outstanding in any category of Loan for the purposes of the above calculation shall be calculated by reference to the total principal balance outstanding of such category of Loan on each day during the relevant Interest Period.

THRESHOLD RATE

So long as any of the Notes are outstanding the Servicer shall be obliged to procure on each Interest Payment Date that the standard variable rate in relation to each Standard Variable Mortgage in the Mortgage Pool is set such that the amount represented by:

- (a) the aggregate of the annual rate of interest applicable on such Interest Payment Date to each Mortgage in the Mortgage Pool multiplied by the principal balance outstanding of such Mortgage on such Interest Payment Date multiplied by the fraction of the actual number of days elapsed in the relevant Interest Period in respect of a 365 day year (or a 366 day year if the last day of the relevant period falls in a leap year); plus
- (b) any amount expected to be transferred from the Hedge Reserve into the Transaction Account on the next following Interest Payment Date; plus
- (c) any amount expected to be transferred from the Base Rate Reserve into the Transaction Account on the next following Interest Payment Date; plus
- (d) any amount expected to be transferred from the Discount Reserve into the Transaction Account on the next following Interest Payment Date (the sum of (a) to (d), "Amount A"); plus
- (e) any amounts received in respect of Interest Rate Swaps, Interest Rate Caps, LIBOR Swaps and Base Rate Swaps,

is equal to or greater than the amount ("Amount B") produced by multiplying the Threshold Rate with the aggregate outstanding balances of the Mortgages in the Mortgage Pool on such Interest Payment Date and the fraction of the actual number of days elapsed in the relevant Interest Period in respect of a 365 day year (or a 366 day year if the last day of the relevant period falls in a leap year). This exercise is linked to the Issuer's requirements to maintain hedging protection relative to each interest rate type of Mortgages (see "Interest Rate Hedging" below).

Alternatively, the Servicer may procure on such Interest Payment Date that a deposit (the "Threshold Amount Deposit") equal to the amount by which Amount B exceeds Amount A (such amount not to be less than zero) is paid into the Transaction Account. Such deposit is repayable at item (xxi) of the Priority of Payments to the extent that it is no longer required to cover such difference.

The "Threshold Rate" in respect of an Interest Period means an annual rate of LIBOR as determined in relation to the Notes for such Interest Period plus the Threshold Margin.

INTEREST RATE HEDGING

The Servicer is obliged to procure in respect of each Interest Period that the interest expected to be received from the Mortgages in the Mortgage Pool during such Interest Period plus related amounts available as described below is equal to or greater than the amount produced by applying the Threshold Rate to the aggregate outstanding principal balances of the Mortgages in the Mortgage Pool in respect of such Interest Period. Compliance with this requirement will be achieved through a combination of hedges entered into with the Swap Counterparties, the Cap Providers, the LIBOR Swap Providers and the Base Rate Swap Providers, reserves established to supplement potential interest shortfalls and the Servicer's ability to require the standard variable rate to be set in respect of the Standard Variable Mortgages as follows:

- (a) Standard Variable Mortgages: The standard variable rate in respect of the Standard Variable Mortgages shall be set as described under "Threshold Rate" above.
- (b) Fixed Rate Mortgages: The Issuer will initially enter into a series of interest rate swaps with JPMorgan Chase Bank and/or Barclays and may also enter into interest rate swaps from time to time with such other entity as the Issuer may decide provided that such entity has a rating of at least P-1 by Moody's and A-1+ by S&P in respect of its short-term unsecured, unguaranteed and unsubordinated debt obligations (the "Swap Counterparties", each a "Swap Counterparty") to hedge the variance between the fixed rate of interest payable on the Fixed Rate Mortgages and the Threshold Rate (each an "Interest Rate Swap" and together the "Interest Rate Swaps"). Further Interest Rate Swaps may also be entered into by the Issuer in relation to Pre-Funded Mortgages, Further Mortgages, Substitute Mortgages and Further Advances.
- Capped Rate Mortgages: The Issuer will initially purchase a series of interest rate caps (each an "Interest Rate Cap" and together the "Interest Rate Caps") from JPMorgan Chase Bank and/or Barclays and may also enter into interest rate caps from time to time with such other entity as the Issuer may decide provided that such entity has a rating of at least P-1 by Moody's and A-1+ by S&P in respect of its short-term unsecured, unquaranteed and unsubordinated debt obligations (the "Cap Providers", each a "Cap Provider") to hedge against the Threshold Rate exceeding the capped rate applicable under the relevant Capped Mortgages. Further Caps may also be purchased by the Issuer applying amounts available under item (xviii) of the Priority of Payments in relation to Pre-Funded Mortgages, Further Mortgages, Substitute Mortgages and Further Advances. In conjunction with the purchase of the Interest Rate Caps, the Issuer will establish a reserve (the "Hedge Reserve") using Tranche C of the Start-Up Loan. The Issuer shall maintain the Hedge Reserve at the level of the Hedge Reserve Required Amount (as defined below) under item (xvii) of the Priority of Payments. A certain portion of the monies standing to the credit of the Hedge Reserve will be allocated to each Interest Rate Cap and will be available to cover shortfalls as a result of the related Interest Rate Cap not being a perfect hedge and to the extent required will be transferred on each Interest Payment Date. To the extent that the amount standing to the credit of the Hedge Reserve exceeds the Hedge Reserve Required Amount, the amount of such excess will be transferred from the Hedge Reserve to the Transaction Account and will be available for application in accordance with the Priority of Payments. Amounts relating to an Interest Rate Cap that is expired will be released into the Transaction Account for application in accordance with the Priority of Payments. Further amounts may also be paid into the Hedge Reserve to supplement Interest Rate Caps purchased by the Issuer in relation to Pre-Funded Mortgages, Further Mortgages, Substitute Mortgages and Further Advances.
 - "Hedge Reserve Required Amount" means (a) as at the Issue Date, the initial amount of Tranche C of the Start-Up Loan and (b) as at each Interest Payment Date, an amount equal to such amounts as are required to ensure that the Threshold Margin is maintained in respect of Capped Mortgages.
- (d) Base Rate Linked Mortgages: The average spread at which Bank of England Base Rate is expected to set below Note LIBOR has been determined by the Issuer to equal 0.15%. Accordingly, the Issuer will establish a Base Rate Reserve using Tranche E of the Start-Up Loan to cover any shortfalls resulting from Bank of England Base Rate setting at a level more than 0.15% below Note LIBOR in respect of any Interest Period in respect of the Unhedged Base Rate Linked Mortgages. The use of the Base Rate Reserve is described under "Base Rate Reserve" above.

At any time after the Issue Date the Issuer may enter into base rate swaps from time to time with such entities as the Issuer may decide having a rating of at least P-1 by Moody's and A-1+ by S&P in respect of its short-term unsecured, unguaranteed and unsubordinated debt obligations (the "Base Rate Swap Providers", each a "Base Rate Swap Provider") to hedge the variance between Bank of

England Base Rate and Note LIBOR arising from Base Rate Linked Mortgages (each a "Base Rate Swap" and together the "Base Rate Swaps"). Further base rate swaps may also be entered into by the Issuer in relation to Pre-Funded Mortgages, Further Mortgages, Substitute Mortgages and Further Advances.

- (e) LIBOR Linked Mortgages: LIBOR on the Mortgages linked to one month LIBOR and Note LIBOR are fixed on the same day in each month so that no basis risk exists in relation to these mortgages. The Issuer will initially enter into an interest rate swap with JPMorgan Chase Bank and may also enter into interest rate swaps from time to time with such other entity as the Issuer may decide provided that such entity has a rating of at least P-1 by Moody's and A-1+ by S&P in respect of its short-term unsecured, unguaranteed and unsubordinated debt obligations (the "LIBOR Swap Providers", each a "LIBOR Swap Provider") to hedge the variance between three month LIBOR and the Note LIBOR in respect of the Mortgages which are linked to three month LIBOR (each a "LIBOR Swap" and together, the "LIBOR Swaps").
- (f) Discounted Mortgages: On the Issue Date, in respect of each Initial Mortgage which is a Discounted Mortgage the Issuer will determine the Loan Expected Differential resulting from the Discount over the time period during which the Discount applies and the anticipated Pool Expected Differential for the first Interest Period. On each Determination Date the Issuer will calculate the Pool Expected Differential in respect of the Interest Period commencing on the next Interest Payment Date to take into account any Substitute Mortgages or Further Mortgages transferred into the Mortgage Pool on such date and any redemptions of Discounted Mortgages in the immediately preceding Collection Period. To cover the Expected Differentials resulting from Discounted Mortgages, the Issuer will establish a Discount Reserve using Tranche F of the Start-Up Loan. The use of the Discount Reserve is described under "Discount Reserve" above.

Each of the Swap Counterparties, the Cap Providers, the LIBOR Swap Providers and the Base Rate Swap Providers will, on the Issue Date, have a rating in respect of its short-term unsecured, unguaranteed and unsubordinated debt obligations of at least P-1 by Moody's and A-1+ by S&P.

In the event that the short-term, unsecured and unsubordinated debt obligations of the Swap Counterparties, the Cap Providers, the LIBOR Swap Providers or the Base Rate Swap Providers (or each of their successors or assignees) cease to be rated P-1 by Moody's and A-1+ by S&P and as a result of such downgrade the then current rating of the Notes would be downgraded or placed under review for possible downgrade, then the relevant Swap Counterparty, the relevant Cap Provider, the relevant LIBOR Swap Provider or the relevant Base Rate Swap Provider, as the case may be, shall within 30 days of such downgrade at its own cost either:

- (i) put in place an appropriate mark-to-market collateral agreement satisfactory to the Rating Agencies (which may be based on the credit support documentation published by ISDA, or otherwise, and relates to collateral in the form of cash or securities or both) in support of its obligations under the Interest Rate Swaps and/or Interest Rate Caps and/or LIBOR Swaps and/or Base Rate Swaps in each case provided that the rating assigned to the Notes then outstanding by Moody's and S&P is not adversely affected by the downgrade following such collateral arrangements being put in place; or
- (ii) transfer all of its rights and obligations with respect to the Interest Rate Swaps and/or Interest Rate Caps and/or LIBOR Swaps and/or Base Rate Swaps to a replacement third party whose short-term, unsecured, unguaranteed and unsubordinated debt obligations are rated P-1 by Moody's and A-1+ by S&P provided that the Rating Agencies confirm that such transfer would not cause a downgrade of the then current rating of the Notes; or
- (iii) procure that its obligations with respect to the Interest Rate Swaps and/or Interest Rate Caps and/or LIBOR Swaps and/or Base Rate Swaps are guaranteed by a third party whose short-term, unsecured, unguaranteed and unsubordinated debt obligations are rated P-1 by Moody's and A-1+ by S&P.

If the relevant Swap Counterparty, the relevant Cap Provider, the relevant LIBOR Swap Provider or the relevant Base Rate Swap Provider fails to take the measures described above, then the Issuer shall be entitled to terminate the Interest Rate Swaps and/or Interest Rate Caps and/or LIBOR Swaps and/or Base Rate Swaps, the termination value thereof being calculated on the Issuer's side of the market.

In the event that the Issuer is required to withhold or deduct from payments due from it to a Swap Counterparty and/or a LIBOR Swap Provider and/or a Base Rate Swap Provider an amount in respect of tax, the Issuer will not be required pursuant to the terms of the Interest Rate Swaps and/or the LIBOR

Swaps and/or the Base Rate Swaps to pay to the relevant Swap Counterparty or the relevant LIBOR Swap Provider or the relevant Base Rate Swap Provider such amounts as are required to ensure that the relevant Swap Counterparty or the relevant LIBOR Swap Provider or the relevant Base Rate Swap Provider receives the same amount that it would have received had such withholding or deduction not been made. In the event that the Issuer is required to withhold or deduct an amount in respect of tax, the relevant Swap Counterparty and/or the relevant LIBOR Swap Provider and/or the relevant Base Rate Swap Provider will be entitled to terminate the Interest Rate Swaps and/or the LIBOR Swaps and/or the Base Rate Swaps.

In the event that a Swap Counterparty and/or a LIBOR Swap Provider and/or a Base Rate Swap Provider is required to withhold or deduct from payments due from it to the Issuer an amount in respect of tax, the relevant Swap Counterparty or the relevant LIBOR Swap Provider or the relevant Base Rate Swap Provider will not be required pursuant to the terms of the Interest Rate Swaps or the LIBOR Swaps or the Base Rate Swaps to pay to the Issuer such amounts as are required to ensure that the Issuer receives the same amount that it would have received had such withholding or deduction not been made. In the event that the relevant Swap Counterparty and/or the relevant LIBOR Swap Provider and/or the relevant Base Rate Swap Provider is required to withhold or deduct an amount in respect of tax, the Issuer will be entitled to terminate the Interest Rate Swaps and/or the LIBOR Swaps and/or the Base Rate Swaps.

The Issuer may not assign its interest in the Interest Rate Swaps, Interest Rate Caps, LIBOR Swaps or the Base Rate Swaps (other than to the Trustee pursuant to the Deed of Charge).

GUARANTEED INVESTMENT CONTRACT

Pursuant to a guaranteed investment contract (the "Guaranteed Investment Contract"), to be entered into on or before the Issue Date between the Issuer and Barclays (the "GIC Provider") the GIC Provider will agree to pay to the Issuer a rate of interest of LIBOR as determined in respect of the Notes ("Note LIBOR") minus 0.175% per annum on the sums deposited in the Reserve Account and which have not been invested in other Permitted Investments between one Interest Payment Date and the next Interest Payment Date.

The Issuer may terminate the Guaranteed Investment Contract and enter into a replacement contract if (i) the Trustee provides its prior written consent to such replacement and the Rating Agencies confirm that such replacement would not cause a downgrade of the then current rating of the Notes and (ii) the value of such replacement contract (taking into account the guaranteed rate of return, any termination fees under the original contract and any fees in respect of the replacement contract) to the Issuer is equal to or greater than the rate under the original contract.

If the rating of the unsubordinated, unsecured and unguaranteed short term debt of the GIC Provider falls below P-1 by Moody's and A-1+ by S&P then the Servicer will within 30 days of notification of such downgrade (unless the applicable Rating Agency confirms in writing that such investment would not cause it to downgrade the then current rating of the Notes) procure that a bank whose unsubordinated, unsecured and unquaranteed short-term debt is so rated becomes the GIC Provider.

PERMITTED INVESTMENTS

The Servicer will be entitled to invest cash from time to time standing to the credit of the Transaction Account and the Reserve Account in various investments (such as gilt-edged securities, certificates of deposit, commercial paper and other short term securities or deposits) with or issued by an entity with a short term unsecured, unguaranteed and unsubordinated rating of at least P-1 from Moody's and A-1+ from S&P or guaranteed by an entity with a short term unsecured, unguaranteed and unsubordinated rating of at least P-1 from Moody's and A-1+ from S&P (or with any other entity where the applicable Rating Agency confirms in writing that such investment would not cause it to downgrade the then current rating of the Notes) (each a "Permitted Investment") provided that each such Permitted Investment matures on or prior to the Interest Payment Date on which the cash represented by such Permitted Investment is required by the Issuer and that such investments are in the same currency as that of the cash used to make such investments. Permitted Investments shall not include investments in equity securities.

START-UP LOAN

The Issuer will enter into a loan facility agreement (the "Start-Up Loan Agreement") with Britannic Money on or prior to the Issue Date whereby Britannic Money will provide the Issuer with a term loan (the "Start-Up Loan"). The Start-Up Loan will consist of six tranches. The first tranche of the Start-Up

Loan ("Tranche A") will be an amount of £1,627,000 and will be used for meeting the costs and expenses of the Issuer arising in respect of the issue of the Notes. The second tranche of the Start-Up Loan ("Tranche B") will be an amount of £7,000,000 and will be used in providing the initial funding of the Reserve Fund. The third tranche of the Start-Up Loan ("Tranche C") will be an initial amount of £204,000 and will be used to establish the Hedge Reserve. The Issuer may, up to the third Interest Payment Date make drawings under Tranche C of the Start-Up Loan from time to time, up to a maximum aggregate amount of £254,000. The fourth tranche ("Tranche D") will be an initial amount of up to £2.100.000 to be used to purchase the Interest Rate Caps and to enter into the Interest Rate Swaps. The Issuer may, up to the third Interest Payment Date make drawings under Tranche D of the Start-Up Loan from time to time, up to a maximum aggregate amount of £2,150,000. The fifth tranche of the Start-Up Loan ("Tranche E") will be an initial amount of £552,000 and will be used to establish the Base Rate Reserve. The Issuer may, up to the third Interest Payment Date make drawings under Tranche E of the Start-Up Loan from time to time, up to a maximum aggregate amount of £567,000. The sixth tranche of the Start-Up Loan ("Tranche F") will be an initial amount of up to £3,029,000 and will be used to establish the Discount Reserve on the Issue Date and to credit the Discount Reserve in respect of Expected Differentials relating to Pre-Funded Mortgages acquired by the Issuer. The Issuer may up to the third Interest Payment Date make drawings under Tranche F of the Start-Up Loan from time to time, up to a maximum aggregate amount of £3,460,000. Payments of interest and repayments of principal under the Start-Up Loan will be made by the Issuer only in accordance with (and to the extent only that funds are available under) the Priority of Payments.

DEFERRED PURCHASE CONSIDERATION

On each Interest Payment Date the Issuer shall pay on a *pari passu* and *pro rata* basis by way of deferred purchase consideration under the Mortgage Sale Agreement (i) to Arianty all amounts due in respect of the Initial Mortgages, Pre-Funded Mortgages, Substitute Mortgages and Further Mortgages (the "Arianty Deferred Purchase Consideration"), (ii) to Britannic Money all amounts due in respect of the Further Advances purchased by the Issuer from Britannic Money (the "Britannic Money Deferred Purchase Consideration") and (iii) to First Active all amounts due in respect of the Further Advances purchased by the Issuer from First Active (the "First Active Deferred Purchase Consideration"), in each case to the extent amounts are available for such purpose in accordance with the Priority of Payments.

THE MORTGAGE POOL

Introduction

Each of the Mortgages to be acquired by the Issuer on the Issue Date (the "Initial Mortgage Pool") was originated by Britannic Money or First Active and the beneficial interest in each Mortgage was transferred to Arianty pursuant to a mortgage sale agreement dated 21 December 2000 as amended and restated on 14 November 2001 between Britannic Money, First Active, Arianty and Citicorp Trustee Company Limited, with Britannic Money or First Active, as applicable retaining the legal interest. The provisional pool of Mortgages (the "Provisional Mortgage Pool") was drawn up as at 30 April 2002. The Initial Mortgage Pool will be selected from the Provisional Mortgage Pool (which includes Non-Verified Mortgages) after excluding mortgages, inter alia, which are repaid between that date and the Issue Date, which continue to be Non-Verified Mortgages or which do not otherwise comply with the warranties set out in the Mortgage Sale Agreement. On or after the Issue Date, to the extent that the proceeds of the issue of the Notes exceed the aggregate amount of Initial Mortgages purchased, the Issuer shall no later than the third Interest Payment Date purchase Pre-Funded Mortgages from Arianty to the extent that such Pre-Funded Mortgages comply with the terms of the Mortgage Sale Agreement and the eligibility criteria applicable to Further Mortgages. The "Mortgage Pool" means the Initial Mortgage Pool and any Pre-Funded Mortgages, Substitute Mortgages and Further Mortgages acquired by the Issuer under the Mortgage Sale Agreement together with any Further Advances and Redraws.

Sale of Mortgages

Arianty will sell its beneficial interest in each Mortgage in the Mortgage Pool and each Pre-Funded Mortgage to the Issuer for a consideration equal to (a) the Purchase Price on the date such Mortgage is acquired by the Issuer and (b) the right to receive Arianty Deferred Purchase Consideration (as defined in "Credit Structure" above) from the Issuer in accordance with the Priority of Payments. Payments received on the Initial Mortgages up to but excluding the Issue Date or the date on which such Pre-Funded Mortgage is to be purchased (as the case may be) will be for the account of Arianty and payments made on or after the Issue Date or the date on which a Pre-Funded Mortgage is to be purchased (as the case may be) will be for the account of the Issuer. The Purchase Price will be calculated on the assumption that payments scheduled to be made by any Borrower of a Mortgage on the date the Mortgage is purchased have been received by or on behalf of Arianty. To the extent that amounts representing interest accrued but not yet due referable to the period before the Issue Date or the date on which a Pre-Funded Mortgage is to be purchased (as the case may be) are subsequently received by the Issuer, the Issuer will pay to Arianty an amount equal to the aggregate amount of such payments by way of price adjustment for the Mortgage Pool. Subject as stated below, the "Purchase Price" on the Issue Date or the date on which a Pre-Funded Mortgage is to be purchased (as the case may be) for each Mortgage means the aggregate of the amounts secured or intended to be secured under the Mortgage, comprising (i) the original principal amount advanced to the Borrower plus (ii) any advance of further moneys (including Redraws) to the Borrower thereof on the security of the relevant Mortgage and any amount due under the terms of the Mortgage after the date of completion of such Mortgage which remains outstanding as at the Issue Date or the date on which a Pre-Funded Mortgage is to be purchased (as the case may be) less (iii) any repayments of such principal as at the Issue Date or the date on which a Pre-Funded Mortgage is to be purchased (as the case may be).

Any amounts that have not been used to purchase Pre-Funded Mortgages by the third Interest Payment Date shall be treated as Redemptions and shall be applied in accordance with the Priority of Payments.

The Provisional Mortgage Pool

The Mortgages contained in the Provisional Mortgage Pool comprise mortgages with the following characteristics:

- (a) Rate of Interest
- (i) Mortgages which are subject to a standard variable rate of interest set by Britannic Money from time to time ("Standard Variable Mortgages").
- (ii) Mortgages which are subject to a variable rate of interest set by Britannic Money from time to time, which is linked to Bank of England Base Rate ("Base Rate Linked Mortgages").
- (iii) Mortgages which are subject to a fixed rate of interest set by reference to a pre-determined rate or series of rates for a fixed period or periods ("Fixed Rate Mortgages").

- (iv) Mortgages which are subject to a variable rate of interest set by Britannic Money from time to time, which is linked to LIBOR ("LIBOR Linked Mortgages").
- (v) Mortgages which are subject to a variable rate of interest set by Britannic Money from time to time but which variable rate is subject to a maximum rate ("Capped Rate Mortgages").

Some of these Mortgages are subject to a discounted rate of interest for a specified period. Such Mortgages are referred to herein as Discounted Mortgages while the specified period applies. Mortgages which were but are no longer subject to a discounted, fixed or capped rate of interest are treated as and are referred to herein as Base Rate Linked Mortgages, LIBOR Linked Mortgages or Standard Variable Mortgages as applicable. Some of the Mortgages that are referred to herein as Capped Rate Mortgages or Fixed Rate Mortgages will become subject to a rate of interest linked to Bank of England Base Rate after certain specified periods of time.

(b) Repayment Terms

- (i) Mortgages in relation to which the principal amount is not repayable before maturity and which require a policy of endowment life assurance (which is in certain cases a unit-linked policy) (an "Endowment Policy") ("Endowment Mortgages").
- (ii) Mortgages in respect of which the principal amount is not payable before maturity and under the terms of which a pension policy is required ("Pension Mortgages").
- (iii) Mortgages (other than those referred to in paragraphs b(i) and b(ii) above) under the terms of which the principal amount is not repayable before maturity ("Interest Only Mortgages").
- (iv) Mortgages under the terms of which monthly instalments, which can cover both interest and principal, are payable until the mortgage is fully repaid by its maturity ("Repayment Mortgages").

(c) Endowment Mortgages and Life Cover

In the case of Endowment Mortgages, although the Borrower is required to take out a policy of endowment life assurance, neither Arianty, Britannic Money nor First Active has verified that such a policy of endowment life assurance has been taken out by each Borrower. Neither Arianty, Britannic Money nor First Active take security over such policies of endowment life assurance.

In relation to all Mortgages, applicants are requested to ensure that they have adequate life cover in place to repay the advance in the event of their death prior to the end of the Mortgage term. Such life cover is not secured in favour of Britannic Money or Arianty.

(d) Flexible Mortgages

Approximately 99.12% of the Mortgages by value of drawn balances as at 30 April 2002 to be acquired by the Issuer from Arianty on the Issue Date are "Flexible Mortgages". Flexible Mortgages allow a Borrower to make payments at any time into his/her mortgage account (the "Borrower Mortgage Account") exceeding the minimum monthly payment agreed with Britannic Money or First Active, as applicable, ("Minimum Monthly Payment" and the amount that exceeds the Minimum Monthly Payment, an "Overpayment") and at anytime thereafter withdraw sums from his/her Borrower Mortgage Account provided that the amount outstanding on such Borrower Mortgage Account does not exceed the amount of the Borrower's loan which would have been outstanding at such time if the Borrower had only made the Minimum Monthly Payment (the "Borrower Loan Limit").

In the case of a Repayment Mortgage, the Borrower Loan Limit reduces over the period of repayment of the advance secured by the Mortgage and in the case of an Endowment Mortgage, Pension Mortgage and an Interest Only Mortgage, the Borrower Loan Limit is the advance secured by the Mortgage, until repayment by the Borrower at the end of the period of repayment of such advance.

The Borrower may request, and Britannic Money or First Active, as applicable, may consent, to such Borrower's monthly payments being met by applying Overpayments not previously redrawn by way of capitalisation of such monthly payments (a "Payment Holiday").

Britannic Money's or First Active's, as applicable, ability to consent to a Borrower taking a Payment Holiday will be limited by the terms of the Servicing Agreement.

Britannic Money or First Active, as applicable, deducts the Minimum Monthly Payment by direct debit from the Borrower Mortgage Account (unless a different arrangement has been agreed between the Borrower and Britannic Money or First Active, as applicable) each month. The amount outstanding on the Borrower's balance shall become immediately repayable to Britannic Money or First Active, as applicable, if (a) the Borrower fails to make at least the Minimum Monthly Payment in any month as

agreed between the Borrower and Britannic Money or First Active, as applicable, without Britannic Money's or First Active's, as applicable, prior written consent and/or (b) the Borrower exceeds the Borrower Loan Limit. Notwithstanding the foregoing, if the Borrower exceeds the Borrower Loan Limit, the Borrower is required to pay to Britannic Money or First Active, as applicable, the amount above such Borrower Loan Limit immediately. Any Mortgage which has an outstanding principal balance in excess of the Borrower Loan Limit is treated as in arrear and is administered in accordance with the enforcement procedures described below under "Enforcement Procedures".

(e) Owner Occupied Loans

67.87% of the Mortgages to be acquired by the Issuer from Arianty on the Issue Date are mortgages in respect of "Owner Occupied Loans". Owner Occupied Loans are loans made to a Borrower to be used to acquire properties to be used as its primary residence. Pre-Funded Mortgages, Substitute Mortgages or Further Mortgages acquired may comprise Owner Occupied Loans.

Investment Home Loans

32.13% of the Mortgages to be acquired by the Issuer from Arianty on the Issue Date are mortgages in respect of "Investment Home Loans". Investment Home Loans are loans made to a Borrower to be used to remortgage or acquire properties to be occupied by tenants or held as an investment. Unless waived by Britannic Money or First Active, the conditions of the Mortgages in respect of Investment Home Loans require these properties to be let under an assured shorthold or short assured tenancy and in all cases that the occupier will have no statutory security of tenure (see "Certain Special Considerations -Risks Associated with Non-Owner Occupied Properties" above). Pre-Funded Mortgages, Substitute Mortgages or Further Mortgages acquired may comprise Investment Home Loans.

(g) Cross Default and Cross Collateralisation of Mortgages

The conditions of Investment Home Loans and Owner Occupied Loans provide for the cross-default and cross-collateralisation of all mortgages in the name of the same Borrower. Documentation shall be entered into by all parties with a beneficial interest in any mortgage where such cross-default or crosscollateralisation applies, to ensure that no Mortgage shall be enforced by the Issuer (or the Servicer at the direction of the Issuer) if the only reason for such enforcement is the default by a Borrower under a mortgage that is not part of the Mortgage Pool.

Lending Policy

On origination of each Mortgage from time to time comprised in the Mortgage Pool, the standard lending policy (the "Lending Policy") for the relevant product type would have been applied with certain minor variations to reflect different products originated in different periods:

General Lending Procedures

Endowment, Interest Only, Pension, Capital Repayment. Type:

Term: Minimum 5 years.

> Maximum 40 years in respect of Owner Occupied Loans and 30 years in respect of Investment Home Loans.

There is discretion to allow for the Original Term to be amended

based upon age and ability to repay.

Charge: First Legal Charge or Standard Security only.

Minimum loan of (i) £15.001 in respect of loans originated on or Original Loan: before 30 April 1998; and (ii) £25,001 in respect of loans

originated on or after 1 May 1998.

There is no maximum loan amount. Where the aggregated lending exceeds £300,000, an Executive Summary is produced highlighting key factors to support the lending decision. Loans over £1,500,000 require the approval of two executive directors of the credit committee and a non-executive representative of

First Active or the Board Credit Sub Committee.

Tenure:

Property:

Applicant:

LTV:

Freehold, heritable or long leasehold – leases to have a minimum of 30 years unexpired at the end of the mortgage term. Leases of less than 30 years may be accepted for lower risk cases, determined by LTV and credit score.

Located in England, Wales, Scotland or Northern Ireland, readily saleable, residential, of standard construction and (in the case of owner occupied properties) is the Borrower's prime residence and (in the case of investment properties) is capable of being occupied by residential tenants. Properties with not more than 25% commercial usage are permitted.

Resident in England, Wales, Scotland, Northern Ireland or the Republic of Ireland (unless in respect of an Investment Home Loan, the applicant is an expatriate as mentioned below).

One or more of the applicants must be a residential homeowner or a British or Irish expatriate working overseas. *There is discretion for this requirement to be waived.*

Britannic Money or First Active, as applicable will lend an amount based on the valuation or (in the case of properties being purchased) the purchase price, whichever is the lower ("LTV"), as follows:

(a) For Investment Home Loans

85% on loans of up to £250,000

80% on loans of £250,001-£500,000

75% on loans of £500,001 up to £1,000,000

70% on loans over £1,000,000

There is discretion for amendments to be made to the amount lent based on the valuation, without additional security.

The LTV is restricted to 80% where the property to be secured is a studio flat, a flat over a shop, or an ex local authority property.

(b) For Owner Occupied Loans

95% on loans of up to £250,000

90% on loans of £250,001 to £300,000

85% on loans of £300,001 to £500,000

75% on loans of £500,001 or more.

There is discretion for amendments to be made to the amount lent based on the valuation, without additional security. Discretion is permitted to lend more than 95% of the valuation. In these cases, each application is assessed on its own merits.

In the case of purchases, the LTV calculation may be based on the valuation rather than purchase price, where the property is being acquired at a discount.

Mortgage indemnity guarantee insurance is required on owner occupied loans with an LTV of greater than 75% unless the applicant has certified their income in accordance with lending guidelines.

Existing endowment policies with proven surrender values may, in exceptional circumstances, be accepted to increase the maximum loan to value ratio thresholds.

Minimum age is 25 years (for individuals) in respect of Investment Home Loans and 18 years for Owner Occupied Loans.

Age:

Income:

(a) Owner Occupied Loans

Single Applicant – up to 3.50 times the applicant's income.

Multiple Applicants – up to 3.50 times primary income plus 1 times secondary income or up to 2.75 times joint income.

Income is defined as:

- (a) For all self employed applicants or applicants who are directors of a company with a 25% or more shareholding 100% of the income as declared on the application form or 100% of the average income over the last two years as advised by an accountant's declaration or 100% of the average income shown in the last two years' tax assessments;
- (b) For employed applicants, 100% gross basic annual salary/ wages and any Regional Allowances, shift allowances, mortgage subsidy and "Profit Related Pay" ("PRP") in lieu of salary and 50% regular overtime/commissions, bonuses other than PRP and other income assessed on its merits; and
- (c) For applicants on long term contracts, eleven twelfths of the annualised contract rate.

Depending upon LTV, the multiple may reach a maximum of four times income or in the case of joint applicants, the greater of three times joint income or four times primary income plus one times secondary income.

Self employed applicants are permitted to certify their income in which case independent verification is not carried out. In such cases the maximum LTV's are:

85% for loans of up to £200,000;

80% for loans of £200,001 or more.

(b) Investment Home Loans:

Rental income as confirmed by Britannic Money or First Active appointed valuer must cover typically 125% to 130% of the annual interest payment calculated at the initial offered charging rate or the non-discounted or capped rate, whichever is the higher. Where a borrower has more than one Investment Home Loan, rental income of less than 125% may be permitted subject to the aggregate rental income meeting 125% of the aggregate annual interest payment.

There is discretion for rental income of less than 125% to be accepted if the shortfall is covered by other income.

The applicant's income must be sufficient to cover any existing residential mortgage.

Where a Borrower has more than one Investment Home Loan, the application may be considered on the basis of rental yield only.

Applicants are permitted to certify their income in which case independent verification is not carried out. In such cases the maximum LTV is 80%

Owner Occupied Loans and single property Investment Home Loans are credit scored. The credit score is based on a generic scorecard supplied by a credit reference agency. Where credit scoring has been used, a combination of the score and LTV will determine the level of references required. For cases with an LTV of 75% or less, and a credit score deemed to indicate a low risk applicant, a valuation report only is obtained. Notwithstanding this, at the time of application, the applicant will be advised that

references shall be sought and will be required to provide income and employer details.

Purpose:

(a) For Owner Occupied Loans:

Purchase or remortgage of owner occupied primary residence.

(b) For Investment Home Loans:

Purchase or remortgage of residential property for short term letting on an Assured Shorthold Tenancy (as defined in "The Mortgage Pool – Warranties and Repurchase" below) or for investment purposes.

There is discretion for other types of tenancies to be accepted based upon the amount of rent paid and the type of tenant in occupation.

Buildings Insurance:

Insurance required on standard terms with an acceptable insurer and issued for a sum insured of not less than that recommended by the surveyor.

Minimum Property Valuation or Purchase Price:

Owner Occupied Loans: £30,000 Investment Home Loans: £40,000

There is discretion for values or purchase prices to be lower based upon the surveyors report and the rental assessment.

References Required:

Credit reference searches are conducted on each applicant at all addresses disclosed or identified over a three year period. Lenders, landlords and/or bank references may also be required. Where subsequent Investment Home Loans are made to existing Borrowers, income and lenders references may not be taken up.

Life Policies:

Applicants are required to ensure that they have adequate life cover in place to repay the advance in the event of their death prior to the end of the Mortgage term. Such life cover is not assigned to the relevant Lender.

Expatriates:

The following restrictions apply to expatriates and only in respect of Investment Home Loans:

Must be employed, not self-employed;

Maximum loan size of £500,000; and

Maximum LTV of 80%.

Discretion:

To ensure flexibility the lending policy allows for applications that may be outside of the normal guidelines to be approved on condition that other mitigating factors of the application are of the highest quality.

All such cases are to be referred to the underwriters for approval.

Characteristics of the Provisional Mortgage Pool

The Mortgages in the Provisional Mortgage Pool have the aggregate characteristics indicated in Tables A to I below. Interest on the Mortgages in the Provisional Mortgage Pool is currently, other than in certain circumstances normally related to mortgages in arrears, paid on the last Business Day of each month and there is therefore a concentration of monthly payments under the Mortgages as at those dates.

The following tables give information on the Provisional Mortgage Pool at 30 April 2002.

Table A Key Data on the Provisional Mortgage Pool

Aggregate Drawn Mortgage Balances	£467,909,054
Aggregate Potential Redraw Amount	£33,689,023
Total Number of Mortgages	5,316
Largest Drawn Mortgage Balance	£1,750,050
Smallest Drawn Mortgage Balance	£17
Average Drawn Mortgage Balance	£88,019
Largest Potential Redraw Amount	£318,060
Average Potential Redraw Amount	£6,337
Weighted Average loan to value ratio (LTV) (including undrawn amount)	63.87%
Weighted Average loan to value ratio (LTV) (drawn amounts only)	61.51%
Weighted Average Seasoning (months)	5.40
Weighted Average Rental Cover (Investment Home Loans only)*	196.9%
Longest Maturity Date	22 May 2032

^{*} Based on 99.67% of the Provisional Mortgage Pool relating to Investment Home Loans (only) by value, for which data is available.

Characteristics of the Provisional Mortgage Pool

 Table B
 Distribution By Mortgage Size

		Aggregate		Aggregate	
	Proportion	Drawn	Proportion	Potential	Proportion
	of Total	Balances of	of Total	Redraw	of Total
Number of	Number	Mortgages	Amount	Amount	Amount
Mortgages	(%)	(£)	(%)	(£)	(%)
336	6.32%	7,465,019	1.60%	4,362,273	12.95%
485	9.12%	17,140,731	3.66%	2,154,460	6.40%
611	11.49%	27,665,880	5.91%	2,653,033	7.88%
1,461	27.48%	90,916,701	19.43%	6,641,332	19.71%
934	17.57%	80,757,469	17.26%	4,744,235	14.08%
921	17.33%	110,629,833	23.64%	6,278,495	18.64%
319	6.00%	54,864,864	11.73%	2,652,270	7.87%
164	3.09%	38,843,348	8.30%	2,468,732	7.33%
52	0.98%	18,196,082	3.89%	1,133,786	3.37%
14	0.26%	6,070,513	1.30%	272,108	0.81%
19	0.36%	15,358,615	3.28%	328,300	0.97%
5,316	100.00%	467,909,054	100.00%	33,689,023	100.00%
	Mortgages 336 485 611 1,461 934 921 319 164 52 14 19	Number of Mortgages (%) 336 6.32% 485 9.12% 611 11.49% 1,461 27.48% 934 17.57% 921 17.33% 319 6.00% 164 3.09% 52 0.98% 14 0.26% 19 0.36%	Number of Nortgages Number of Mortgages Number Mortgages 336 6.32% 7,465,019 485 9.12% 17,140,731 611 11.49% 27,665,880 1,461 27.48% 90,916,701 934 17.57% 80,757,469 921 17.33% 110,629,833 319 6.00% 54,864,864 164 3.09% 38,843,348 52 0.98% 18,196,082 14 0.26% 6,070,513 19 0.36% 15,358,615	Number of Number of Mortgages Number of Mortgages Proportion of Total Mortgages Proportion of Total Mortgages Proportion of Total Amount Mortgages Amount (%) (£) (%) (%) (£) (%) <th< td=""><td>Number of Mortgages Number Mortgages Amount (%) Proportion of Total Proportion Redraw 336 6.32% 7,465,019 1.60% 4,362,273 485 9.12% 17,140,731 3.66% 2,154,460 611 11.49% 27,665,880 5.91% 2,653,033 1,461 27.48% 90,916,701 19.43% 6,641,332 934 17.57% 80,757,469 17.26% 4,744,235 921 17.33% 110,629,833 23.64% 6,278,495 319 6.00% 54,864,864 11.73% 2,652,270 164 3.09% 38,843,348 8.30% 2,468,732 52 0.98% 18,196,082 3.89% 1,133,786 14 0.26% 6,070,513 1.30% 272,108 19 0.36% 15,358,615 3.28% 328,300</td></th<>	Number of Mortgages Number Mortgages Amount (%) Proportion of Total Proportion Redraw 336 6.32% 7,465,019 1.60% 4,362,273 485 9.12% 17,140,731 3.66% 2,154,460 611 11.49% 27,665,880 5.91% 2,653,033 1,461 27.48% 90,916,701 19.43% 6,641,332 934 17.57% 80,757,469 17.26% 4,744,235 921 17.33% 110,629,833 23.64% 6,278,495 319 6.00% 54,864,864 11.73% 2,652,270 164 3.09% 38,843,348 8.30% 2,468,732 52 0.98% 18,196,082 3.89% 1,133,786 14 0.26% 6,070,513 1.30% 272,108 19 0.36% 15,358,615 3.28% 328,300

Table C Loan to Value Ratio (Principal + Collection Balance/Latest Valuation)

			Aggregate		Aggregate	
		Proportion	Drawn	Proportion	Potential	Proportion
		of Total	Balances of	of Total	Redraw	of Total
	Number of	Number	Mortgages	Amount	Amount	Amount
LTV (%)	Mortgages	(%)	(£)	(%)	(£)	(%)
0 - 40	1,158	21.78%	70,989,031	15.17%	16,792,772	49.85%
over 40 - 50	648	12.19%	57,843,013	12.36%	6,520,973	19.36%
over 50 - 60	730	13.73%	69,090,022	14.77%	5,329,702	15.82%
over 60 - 70	830	15.61%	81,880,482	17.50%	3,423,709	10.16%
over 70 - 75	480	9.03%	52,330,870	11.18%	755,238	2.24%
over 75 - 80	554	10.42%	52,807,761	11.29%	501,945	1.49%
over 80 - 85	495	9.31%	49,418,697	10.56%	207,492	0.62%
over 85 - 90	189	3.56%	16,022,247	3.42%	64,481	0.19%
over 90 - 95	206	3.88%	15,904,467	3.40%	90,666	0.27%
over 95 - 100	26	0.49%	1,622,465	0.35%	2,046	0.01%
Over 100		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%
Total	5,316	100.00%	467,909,054	100.00%	33,689,023	100.00%

Table D Geographic Distribution

			Aggregate		<i>Aggregate</i>	
		Proportion	Drawn	Proportion	Potential	Proportion
		of Total	Balances of	of Total	Redraw	of Total
	Number of	Number	Mortgages	Amount	Amount	Amount
Region	Mortgages	(%)	(£)	(%)	(£)	(%)
East Anglia	237	4.46%	17,250,636	3.69%	1,080,907	3.21%
East Midlands	294	5.53%	20,867,519	4.46%	1,266,528	3.76%
London	711	13.37%	101,430,089	21.68%	6,782,700	20.13%
North	130	2.45%	8,395,452	1.79%	623,612	1.85%
North West	472	8.88%	30,698,362	6.56%	2,256,255	6.70%
Northern Ireland	146	2.75%	8,222,074	1.76%	299,728	0.89%
Scotland	31	0.58%	1,970,404	0.42%	102,872	0.31%
South East	1,852	34.84%	175,374,131	37.48%	14,501,799	43.05%
South West	562	10.57%	43,005,740	9.19%	3,130,422	9.29%
Wales	152	2.86%	9,333,301	1.99%	634,999	1.88%
West Midlands	373	7.02%	25,993,234	5.56%	1,670,627	4.96%
Yorkshire	349	6.57%	22,440,398	4.80%	1,207,375	3.58%
Other*	7	0.13%	2,927,715	0.63%	131,200	0.39%
Total	5,316	100.00%	467,909,054	100.00%	33,689,023	100.00%

^{*} Mortgages falling within the "Other" category represent cases where more than one property is recorded within a mortgage account, and as a result a specific region cannot be allocated.

Table E Seasoning

Year of Origination 1996 1997 1998 1999 2000 2001 2002 Total	Number of Mortgages 1 10 12 35 10 3,459 1,789	33.65%	Aggregate Drawn Balances of Mortgages (£) 14,184 440,765 553,022 1,865,881 980,591 298,842,477 165,212,135 467,909,054	Proportion of Total Amount (%) 0.00% 0.09% 0.12% 0.40% 0.21% 63.87% 35.31%	Aggregate Potential Redraw Amount (£) — 965 1,605 75,798 92,344 23,276,598 10,241,712 33,689,023	Proportion of Total Amount (%) 0.00% 0.00% 0.02% 0.22% 0.27% 69.09% 30.40%
Table F Loan Mat	urity					
Years to Maturity Less than or equal to 1 over 1 - 5 over 5 - 10 over 10 - 15 over 15 - 20 over 20 - 25 over 25	Number of Mortgages	Proportion of Total Number (%) 0.00% 1.54% 9.44% 22.33% 25.79% 39.95% 0.94%	Aggregate Drawn Balances of Mortgages (£) 7,158,466 36,842,666 90,674,165 118,844,775 209,176,867 5,212,115 467,909,054	Proportion of Total Amount (%) 0.00% 1.53% 7.87% 19.38% 25.40% 44.70% 1.11%	Aggregate Potential Redraw Amount (£) 415,665 3,165,251 9,573,361 8,360,019 11,838,062 336,666 33,689,023	Proportion of Total Amount (%) 0.00% 1.23% 9.40% 28.42% 24.82% 35.14% 1.00%
Table G Repayme	nt Method					
Endowment Interest Only Capital Repayment Other	Number of Mortgages 91 2,377 2,839 9		Aggregate Drawn Balances of Mortgages (£) 6,640,454 239,753,747 220,938,758 576,095	Proportion of Total Amount (%) 1.42% 51.24% 47.22% 0.12%	Aggregate Potential Redraw Amount (£) 182,200 18,547,033 14,948,917 10,874	Proportion of Total Amount (%) 0.54% 55.05% 44.37% 0.03%

100.00% 467,909,054

100.00% 33,689,023

100.00%

5,316

Table H Mortgage Purpose

			Aggregate		Aggregate	
		Proportion	Drawn	Proportion	Potential	Proportion
		of Total	Balances of	of Total	Redraw	of Total
	Number of	Number	Mortgages	Amount	Amount	Amount
Purpose	Mortgages	(%)	(£)	(%)	(£)	(%)
Purchase	1,935	36.40%	182,586,408	39.02%	7,177,130	21.30%
Remortgage	3,381	63.60%	285,322,645	60.98%	26,511,893	78.70%
	5,316	100.00%	467,909,054	100.00%	33,689,023	100.00%

Table I Owner Occupied/Investment Home Loans

		Proportion of Total	Aggregate Drawn Balances of	Proportion of Total	Aggregate Potential Redraw	Proportion of Total
	Number of Mortgages	Number (%)	Mortgages (£)	Amount (%)	Amount (£)	Amount (%)
Owner Occupied Loans Investment Home	3,664	68.92%	317,591,238	67.87%	28,852,144	85.64%
Loans	1,652	31.08%	150,317,815	32.13%	4,836,880	14.36%
	5,316	100.00%	467,909,054	100.00%	33,689,023	100.00%

Rounding may cause minor variations to the total percentage proportions shown in all of the Tables set out above.

Scottish Mortgages

Approximately 0.42% by value of the Mortgages in the Initial Mortgage Pool are Scottish Mortgages. These are secured over the relevant Properties by way of a first-ranking standard security, being the only means of creating a fixed charge or security over heritable property (i.e. land and buildings thereon) in Scotland. In respect of Scottish Mortgages, references herein to a "Mortgage" and a "mortgagee" are to be read as references to such a standard security and the heritable creditor thereunder, respectively.

A statutory set of "Standard Conditions" is automatically imported into all standard securities, although the majority of these Standard Conditions may be varied by agreement between the parties. Most lenders in the residential mortgage market vary the Standard Conditions by a "Deed of Variations", the terms of which are in turn imported into each Scottish Mortgage. Britannic Money has executed a Deed of Variations with a view to assimilating the terms of its Scottish Mortgage to those secured over properties in England from an operational viewpoint (subject to such limitations as are inherent to the difference between Scots and English law).

The provisions of the Standard Conditions which cannot be varied by agreement relate to enforcement. Generally, where a breach by a Borrower entitles the lender to require repayment an appropriate statutory notice must first be served. Firstly, the lender may serve a "calling up notice" with which the Borrower has two months to comply, failing which the lender may enforce its rights under the standard security by sale or the other remedies provided by statute (court application only being necessary where the Borrower fails to vacate the property). Alternatively, in the case of remediable breaches the lender may serve a "notice of default", in which event the Borrower has only one month in which to comply, but also has the right to object to the notice by court application within fourteen days to the date of service. In addition, the lender may in certain circumstances (e.g. the insolvency of the Borrower) make direct application to the court without the requirement of a preliminary notice. The appropriate steps for enforcement will therefore depend on the circumstances of each case, and the Servicer will in practice proceed with the remedy most likely to be effective in enforcing or protecting the security.

Until very recently, on court application being made by the lender for the relevant enforcement remedies (once a default by the Borrower has been established by one of the methods detailed in the preceding paragraph) the Scottish courts were bound, except in very limited circumstances, to grant the enforcement remedies sought. This position has been altered however by the Mortgage Rights

(Scotland) Act 2001, which was brought into force on 3 December 2001. The principal effect of this Act is to confer on the court a discretion, on the application of the Borrower (or the Borrower's spouse or partner) within certain time limits, to suspend the exercise of the lender's enforcement remedies for such period and to such extent as the court considers reasonable in the circumstances, having regard amongst other factors to the nature of the default, the applicant's ability to remedy it and the availability of alternative accommodation.

Pursuant to the Mortgage Sale Agreement, the transfer to the Issuer of the beneficial interest in the Scottish Mortgages and their collateral security will be effected by the declaration of the Scottish Trust (in relation to such of the Initial Mortgages as are Scottish Mortgages) or by further declarations of trust supplemental thereto (in relation to such Pre-Funded Mortgages, Substitute Mortgages or Further Mortgages as are Scottish Mortgages) by Britannic Money in favour of the Issuer. Further Advances and Redraws relating to Scottish Mortgages will also be comprised within the said trusts except to the extent that these are not acquired by the Issuer in terms of the Documents.

Northern Irish Mortgages

Approximately 1.76% of the Mortgages in the Initial Mortgage Pool are Northern Irish Mortgages. The title to the relevant properties is registered either in the Land Registry of Northern Ireland or the Registry of Deeds, depending on the nature of the title. These Mortgages are secured over the relevant properties by way of a first legal mortgage. The Northern Irish Mortgages will be transferred by way of an equitable assignment.

In cases of default by a Borrower requiring the issue of legal proceedings, those proceedings are virtually identical to English proceedings. After a possession order is obtained the judgement is enforced through the Enforcement of Judgements Office (rather than by bailiffs) and it has its own procedures for enforcement.

By virtue of Article 51 of The Judgements Enforcement (Northern Ireland) Order 1981 an order charging land, i.e. a judgement mortgage, if founded on a judgement in respect of rates payable in respect of that land, shall have priority over all other charges and encumbrances whatsoever affecting that land except other debts owing to the Crown.

English Mortgages – Enforcement

In order to realise its security in respect of a property located in England or Wales, the relevant mortgagee (be it the legal owner (Britannic Money or First Active), the beneficial owner (Arainty or the Issuer), the Trustee or its appointee (if the Trustee has taken enforcement action against the Issuer)) will need to obtain possession. There are two means of obtaining possession for this purpose; first, by taking physical possession (seldom done in practice), and secondly, by obtaining a court order.

If a mortgagee takes physical possession it will, as mortgagee in possession, have an obligation to account to the Borrower for the income obtained from the property, be liable for any damage to the property, have a limited liability to repair the property and, in certain circumstances, may be obliged to make improvements.

Actions for possession are regulated by statute and the Courts have certain powers to adjourn possession proceedings, to stay any possession order or postpone the date for delivery of possession. The Court will exercise such powers in favour of a Borrower, broadly, where it appears to the court that such Borrower is likely to be able, within a reasonable period, to pay any sums due under the Mortgage or to remedy any default consisting of a breach of any other obligation arising under or by virtue of the Mortgage.

The Court has a very wide discretion and may adopt a sympathetic attitude towards a Borrower faced with eviction. If a possession order in favour of the relevant mortgagee is granted, it may be suspended to allow the Borrower more time to pay. Once possession of the property has been obtained, the relevant mortgagee has a duty to the Borrower to take reasonable care to obtain the best price reasonably obtainable at the time for the property. Any failure to do so will put the relevant mortgagee at risk of an action for breach of such duty by the Borrower, although it is for the Borrower to prove breach of such duty. There is also a risk that a Borrower may also take court action to force the relevant mortgagee to sell the property within a reasonable time.

Title to the Mortgage Pool

The Initial Mortgage Pool will consist of Mortgages originated by Britannic Money or First Active and governed by English, Scots or Northern Irish law, as the case may be. Legal title to each Mortgage in the Provisional Mortgage Pool is vested in Britannic Money or First Active. Immediately prior to the sale of the Mortgages to the Issuer, the beneficial interests in the Mortgages will reside with Arianty. Pursuant to the Mortgage Sale Agreement, Arianty will transfer all of its interest in each Mortgage to the Issuer.

The completion of the transfer, assignation or conveyance of the Mortgages (and where appropriate, their registration or recording) to the Issuer will, save in the limited circumstances referred to below, be deferred. Legal title to the Mortgages will therefore remain with Britannic Money or First Active, (as applicable). The Issuer will grant to the Trustee a charge over its equitable interest in the Mortgages and their collateral security (or in relation to Scottish Mortgages will grant fixed security over its beneficial interest in the Scottish Trust).

The Servicer is required by the Servicing Agreement to ensure the safe custody of the title deeds relating to the Mortgages and to provide the Trustee with access to them at all reasonable times.

Save as mentioned below, neither the Issuer nor the Trustee will be entitled to effect any registration or recording at H.M. Land Registry, the Central Land Charges Registry, the Land Registry of Northern Ireland, the Registry of Deeds in Belfast or the Registers of Scotland (as appropriate) to protect the sale of the Mortgages to the Issuer or the granting of security over them by the Issuer in favour of the Trustee nor, save as mentioned below, will they be entitled to obtain possession of the title deeds to the properties the subject of the Mortgages.

Notices of the equitable assignment and declaration of the Scottish Trust to the Issuer and the security in favour of the Trustee will not, save as mentioned below, be given to the Borrowers. Notice of the interest of the Issuer and the Trustee will be given in respect of the Insurance Contracts.

Under the Mortgage Sale Agreement and the Deed of Charge, the Issuer and the Trustee will each be entitled to effect such registrations or recordings and give such notices as it considers necessary to protect its interests in the Mortgages, and to call for a legal assignment or transfer of the Mortgages and the collateral security in favour of the Issuer and a legal sub-mortgage or sub-standard security over such Mortgages and collateral security in favour of the Trustee, inter alia, where (i) it is obliged to do so by law, by court order or by a mandatory requirement of any regulatory authority, (ii) after an Enforcement Notice (as defined in the Deed of Charge) has been given, (iii) the Trustee considers in its reasonable opinion that the Charged Property (as defined in the Deed of Charge) or any part thereof is in jeopardy (including the possible insolvency of Arianty and/or Britannic Money and/or First Active (in respect of Mortgages originated by it) and that doing any of the foregoing acts or things would materially reduce such jeopardy, (iv) any action is taken for the winding-up, dissolution, administration or reorganisation of Arianty and/or Britannic Money and/or First Active (in respect of Mortgages originated by it) or any other entity in which legal title to any Mortgage is vested or (v) Britannic Money has ceased to be Servicer pursuant to the Servicing Agreement and is not replaced by the Standby Servicer. Following such legal assignment or transfer and sub-mortgage or sub-standard security, the Issuer and the Trustee will each be entitled to take all necessary steps to protect legal title to its interests in the Mortgages and collateral security, including the carrying out of any necessary registrations and notifications. These rights are supported by irrevocable powers of attorney given by each of Britannic Money and First Active and will be similarly supported in respect of Substitute Mortgages and Further Mortgages.

As a consequence of neither the Issuer nor the Trustee obtaining legal title to the Mortgages, a bona fide purchaser from Britannic Money, First Active and/or Arianty for value of any of such Mortgages without notice of any of the interests in the Mortgages of the Issuer or the Trustee might obtain a good title to any of such Mortgages free of any such interest. However, the risk of third party claims obtaining priority to the interests of the Issuer or the Trustee in this way would be likely to be limited to circumstances arising from a breach by Britannic Money, First Active and/or Arianty of its contractual obligations or fraud, negligence or mistake on the part of Britannic Money, First Active and/or Arianty (and in such circumstances a right of action would exist against Britannic Money, First Active and/or Arianty as applicable) or the Issuer or their respective personnel or agents. Further, the rights of the Issuer and the Trustee may be or become subject to the direct rights of the Borrowers against Britannic Money or First Active. Such rights may include the rights of set-off existing prior to notification to the Borrowers of the sale of the Mortgages which arise in relation to the Borrower's right to make a Redraw and the rights of Borrowers to redeem their Mortgages by repaying the relevant loan directly to Britannic Money or First

Active, as applicable. These rights may result in the Issuer receiving less sums than anticipated from the Mortgages.

For so long as neither the Issuer nor the Trustee have obtained legal title to the Mortgages, each of Britannic Money and First Active will undertake in the Mortgage Sale Agreement for the benefit of the Issuer and the Trustee that it will lend its name to, and take such other steps as may reasonably be required by the Issuer or the Trustee in relation to, any legal proceedings in respect of the Mortgages and their related security, subject to the requirements of Britannic Money's enforcement policy from time to time.

If on any Interest Payment Date, the aggregate amount of Redraws the right to repayment of which Britannic Money and First Active have available for sale exceeds the Maximum Redraw Amount on such Interest Payment Date, the Issuer will hold the benefit of the relevant Mortgage on trust for itself and Britannic Money or First Active, as applicable, each party's interest being proportionate to the funding provided by it. Britannic Money or First Active, as the case may be will be entitled to be paid its *pro rata* share of the amounts received in respect of any such Mortgage as an Excluded Item.

Warranties and Repurchase

The Mortgage Sale Agreement will contain (i) warranties given by Arianty as at the Issue Date in relation to the Mortgages (or, in the case of Further Mortgages or Substitute Mortgages, as at the date such Mortgages are acquired by the Issuer) (ii) warranties given by Britannic Money in relation to the Mortgages as at the date of the sale of the Mortgages to Arianty under the Origination Mortgage Sale Agreement (and, in the case of Pre-Funded Mortgages, Further Mortgages or Substitute Mortgages, as at the date such Mortgages were sold to Arianty under the Origination Mortgage Sale Agreement) (iii) warranties given by Britannic Money in relation to the Mortgages in its capacity as Administrator under the Origination Administration Agreement with respect to the period between the date of sale of the Mortgages to Arianty under the Origination Mortgages, Further Mortgages or Substitute Mortgages, with respect to the period between the date of sale of the Mortgages to Arianty under the Origination Mortgage Sale Agreement and the date of sale of the Mortgages to Arianty under the Origination Mortgage Sale Agreement and the date they are acquired by the Issuer). Further Mortgages, Initial Mortgages, the Substitute Mortgages (as defined below) and the Pre-Funded Mortgages are referred to as the "Mortgages".

No searches, enquiries or independent investigation of title of the type which a prudent purchaser or mortgagee would normally be expected to carry out have been or will be made by the Issuer or the Trustee, each of whom is relying entirely on the warranties set out in the Mortgage Sale Agreement.

If there is an unremedied breach of any of the warranties set out in the Mortgage Sale Agreement then Arianty or Britannic Money, as applicable, will be obliged to repurchase the relevant Mortgage and its collateral security for a consideration in cash equal to all sums due or owing thereunder (including accrued interest and arrears) as at the date of repurchase (after deducting the amount of any interest not then accrued but paid in advance by the relevant Borrower, which amount will be retained by the Issuer). Performance of such repurchase will be in full satisfaction of the liabilities of Arianty and/or Britannic Money in respect of the relevant breach. Alternatively, as consideration for such repurchase, Arianty or Britannic Money, as applicable, may elect to transfer or may procure that an affiliate of Britannic Money will transfer another mortgage originated by Britannic Money or First Active and complying with the eligibility criteria applicable to the Initial Mortgages (a "Substitute Mortgage") with an Adjusted Balance equal to or greater than the amount of such cash consideration provided however that the Substitute Mortgage complies with certain conditions set out in the Mortgage Sale Agreement. "Adjusted Balance" means, in respect of any Substitute Mortgage, the original principal amount advanced to the Borrower thereunder plus any Redraw and Further Advance made thereon less any prepayment, repayment or payment of or in respect of any of the foregoing prior to the date on which it is proposed such Substitute Mortgage be transferred to the Issuer. Such obligations of Arianty and/or Britannic Money are without prejudice to any other remedies available to the Issuer and/or the Trustee if Arianty and/or Britannic Money fails to repurchase or procure the repurchase of, or substitute or procure the substitution of, a Mortgage when obliged to do so. Arianty and/or Britannic Money may not offer a Substitute Mortgage to the Issuer if the aggregate outstanding balances of the Mortgages comprising the Mortgage Pool on the immediately preceding Determination Date and the outstanding principal balance of the Substitute Mortgage offered plus the aggregate Potential Redraw Amount with respect to the Mortgages comprising the Mortgage Pool on the immediately preceding Determination Date and the Substitute Mortgage offered does not exceed the sum of (i) the aggregate outstanding principal balances of the Mortgages comprising the Mortgage Pool and (ii) the aggregate Potential

Redraw Amount with respect to such Mortgages, each as at the Determination Date immediately preceding the last Interest Payment Date.

Where a Mortgage triggers a warranty breach by both Arianty and Britannic Money (the "Warrantors"), the Issuer may claim or, as the case my be, initiate claims against both of the Warrantors or either one of the Warrantors in respect of such breach.

The warranties of Arianty and Britannic Money referred to above include statements to the following effect:

- (i) each Mortgage constitutes a valid and subsisting first charge by way of legal mortgage or standard security or fixed charge or mortgage over the residential property situated in England, Wales, Scotland or Northern Ireland;
- (ii) each Mortgage constitutes a valid and binding obligation of the Borrower enforceable in accordance with its terms and secures the repayment of all advances (including Redraws), any Further Advances, interest, costs and expenses payable by the Borrower;
- (iii) prior to making an advance to the Borrower, the relevant property was valued by an independent qualified valuer approved by Britannic Money;
- (iv) prior to making an advance in respect of each Investment Home Loan to a Borrower, a rental income estimate on the relevant property was obtained from an independent qualified valuer approved by Britannic Money;
- (v) each Mortgage was originated by Britannic Money or First Active and complied with the Lending Policy applicable at the time of origination in all material respects;
- (vi) prior to the making of an advance to a Borrower, all investigations, searches and other actions which a prudent mortgage lender would normally make when advancing money to an individual on the security of residential property in England, Wales, Scotland or Northern Ireland (as appropriate) were taken by Britannic Money or on its behalf in respect of each Mortgage;
- (vii) each property the subject of a Mortgage is insured (i) under a Buildings Policy, either in the joint names of the Borrower and Britannic Money or with the interest of Britannic Money (as mortgagee) endorsed or otherwise noted thereon, or (ii) (in the case of leasehold property) under a landlord's building's insurance with, where possible, the interests of Britannic Money and the Borrower endorsed thereon, in each case with an insurance company approved by Britannic Money against risks usually covered by mortgage lenders in England, Wales, Scotland or Northern Ireland (as appropriate) when advancing money on the security of residential property of the same nature to an amount not less than the full reinstatement value thereof as determined by Britannic Money's valuer, or (iii) under an appropriate Building Contingency Policy;
- (viii) to the best of the knowledge of the relevant Warrantor, the Building Contingency Policy is in full force and effect;
- (ix) in relation to each Mortgage:
 - (a) if the property the subject of such Mortgage (not being a property in Scotland) is not registered, the Borrower has good and marketable title to the fee simple absolute in possession (in the case of freehold property) (or in the case of certain properties in Northern Ireland, to the fee farm interest) or a term of years absolute (in the case of leasehold property) of not less than 30 years beyond the term of the mortgage relating to such property and the relevant property is free (save for the Mortgage) from any encumbrance which would affect such title:
 - (b) if the property the subject of such Mortgage (not being a property in Scotland) is registered, it has been registered with title absolute (in the case of freehold property) or absolute or good leasehold title of the requisite terms (in the case of leasehold property) or is in the process of being so registered; and
 - (c) if the property the subject of such Mortgage is situated in Scotland, the Borrower has a valid and marketable heritable or long leasehold title thereto (having in the case of leasehold property a remaining terms of not less than 30 years beyond the terms of the relevant Mortgage), duly registered or recorded in the Registers of Scotland (with, in the case of registered titles, no exclusions of indemnity) or in the process of being so registered or recorded, and the relevant property is free (save for the Mortgage) from any encumbrance which would affect such title;

- (x) no agreement relating to any Mortgage or Further Advance is a Consumer Credit Agreement (as defined in the Consumer Credit Act 1974) or constitutes any other agreement regulated or partly regulated by the Consumer Credit Act 1974 (other than section 137 to section 140 of the Consumer Credit Act 1974) or any modification or re-enactment thereof;
- (xi) no term of any Mortgage would not be binding on the relevant Borrower pursuant to The Unfair Terms in Consumer Contracts Regulations 1999;
- (xii) in respect of each Investment Home Loan the relevant tenancy, if any, is (i) a valid assured shorthold tenancy within the meaning of the Housing Act 1988 or a short assured tenancy within the meaning of the Housing (Scotland) Act 1988 (an "Assured Shorthold Tenancy") for a fixed term of not more than 12 months or the tenant does not otherwise have statutory security of tenure and (ii) the relevant Warrantor is not aware of any material breach of such agreement;
- (xiii) as at 30 April 2002 none of the Mortgages in the Initial Portfolio was in arrears by an amount in excess of one monthly scheduled payment or had been so in arrears during the preceding 12 months. No Pre-Funded Mortgages, Substitute Mortgages or Further Mortgages are in arrears by an amount in excess of one monthly scheduled payment or had been so in arrears during the 12 months preceding the date on which they are purchased by the Issuer; and
- (xiv) at least one payment of principal and/or interest has been made by the relevant Borrower under each Mortgage.

Administration of the Mortgage Pool

The Servicer is required to administer the Mortgage Pool as the agent of the Issuer and the Trustee under and in accordance with the terms of the Servicing Agreement. The duties of the Servicer include:

- (i) setting the interest rate on the Standard Variable Mortgages from time to time;
- (ii) determining LIBOR in respect of the LIBOR Linked Mortgages and the Bank of England Base Rate in respect of the Base Rate Linked Mortgages;
- (iii) collecting payments on the Mortgages and discharging Mortgages and related security upon redemption;
- (iv) administering and/or facilitating Redraws under Flexible Mortgages;
- (v) monitoring and, where appropriate, pursuing arrears and enforcing the security;
- (vi) taking all reasonable steps to ensure safe custody of all title deeds and documents in respect of the Mortgages and their related security which are in its possession;
- (vii) making claims under the Insurance Contracts;
- (viii) administering the Issuer's interests in any collateral security related to the Mortgages;
- (ix) managing the operation of the Bank Accounts;
- (x) calculating payments due under each item in the Priority of Payments;
- (xi) making the required entries in the Principal Deficiency Ledger;
- (xii) dealing with conversion of Mortgages and the making of Further Advances (see further "Conversion of Mortgages" and "Further Advances" below);
- (xiii) making arrangements for the payment by the Issuer of interest and principal in respect of the Notes subject to the terms thereof and to the availability of funds;
- (xiv) determining the Threshold Rate and the weighted average rate of interest applicable to the Mortgages; and
- (xv) ensuring the acquisition of Further Mortgages and Substitute Mortgages in accordance with the terms of the Transaction Documents.

For so long as the Servicer continues to be the Issuer's and the Trustee's agent for the administration of the Mortgage Pool, it will be authorised to operate the Bank Accounts for these purposes, subject to the constraints set out in the Servicing Agreement. Payments under the Mortgages are in the majority of cases collected from Borrowers under the direct debiting system.

The Servicer is entitled to delegate its functions under the Servicing Agreement subject to certain conditions. The Servicer remains liable to the Issuer for the performance of those functions notwithstanding such delegation.

The Servicer is entitled to charge a fee for its services under the Servicing Agreement payable on each Interest Payment Date, such fee to be limited to an amount equal to the product of 0.10% per annum and the aggregate principal balances of the Mortgages on the last day of the immediately preceding Collection Period, inclusive of value added tax while the Servicer is Britannic Money or an affiliate of Britannic Money.

The appointment of Britannic Money as Servicer may be terminated by the Trustee on the happening of certain events of default or insolvency on the part of Britannic Money or if the security for the Notes comprised in the Deed of Charge is enforced. Following any such termination, the Issuer and the Trustee may appoint a substitute servicer. The Servicer will provide reasonable co-operation in order to facilitate the handover of its responsibilities. For a period of three months following such termination, the Issuer, the Trustee (or its agents) and any substitute servicer will be entitled to such non-exclusive licences and intellectual property that the Servicer is legally empowered to grant, the right to employ staff of the Servicer and access to the premises and equipment of the Servicer, as required to service the Mortgages, subject to certain reasonable limitations.

The registered office of the Servicer is located at Sir William Atkins House, Ashley Avenue, Epsom, Surrey KT18 5AS.

The Servicer has disaster recovery systems and back up arrangements in place. The current arrangements include nightly backups of all production data and additional discrete monthly backups, in each case to a secure offsite location. In the event of a "disaster" (for these purposes, any event which disrupts on-line availability for more than eight hours), the Servicer software will be loaded on one or more computers in a secure offsite location. The completion of recovery is to take place within eight hours.

The Servicer will covenant to use its reasonable endeavours to maintain those arrangements without material alteration. Any replacement arrangements which are materially different may not be entered into unless the Trustee has provided the Servicer with its prior written consent (not to be unreasonably withheld or delayed) and the Rating Agencies have confirmed that such alteration will not result in a lowering of the then current ratings of the Notes.

The Trustee shall have no responsibility for the genuineness, validity, effectiveness or suitability of any of the Mortgages, the advances relating thereto, the collateral security, including but not limited to the Insurance Contracts and the life policies or any of the Further Advances or Redraws made in respect of the Mortgages or any other documents or manuals entered into or in connection therewith or relating thereto or any obligation or rights created or purported to be created thereby or pursuant thereto and the Trustee shall not be responsible or liable for the investigation of any of the foregoing. The Trust Deed and the Deed of Charge include provisions which further limit the responsibility and liability of the Trustee in respect of the Mortgages, the advances relating thereto and the collateral security in relation thereto.

First Active will be appointed as Standby Servicer pursuant to the Servicing Agreement. In the event that the appointment of Britannic Money is terminated, the Standby Servicer has agreed to provide the equivalent services to the Issuer and the Trustee as set out in, and upon the terms and conditions of, the Servicing Agreement. The Standby Servicer will be entitled to claim a fee for acting as Standby Servicer. The amount of such fee is subject to the agreement of the Issuer and the Trustee and the prior written confirmation of the Rating Agencies that the amount of such fee will not adversely affect the then current rating of the Notes and shall be payable in accordance with the Priority of Payments. The term "Standby Servicer" shall include any person who may be appointed as such from time to time pursuant to the Servicing Agreement.

Enforcement Procedures

Britannic Money has established procedures for managing loans which are in arrears, including early contact with Borrowers in order to find a solution to any financial difficulties they may be experiencing. Such solutions may include offering the option to transfer to a long term arrangement. The procedures permit discretion to be exercised by the appropriate officer of Britannic Money in many circumstances. These same procedures, as from time to time varied with the consent of, *inter alios*, the Trustee, are required to be used by the Servicer in respect of arrears arising on the Mortgages (see also "Scottish Mortgages" above).

In the case of enforcement of Investment Home Loans, the procedure may include the appointment of a receiver of rent. Where appointed, a receiver of rent is deemed to be the agent of the Borrower and must collect any rents payable in respect of the relevant property and apply them (after payment of certain

statutorily prescribed outgoings) in payment of any interest and arrears accruing under the Mortgage and thereafter any surplus shall either be applied in discharge of principal if required by the lender, or paid to the Borrower.

Further Advances

Britannic Money or First Active, as applicable may make Further Advances to Borrowers secured on the relevant property against which the original advance was made at any time and sell such Further Advance to the Issuer subject to the conditions set out below for a consideration in cash equal to all sums due or owing thereunder (including accrued interest) at the date of such purchase (after deducting any interest not then accrued but paid in advance by the relevant Borrower, which amount will be retained by Britannic Money or First Active, as applicable). In relation to a Flexible Mortgage, a Borrower may request a Further Advance and Britannic Money or First Active, as applicable, may, in response to such request, increase the Borrower's Loan Limit.

Further Advances may only be purchased by the Issuer on an Interest Payment Date and if, *inter alia*, the sum of (i) the aggregate outstanding principal balances of the Mortgages comprising the Mortgage Pool on the immediately preceding Determination Date; (ii) the aggregate principal balances of the Further Mortgages and Further Advances to be purchased on such Interest Payment Date; and (iii) the aggregate Potential Redraw Amount with respect to both the Mortgages comprising the Mortgage Pool on the immediately preceding Determination Date and the Further Mortgages and the Further Advances to be purchased on such Interest Payment Date does not equal or exceed the sum of: (i) the aggregate outstanding principal balances of the Mortgages comprising the Mortgage Pool on the Determination Date immediately preceding the last Interest Payment Date; (ii) the aggregate principal balances of the Further Mortgages and the Further Advances purchased on the last Interest Payment Date; plus (iii) the aggregate Potential Redraw Amount with respect to the Mortgages comprising the Mortgage Pool on the Determination Date immediately preceding the last Interest Payment Date and the Further Mortgages and the Further Advances purchased on the last Interest Payment Date.

A Further Advance shall be required (a) not to have a fixed rate or be subject to a variable rate of interest set by Britannic Money from time to time but which variable rate is subject to a maximum rate or a minimum rate unless such Further Advance is hedged by the Issuer to ensure that the Threshold Rate is met by the Issuer on each Interest Payment Date, (b) not to be linked to Bank of England Base Rate, unless the amount standing to the credit of the Base Rate Reserve is sufficient to cover such Further Advance or the Further Advance has been hedged pursuant to a Base Rate Swap in addition to the Base Rate Linked Mortgages already included in the Mortgage Pool and the rate of interest charged in respect of the advance is a rate of interest equal to or greater than the Bank of England Base Rate plus the relevant Threshold Rate plus 0.15%, (c) not to be linked to LIBOR other than one month LIBOR which is fixed on the same day in respect of the following Interest Period as Note LIBOR and charges a rate of interest equal to or greater than the Threshold Rate or the Further Advance has been hedged pursuant to a LIBOR Swap and (d) not to carry a discounted rate, unless the amount standing to the credit of the Discount Reserve is sufficient to cover any Expected Differential relating to such Further Advance in addition to the Discounted Mortgages already included in the Mortgage Pool (and for the avoidance of doubt, these requirements will be met in respect of Further Advances comprising any of the interest rate types set out above which also carry a discounted rate if they meet the requirements of this paragraph (d) notwithstanding that the conditions relating to the minimum rate of interest for the respective interest rate type in paragraph (b) and (c) above may not be met).

The sale of a Further Advance by Britannic Money or First Active to the Issuer will be subject, *inter alia*, to the following conditions (unless the Rating Agencies agree otherwise):

- (i) upon the making of any Further Advance, the relevant Borrower is not, so far as the Servicer is aware, in material breach of any of the conditions of the relevant Borrower's existing Mortgage;
- (ii) to the extent that the Servicer has reason to believe that the Further Advance to be made to a Borrower may result in a regulated agreement (as defined in the Consumer Credit Act 1974), the applicable provisions of the Consumer Credit Act 1974 relating to the regulated agreement will be complied with;
- (iii) if the terms on which the Further Advance is made include a term or terms to which The Unfair Terms in Consumer Contracts Regulations 1999 (the "Regulations") apply (pursuant to Regulation 3 thereof), such term or terms is or are not a term or terms of the kind described in Regulation 4 of the Regulations;
- (iv) no drawing has been made on the Reserve Fund in the previous month;

- (v) each Further Advance is made on terms which are legal, valid and binding and the amount of such Further Advance (together with all related fees, costs and expenses) will have the benefit of the same security (whether under the same charge, standard security or under a second charge or standard security ranking immediately behind the relevant existing charge) as the principal amount outstanding under the relevant Mortgage immediately prior to the making of such Further Advance;
- (vi) Britannic Money's procedures have been applied to the Further Advance and to the circumstances of the Borrower at the time the Further Advance was made;
- (vii) prior to making the Further Advance, any second charge or other security created in favour of a third party, has been either expressly postponed to the charge or other security securing such Further Advance or redeemed out of the proceeds of the Further Advance simultaneously with the making of the Further Advance;
- (viii) no Enforcement Notice (as defined in the Deed of Charge) has been given by the Trustee which remains in effect;
- (ix) the amount of the Further Advance, when added to the amount of any Further Mortgage and/or Further Advances purchased by the Issuer since the last Interest Payment Date does not exceed 3% of the aggregate balances of the Mortgages in the Mortgage Pool as at the relevant Determination Date:
- (x) the amount of the Further Advance, when added to the amount of any Further Advances previously made does not exceed 10% of the aggregate outstanding principal balances of the Initial Mortgages on the Issue Date;
- (xi) no Rating Agency has notified the Issuer in writing that the sale or purchase of the Further Advance will cause the rating of the Notes to be downgraded;
- (xii) the product of the weighted average foreclosure frequency ("WAFF") and the weighted average loss severity ("WALS") calculation for the Initial Mortgage Pool may not be exceeded by more than 0.25% after such Further Advance is purchased;
- (xiii) the amount of interest arrears as a percentage of gross interest due on all Mortgages outstanding during the twelve months then ending shall not exceed 2%;
- (xiv) the weighted average LTV of the Mortgages following the purchase of Further Mortgages and/or Further Advances shall not exceed the weighted average LTV of the Initial Mortgage Pool by more than 2%; and
- (xv) the Principal Deficiency calculated on the Determination Date immediately preceding the Interest Payment Date on which such Further Advance is purchased does not exceed 0.1% of the aggregate principal amount outstanding of the Initial Mortgage Pool.

In the limited circumstances in which the Issuer is unable to purchase a Further Advance as described above (and in those circumstances only), Britannic Money or First Active, as applicable, at its option may repurchase the relevant Mortgage, provided it is fully performing, from the Issuer for a consideration in cash equal to all sums due or owing thereunder (including accrued interest) at the date of such repurchase (after deducting any interest not then accrued but paid in advance by the relevant mortgagor), which amount will be retained by the Issuer.

Further Mortgages

The Issuer may during the Substitution Period acquire Further Mortgages using monies available for the purpose in accordance with the Priority of Payments, subject to the Notes not having been redeemed in accordance with Class A Condition 5, Class M Condition 5 and Class B Condition 5 and enforcement of the security not having taken place in accordance with Class A Condition 10, Class M Condition 10 and Class B Condition 10. Further Mortgages may only be purchased by the Issuer on an Interest Payment Date and if, *inter alia*, the sum of (i) the aggregate outstanding principal balances of the Mortgages comprising the Mortgage Pool on the immediately preceding Determination Date, (ii) the aggregate principal balances of the Further Mortgages and Further Advances to be purchased on such Interest Payment Date, and (iii) the aggregate Potential Redraw Amount with respect to both the Mortgages comprising the Mortgage Pool on the immediately preceding Determination Date and the Further Mortgages and the Further Advances to be purchased on such Interest Payment Date does not equal or exceed the sum of (i) the aggregate outstanding principal balances of the Mortgages comprising the Mortgage Pool on the Determination Date immediately preceding the last Interest Payment Date, (ii) the

aggregate principal balances of the Further Mortgages and the Further Advances purchased on the last Interest Payment Date, and (iii) the aggregate Potential Redraw Amount with respect to the Mortgages comprising the Mortgage Pool on the Determination Date immediately preceding the last Interest Payment Date and the Further Mortgages and the Further Advances purchased on the last Interest Payment Date. Each Further Mortgage must comply with the then prevailing Lending Policy and the same representations and warranties will be made with respect to the Further Mortgages as were made with respect to the Initial Mortgages as at the date on which such Further Mortgages are acquired, all as more particularly described in the Mortgage Sale Agreement.

Mortgages which qualify as Further Mortgages (a) shall be originated by Britannic Money, (b) may not be Capped Rate Mortgages, Fixed Rate Mortgages, or mortgages which are subject to a fixed rate of interest set by Britannic Money from time to time but which variable rate is subject to both a maximum rate and a minimum rate ("Collared Rate Mortgages") unless such Capped Rate Mortgages, Fixed Rate Mortgages or Collared Rate Mortgages are hedged by the Issuer to ensure that the Threshold Rate is met by the Issuer on each Interest Payment Date, (c) may not include any Base Rate Linked Mortgages, unless the amount standing to the credit of the Base Rate Reserve is sufficient to cover such further Base Rate Linked Mortgages in addition to those already included in the Mortgage Pool and the rate of interest charged in respect of such Mortgage is equal to or greater than the Bank of England Base Rate plus the relevant Threshold Rate plus 0.15% or such Mortgage has been hedged pursuant to a Base Rate Swap, (d) may not include any LIBOR Linked Mortgages, unless such LIBOR Linked Mortgages are linked to one month LIBOR which is fixed on the same day in respect of the following Interest Period as Note LIBOR and the rate of interest charged in respect of such Mortgage is equal to or greater than the Threshold Rate or such Mortgage has been hedged pursuant to a LIBOR Swap, (e) may not include any Discounted Mortgages, unless the amount standing to the credit of the Discount Reserve is sufficient to cover any Expected Differentials relating to such further Discounted Mortgages in addition to the ones already included in the Mortgage Pool (and for the avoidance of doubt, mortgages comprising any of the interest rate types set out above which are also Discounted Mortgages will qualify as Further Mortgages if they meet the requirements for Discounted Mortgages notwithstanding that the conditions relating to the minimum rate of interest for the respective interest rate type in paragraphs (c) and (d) above may not be met), (f) shall not have a final repayment date of later than May 2032; and (g) the Borrower of such Further Mortgage which comprises a Flexible Mortgage shall be bound to pay a Commitment Fee of not less than 1% and the percentage of the Borrower Loan Limit used in determining the Excess Amount is not more than 20%.

The acquisition of Further Mortgages by the Issuer will be subject, *inter alia*, to the following conditions:

- (i) the amount of Further Mortgages when added to the amount of Further Mortgages and/or Further Advances purchased by the Issuer since the last Interest Payment Date does not exceed 3% of aggregate balances of the Mortgages as at the relevant Determination Date;
- (ii) the product of the WAFF and WALS calculation for the Initial Mortgage Pool may not be exceeded by more than 0.25% after such Further Mortgages and/or Further Advances are purchased;
- (iii) the aggregate principal balance of Mortgages in respect of which there are arrears of an amount greater than £100 does not exceed 2.5% of the aggregate principal balance of the Mortgages in the Mortgage Pool, in each case as at the relevant Determination Date;
- (iv) the amount of interest arrears as a percentage of gross interest due on all Mortgages outstanding during the twelve months then ending shall not exceed 2%;
- (v) the aggregate principal balances of Mortgages where the relevant property is located in London and the south-east of England following the purchase of the Further Mortgages and/or Further Advances does not exceed 80% of the total aggregate principal balance of the Mortgages in the Mortgage Pool as at the relevant Determination Date;
- (vi) the weighted average LTV of the Mortgages following the purchase of Further Mortgages and/or Further Advances shall not exceed the weighted average LTV of the Initial Mortgage Pool by more than 2%;
- (vii) no drawing has been made on the Reserve Fund in the previous month;
- (viii) the Principal Deficiency calculated on the Determination Date immediately preceding the Interest Payment Date on which such Further Mortgages are purchased does not exceed 0.1% of the aggregate principal amount outstanding of the Initial Mortgage Pool;
- (ix) no Rating Agency has notified the Issuer in writing that the sale or purchase of the Further Mortgage will cause the rating of the Notes to be downgraded; and

(x) in the case of Owner Occupied Loans where the Borrower is not self-employed, the Borrower's income has been independently verified.

The provisions of this paragraph (other than sub-paragraph (i)) apply equally to Pre-Funded Mortgages, which shall be deemed to be Further Mortgages for this purpose.

Non-Verified Mortgages

Under the Mortgage Sale Agreement, if Arianty shall not have been able to verify receipt of the first payment of principal and/or interest by the relevant Borrowers in respect of the Non-Verified Mortgages prior to the Issue Date, then Arianty shall, pursuant to the Mortgage Sale Agreement, exclude such Mortgages from the Initial Mortgage Pool.

Conversion of Mortgages

The Servicer on behalf of the Issuer may agree to a request by a Borrower to convert his Mortgage (or, in the case of a default by a Borrower, may itself elect to convert such Borrower's Mortgage) by means of a variation agreement (subject to satisfaction of the following conditions) into an Endowment Mortgage, a Repayment Mortgage, an Interest Only Mortgage or a Pension Mortgage or a combination of one or more such types of Mortgage and/or into any other type of mortgage (a "Converted Mortgage") except (a) in the case of a conversion to a Fixed Rate Mortgage, Capped Rate Mortgage or Collared Rate Mortgage, which may only be effected if the Issuer is able to enter into hedges to ensure that the Threshold Rate is met by the Issuer on each Interest Payment Date, (b) in the case of a conversion into a Base Rate Linked Mortgage, which may only be effected if the amount standing to the credit of the Base Rate Reserve is sufficient to cover such further Base Rate Linked Mortgage linked to Bank of England Base Rate in addition to those already included in the Mortgage Pool and the rate of interest charged in respect of such Mortgage is equal to or greater than the Bank of England Base Rate plus the relevant Threshold Rate plus 0.15% or such mortgage has been hedged pursuant to a Base Rate Swap, (c) in the case of a conversion to a LIBOR Linked Mortgage, which may only be effected if such LIBOR Linked Mortgage is linked to one month LIBOR which is fixed on the same day in respect of the following Interest Period as Note LIBOR and the rate of interest charged in respect of such Mortgage is equal to or greater than the Threshold Rate or such mortgage has been hedged pursuant to a LIBOR Swap and (d) in the case of a conversion into a Discounted Mortgage, which may only be effected if the amount standing to the credit of the Discount Reserve is sufficient to cover any Expected Differential relating to such further Discounted Mortgage in addition to those already included in the Mortgage Pool (and for the avoidance of doubt, a conversion to a mortgage comprising any of the interest rate types set out above which is also a Discounted Mortgage will be permitted if it meets the requirements of this paragraph (d) notwithstanding that the conditions relating to the minimum rate of interest for the respective interest rate type in paragraphs (b) and (c) above may not be met).

The relevant conditions are, inter alia, that:

- (i) no Enforcement Notice has been given by the Trustee which remains in effect at the date of the relevant conversion;
- (ii) the provisions of the Consumer Credit Act 1974 relating to regulated agreements and other applicable legislation will be complied with (to the extent they apply);
- (iii) the Converted Mortgage will be on the terms of the relevant standard documentation utilised by Britannic Money or First Active, as applicable, at the time of such conversion to document the terms of mortgages it is offering generally and which has not been varied in any material respect;
- (iv) the conversion of the applicable Mortgage is effected in writing;
- (v) the effect of the conversion would not be to extend the final maturity date of such Mortgage to beyond two years prior to the maturity date of the Notes;
- (vi) in the case of conversion to a Fixed Rate Mortgage, a Capped Rate Mortgage, Collared Rate Mortgage or Base Rate Linked Mortgage not linked to one month LIBOR, and any costs associated with purchasing the hedges required in order to ensure that the Threshold Rate is met by the Issuer on any Interest Payment Date are capable of being met under (xviii) of the Priority of Payments; and
- (vii) no Rating Agency has notified the Issuer in writing that the conversion of the applicable Mortgage will cause the rating of the Notes to be downgraded.

In the limited circumstances in which the Issuer is unable to agree to a conversion request (as described above) and in those circumstances only, Britannic Money or First Active, as applicable, may repurchase the relevant Mortgage from the Issuer for a consideration in cash equal to all sums due or owing thereunder (including accrued interest) at the date of such repurchase (after deducting any interest not then accrued but paid in advance by the relevant mortgagor, which amount will be retained by the Issuer).

Insurance Contracts

The Issuer and the Trustee will have the benefit of a building contingency policy (the "Buildings Contingency Policy") and the block mortgage indemnity guarantee policies providing an indemnity for all amounts advanced under a Mortgage exceeding the percentage of the value or purchase price of the relevant property prescribed by the Lending Policy in respect of such Mortgage with various insurance companies (including Royal & Sun Alliance Insurance plc at St Mark's Court, Chartway, Horsham, West Sussex, England and Legal & General Insurance Limited at 3 Finsbury Square, London EC2A 1LL) (the "Mortgage Indemnity Guarantee Policies" and together with the Buildings Contingency Policy, the "Insurance Contracts") to the extent of their respective interests in the Mortgages in the Mortgage Pool. The Issuer and the Trustee will also have the benefit of any charges over any life policies securing Mortgages comprised in the Mortgage Pool. Certain warranties will be given by Arianty and Britannic Money in relation to the various policies in the Mortgage Sale Agreement as described under "Warranties and Repurchase" above.

ESTIMATED AVERAGE LIVES OF THE CLASS A NOTES, THE CLASS M NOTES AND THE CLASS B NOTES

The average lives of the Class A Notes, the Class M Notes and the Class B Notes cannot be predicted, as the actual rate of Redemption and Prepayments under the Mortgages and a number of other relevant factors are unknown.

Calculations of the estimated average lives of the Class A Notes, the Class M Notes and the Class B Notes can be made based on certain assumptions. For example, based on the assumption that:

- (i) the Issuer exercises its rights to redeem the Notes on the Interest Payment Date falling in July 2009;
- (ii) the Mortgages are subject to repayments (net of Redraws) ("Repayments") at annualised rates expressed as a percentage of the outstanding principal amount of the Mortgages assumed to fall into the range indicated below;
- (iii) Repayments on the Mortgages are expected to partially represent Redemptions and partially Prepayments. The average proportions of Redemptions and Prepayments and the resulting annualised rates of Redemptions and Prepayments are assumed to fall into the ranges indicated below;
- (iv) during the Substitution Period, the Issuer will substitute Further Mortgages to the extent of Redemptions in each Collection Period. This will effectively reduce the rate of repayment on the Notes during the Substitution Period to the rate of Prepayment (net of Redraws) on the Mortgages. The resulting rate of repayment on the Notes during the Substitution Period is assumed to fall into the range indicated below. Thereafter, the rate of repayment on the Notes is assumed to equal the full rate of Repayment on the Mortgages;
- (v) there are no enforcements after the Issue Date;
- (vi) no Mortgage is sold by the Issuer;
- (vii) no Notes are purchased by the Issuer;
- (viii) the Mortgages continue to be fully performing; and
- (ix) no Principal Deficiency arises.

Assumed rate of Repayment (net of Redraws) on the			
Mortgages ("CPR")	17.5%	20%	22.5%
Assumed percentage of Redemptions	89%	88%	87%
Assumed percentage of Prepayments	11%	12%	13%
Assumed rate of Redemptions	15.5%	17.5%	19.5%
Assumed rate of Prepayments	2%	2.5%	3%
Assumed rate of repayment on the Notes during Substitution			
Period	2%	2.5%	3%
Assumed rate of repayment on the Notes after Substitution			
Period	17.5%	20%	22.5%
Estimated Average Life of Class A Notes (years)	5.5	5.3	5.1
Estimated Average Life of Class M Notes (years)	7.0	7.0	7.0
Estimated Average Life of Class B Notes (years)	7.0	7.0	7.0

Assumption (i) reflects the current intention of the Issuer but no assurance can be given that redemption of the Class A Notes, the Class M Notes and the Class B Notes will occur as described.

Assumptions (ii) and (iii) state the average annualised Repayment, Redemption and Prepayment rates on the Mortgages. Each of these rates may substantially vary from one Interest Period to another. The average annualised Repayment, Redemption and Prepayment rates shown above are purely illustrative and do not represent the full range of possibilities for such Mortgages.

Assumption (iv) states average annualised repayment rates on the Notes during and after the Substitution Period. Each of these rates may substantially vary from one Interest Period to another. The average annualised repayment rates on the Notes shown are purely illustrative and do not reflect the full range of possibilities for such rates.

Assumptions (v), (vi), (vii), (viii) and (ix) relate to circumstances which are not predictable.

The average lives of the Class A Notes, the Class M Notes and the Class B Notes are subject to factors largely outside the control of the Issuer and consequently no assurance can be given that the above assumptions and estimates will prove in any way to be realistic and the above estimated average lives must therefore be viewed with caution.

ARIANTY NO.1 PLC

Arianty was incorporated under the name Exchangeaction public limited company and registered in England and Wales under the Companies Act 1985 with limited liability as a public limited company on 14 March 2000. On 26 September 2000 Arianty's name changed from Exchangeaction public limited company to Arianty No.1 plc.

Arianty carries on the business of acquiring, holding and selling pools of mortgages loans.

The issued share capital of Arianty comprises 50,000 shares, of which 49,999 are owned by Arianty Holdings Limited and 1 is owned by SPV Management Limited.

The registered office of Arianty is Sir William Atkins House, 2 Ashley Avenue, Epsom, Surrey KT18 5AS.

BRITANNIC MONEY PLC

Britannic Money plc (Company Number 2048895) ("Britannic Money") was incorporated under the name of Mortgage Trust Limited and registered in England and Wales under the Companies Act 1985 with private company limited liability status on 21 August 1986. Prior to 29 September 2000, Britannic Money was an indirect wholly owned subsidiary of First Active plc. Pursuant to an agreement between First Active and Britannic Assurance plc ("Britannic Assurance") Britannic Assurance became a 60% shareholder in Britannic Money on 29 September 2000.

Britannic Money was acquired by First Active plc from Skandinaviska Enskilda Banken in December 1994. At the date of acquisition, Britannic Money had residential mortgage assets under management of £541million (including £457 million off-balance sheet). Britannic Money was re-registered as a public limited company and its name changed from Mortgage Trust Limited to First Active Financial plc on 4 September 1998 and then to Britannic Money plc on 16 February 2001.

Since incorporation, Britannic Money has become an established centralised lender operating in a variety of niche markets in the United Kingdom. The principal activity has been the origination and servicing of residential first mortgage loans on properties located across the United Kingdom. Growth strategy in recent years has been to continue to operate as a niche provider of mortgages, differentiating products by offering different features from those offered by other lenders, rather than competing on price.

On 6 August 1996, First Active plc acquired The Mortgage Corporation ("TMC") another centralised lender, and its 21 securitisation special purpose vehicle sister companies from Salomon Brothers Europe Limited. Total residential mortgages under TMC's management on acquisition were £1,184 million (including £981 million off balance sheet).

In early 1997, due to the close geographical location of Britannic Money to TMC, the two business operations were merged onto one site at Epsom in Surrey. This provided the opportunity to combine the skill sets of the two management teams to enhance and develop First Active plc's business in the United Kingdom.

In July 1998, mortgage assets from 14 of TMC's sister companies were repackaged into a £330 million securitisation issue (TMC Tattenham No.1 PLC), and in April 1999, mortgage assets from the remaining 7 TMC's sister companies were repackaged into a £272 million securitisation issue (TMC Tattenham No. 2 PLC).

In each of November 1999, May 2000, October 2000 and July 2001 Britannic Money securitised flexible mortgage assets into securitisation issues (First Flexible No.1 plc, First Flexible No. 2 plc, First Flexible No. 3 plc and First Flexible No. 4 plc).

At 31 December 2001, Britannic Money had more than £2.4 billion assets owned or under management (including those owned or managed by TMC and its sister companies).

The registered office of Britannic Money is Sir William Atkins House, Ashley Avenue, Epsom, Surrey, KT18 5AS.

Recent developments

Reference should be made to the "Recent developments" section under "The Britannic Group" below concerning (i) the statements regarding its current positioning and strategy, (ii) the Panel on Takeovers and Mergers having deemed it appropriate for Britannic Group plc to be in an offer period and (iii) the possibility that Britannic Group plc may provide information to interested parties relating to the Britannic Group and its individual businesses, which may include information on Britannic Money.

FIRST ACTIVE PLC

On 7 September 1998, First National Building Society ("FNBS"), Ireland's largest and longest established building society converted into a public limited company called First Active plc (company number 292890) whose registered address is First Active House, Central Park, Leopardstown, Dublin 18. The entire business, property, rights, undertaking and liabilities of FNBS vested in First Active plc at that date.

First Active plc is regulated by the Central Bank of Ireland and holds a banking licence pursuant to the Irish Central Bank Acts, 1942 to 1998.

On 6 October 1998, First Active plc floated on both the Irish and London Stock Exchanges.

On 31 December 2001, First Active plc and its subsidiaries (the "First Active Group") managed consolidated assets which totalled approximately Euro 8.53 billion. At 31 December 2001, First Active plc had short/long term international debt ratings from two rating agencies, Moody's and Fitch IBCA of P-2/A3 and F1/A- respectively.

On 29 September 2000, pursuant to an agreement between First Active and Britannic Assurance, Britannic Assurance became a 60% shareholder in Britannic Money with First Active retaining a 40% stake in the enlarged business.

THE BRITANNIC GROUP

Britannic Group plc is the holding company for the Britannic Group of companies, a UK financial services group founded in 1866. Its principal operating subsidiaries are Britannic Assurance plc (life assurance and pensions products), Britannic Asset Management Limited (asset management and unit trusts) and Britannic Retirement Solutions Limited (enhanced annuity and other retirement products). The Britannic Group is regulated by the Financial Services Authority.

A 60% stake in Britannic Money plc was acquired by Britannic Assurance plc on 29 September 2000. Britannic plc changed its name to Britannic Group plc on 26 April 2002.

Britannic Group plc is listed on the Official List of the UK Listing Authority and is traded on the London Stock Exchange and has a market capitalisation of close to £1.5 billion. The registered office is 1 Wythall Green Way, Wythall Green, Birmingham B47 6WG.

Recent developments

Britannic Group plc made the following statement in its results announcement on 5 March 2002 regarding its current positioning and strategy:

"Our business strategy has been to reposition Britannic away from the unprofitable home service business segment and into alternative product areas and distribution channels. This has been achieved through a process of modernisation of existing businesses coupled with acquisitions and new start-ups. However, the markets in which we operate are changing rapidly and we believe our businesses need greater scale in order to exploit opportunities to the full. Consequently we are alert to appropriate opportunities to achieve the necessary scale for the Group."

Following press speculation, the Panel on Takeovers and Mergers has deemed it appropriate for Britannic Group plc to be in an offer period.

As part of the business strategy mentioned above, Britannic Group plc may provide information to interested parties relating to the Britannic Group and its individual businesses, which may include information on Britannic Money.

THE ISSUER

Introduction

The Issuer was incorporated and registered in England and Wales with registered number 4236601 under the Companies Act 1985 with limited liability as a public limited company on 18 June 2001. The issued share capital of the Issuer comprises 50,000 ordinary shares of £1, paid up as to 25p each of which 49,999 are held by Arianty Holdings Limited and 1 by Arianty Services Limited on trust for Arianty Holdings Limited. The Issuer has no subsidiaries.

Directors

The Directors of the Issuer and their respective business addresses and principal activities are:

Name Address Principal Activities

James Patrick Johnston Fairrie c/o SPV Management Limited, Director

78 Cannon Street, London EC4P 5LN

SPV Management Limited c/o SPV Management Limited, Management Company

78 Cannon Street, London EC4P 5LN

Paul Robert Rogers c/o Britannic Money plc, Finance Director

Sir William Atkins House,

Ashley Avenue, Epsom,

Surrey KT18 5AS

Martin McDermott of SPV Management Limited has been appointed as alternate director for James Patrick Johnston Fairrie.

The Secretary of the Issuer is Gillian Margaret Wellman.

The registered office of the Issuer is at Sir William Atkins House, Ashley Avenue, Epsom, Surrey KT18 5AS

The directors of SPV Management Limited and their principal activities are:

Name Address Principal Activities

Anthony Raikes c/o SPV Management Limited Director

78 Cannon Street London EC4P 5LN

Martin McDermott c/o SPV Management Limited Director

78 Cannon Street London EC4P 5LN

James Patrick Johnston Fairrie c/o SPV Management Limited Director

78 Cannon Street London EC4P 5LN

Norma Closs c/o SPV Management Limited Banker

78 Cannon Street London EC4P 5LN

Emmett Harmon c/o SPV Management Limited Banker

78 Cannon Street London EC4P 5LN

Howard Cohen c/o SPV Management Limited Banker

78 Cannon Street London EC4P 5LN

David Dupert c/o SPV Management Limited Accountant

78 Cannon Street London EC4P 5LN

David Roulston c/o SPV Management Limited Lawyer

78 Cannon Street London EC4P 5LN

Activities

On the Issue Date, the Issuer will acquire from Arianty a portfolio of residential mortgages originated by Britannic Money or First Active and sold to Arianty pursuant to the Origination Mortgage Sale Agreement. All Mortgages acquired by the Issuer on such date will be financed by the proceeds of the issue of the Notes. The activities of the Issuer will be restricted by the Class A Conditions, the Class M Conditions and the Class B Conditions and will be limited to the issue of the Notes, the ownership of the Mortgages and other assets referred to herein, the exercise of related rights and powers, and other activities referred to herein or reasonably incidental thereto. The Issuer is registered pursuant to the Data Protection Act 1998.

Substantially all of the above activities will be carried on by Britannic Money on an agency basis under the Servicing Agreement, subject to the rights of the Issuer or the Trustee to revoke the agency upon the occurrence of certain events of default or insolvency or similar events in relation to Britannic Money or, in certain circumstances, following an Event of Default in relation to the Notes.

CAPITALISATION

The following table shows the capitalisation of the Issuer as at 6 June 2002, adjusted for the issue of the Notes:

Share Capital Authorised	(£)
100,000 Ordinary Shares of £1 each	£100,000
Issued 50,000 Ordinary Shares of £1 each, 25 pence paid	£12,500
Borrowings Mortgage Backed Floating Rate Notes Due 2034	£500,000,000
Start-Up Loan	£14,512,000
Total Capitalisation	£514,524,500

The Issuer will enter into the Start-Up Loan (which is secured pursuant to the Deed of Charge and is unguaranteed) with Britannic Money on the Issue Date whereby Britannic Money will provide a total maximum amount of £15,058,000 in respect of fees, costs and expenses of the issue and to fund the Reserve Fund, the Hedge Reserve, the Discount Reserve, the Base Rate Reserve and to purchase Interest Rate Caps and to enter into the Interest Rate Swaps, Base Rate Swaps and LIBOR Swaps.

As at 6 June 2002, save as disclosed herein, the Issuer has no loan capital outstanding or created but unissued, no term loans outstanding and no other borrowings or indebtedness in the nature of borrowing nor any contingent liabilities or guarantees.

ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT

The following is the text of a report received by the Directors of the Issuer from KPMG Audit Plc, Chartered Accountants, the auditors of the Issuer.

KPMG Audit Plc 1 The Embankment Neville Street Leeds LS1 4DW United Kingdom

The Directors
First Flexible No. 5 plc
Sir William Atkins House
Ashley Avenue
Epsom
Surrey KT18 5AS
6 June 2002

Class A Mortgage Backed Floating Rate Notes due 2034, Class M Mortgage Backed Floating Rate Notes due 2034 and Class B Mortgage Backed Floating Rate Notes due 2034 (together, the "Notes")

Dear Sirs

First Flexible No. 5 plc

We report on the financial information set out below. This financial information has been prepared for inclusion in the offering circular dated 6 June 2002 (the "Offering Circular") of First Flexible No. 5 plc (the "Company").

Basis of preparation

The financial information set out below is based on the financial statements of the Company from incorporation to 6 June 2002 prepared on the basis described in note 2.1 to which no adjustments were considered necessary.

Responsibility

Such financial statements are the responsibility of the directors of the Company.

The directors of the Company are responsible for the contents of the Offering Circular dated 6 June 2002 in which this report is included.

It is our responsibility to compile the financial information set out in our report from the financial statements, to form an opinion on the financial information and to report our opinion to you.

Basis of opinion

We conducted our work in accordance with the Statements of Investment Circular Reporting Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. Our work included an assessment of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial information. It also included an assessment of significant estimates and judgements made by those responsible for the preparation of the financial statements underlying the financial information and whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the entity's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our work so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial information is free from material misstatement whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial information gives, for the purposes of the Offering Circular, a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company as at 6 June 2002.

1 BALANCE SHEET

Balance sheet as at 6 June 2002

	£
Currency assets Cash at bank and in hand	12,500
Capital and reserves	
Called up equity share capital	12,500
50,000 shares 25% called and paid	

2 NOTES

2.1 Accounting policies

The financial information has been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the accounting standards currently applicable in the United Kingdom.

2.2 Trading activity

The Company was incorporated on 18 June 2001. The Company has not yet commenced business, no audited financial statements have been made up and no dividends have been declared or paid since the date of incorporation.

2.3 Proposed Post Balance Sheet Event

On 5 June 2002, the Company entered into interest rate swaps and interest rate caps with Barclays Bank PLC and JPMorgan Chase Bank. As at 6 June 2002, no money has been paid over in respect of either agreement. It is intended that on 11 June 2002 the Company will receive £1,436,450 from Britannic Money plc as part of the Start Up Loan. This money will be paid over on the same day to Barclays Bank PLC and JPMorgan Chase Bank for the purchase of interest rate caps and to enter into interest rate swaps.

2.4 Registration

During the period the Company has applied for and obtained registrations as follows:

- Data Protection Act 1998
- Register of Data Controllers
- Register of Data Users And Computer Bureaux, registration number Z5520980.

2.5 Share Capital

The Company was incorporated and registered as a public limited company on 18 June 2001, with the name of First Flexible No. 5 plc.

On incorporation the authorised share capital of the Company was divided into 100,000 shares of £1 each.

On 18 June 2001, 49,999 ordinary shares were issued by the Company to Arianty Holdings Limited and one share was issued by the Company to Arianty Services Limited and all shares were one quarter called-up for a total cash consideration of £12,500.

2.6 Auditors

KPMG Audit Plc was appointed as auditor on 4 July 2001.

Yours faithfully

KPMG Audit Plc

BARCLAYS BANK PLC

Barclays Bank PLC is a public limited company registered in England and Wales under number 1026167. The liability of the members of Barclays Bank PLC is limited. It has its registered and head office at 54 Lombard Street, London EC3P 3AH. Barclays Bank PLC was incorporated on 7 August 1925 under the Colonial Bank Act 1925 and on 4 October 1971 was registered as a company limited by shares under the Companies Act 1948 to 1967. Pursuant to The Barclays Bank Act 1984, on 1 January 1985 Barclays Bank PLC was re-registered as a public limited company and its name was changed from "Barclays Bank International Limited" to "Barclays Bank PLC".

Barclays Bank PLC and its subsidiary undertakings (taken together, the "Group") are a United Kingdom based financial services group engaged primarily in the banking, investment banking and asset management businesses. In terms of assets employed, it is one of the largest financial services groups in the United Kingdom. The Group also operates in many other countries around the world and is one of the leading providers of co-ordinated global services to multinational corporations and financial institutions in the world's main financial centres. The whole of the issued ordinary share capital of Barclays Bank PLC is owned by Barclays PLC, which is the ultimate holding company of the Group.

The short term unsecured obligations of Barclays Bank PLC are rated A-1+ by S&P, P-1 by Moody's and F-1+ by Fitch and the long term obligations of Barclays Bank PLC are rated Aa2 by Moody's and AA by S&P.

As at 31 December 2001, the Group had total assets of £356,649 million, total net loans and advances of £228,382 million, total deposits of £231,195 million and shareholders funds of £16,380 million (including non-equity reserves of £1,872 million). The audited profit before taxation of the Group in respect of the year ended 31 December 2001 was £3,606 million after charging net provisions for bad and doubtful debts of £1,149 million. As at 31 December 2000, Barclays Bank PLC and its subsidiaries had total assets of £316,190 million, total net loans and advances of £198,536 million, total deposits of £208,724 million and shareholders' funds of £14,679 million (including non-equity reserves of £1,492 million).

The information contained herein with respect to Barclays Bank PLC relates to and has been obtained from it. The delivery of this Offering Circular shall not create any implication that there has been no change in the affairs of Barclays Bank PLC since the date hereof, or that the information contained or referred to herein is correct as of any time subsequent to its date.

JPMORGAN CHASE BANK

JPMorgan Chase Bank is a wholly owned bank subsidiary of J.P. Morgan Chase & Co., a Delaware corporation whose principal office is located in New York, New York. JPMorgan Chase Bank is a commercial bank offering a wide range of banking services to its customers both domestically and internationally. Its business is subject to examination and regulation by Federal and New York State banking authorities. JPMorgan Chase Bank resulted from the merger on November 10, 2001 of The Chase Manhattan Bank and Morgan Guaranty Trust Company of New York. As of December 31, 2001, JPMorgan Chase Bank had total assets of \$537.8 billion, total net loans of \$174.9 billion, total deposits of \$280.5 billion, and total stockholder's equity of \$33.3 billion. As of the date of this Offering Circular the authorized capital stock of JPMorgan Chase Bank is \$1,800,180,000 consisting of 148,765,000 shares of common stock with a par value of \$12 per share and 15,000,000 shares of preferred stock with a par value of \$1 per share. Issued capital is 148,761,243 shares of common stock, fully paid.

Additional information, including the most recent Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2000 of J.P. Morgan Chase & Co. (formerly known as "The Chase Manhattan Corporation"), the 2000 Annual Report of J.P. Morgan Chase & Co. and additional annual, quarterly and current reports filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission by J.P. Morgan Chase & Co., as they become available, may be obtained without charge by each person to whom this Offering Circular is delivered upon the written request of any such person to the Office of the Secretary, J.P. Morgan Chase & Co., 270 Park Avenue, New York, New York 10017. These documents will also be made available at the Paying Agent in Luxembourg.

The information set forth above relates to and has been obtained from JPMorgan Chase Bank. The Issuer accepts responsibility that such information has been correctly extracted or summarised, but none of the Issuer, Arianty, Britannic Money, First Active, Britannic, the Trustee, RBS, Barclays or the other Managers accepts responsibility in respect of the accuracy or the completeness of the information set forth herein concerning J.P. Morgan Chase & Co. and JPMorgan Chase Bank. The delivery of the Offering Circular shall not create any implication that there has been no change in the affairs of JPMorgan Chase Bank since the date hereof, or that the information contained or referred to in this section is correct as of any time subsequent to its date.

REGULATION OF THE UK RESIDENTIAL MORTGAGE MARKET

Introduction

The UK residential mortgage market currently is not specifically regulated by statute although certain consumer protection is provided under the Unfair Terms in Consumer Contracts Regulations 1994 and 1999. The following summary of certain regulatory considerations does not discuss all aspects of applicable legislation and other authorities which may be important to prospective investors.

The Mortgage Code

Self-regulation within the market is under the Mortgage Code (the "CML Code") issued by the Council of Mortgage Lenders (the "CML") and to which the majority of mortgage lenders subscribe. Britannic Money is an associate member of the CML and subscribes to the CML Code. There is no legal requirement for a lender in the UK residential mortgage market to be a member of the CML. Membership of the CML and compliance with the CML Code are therefore voluntary.

The CML Code sets out minimum standards of good mortgage lending practice for lenders subscribing to the CML Code in respect of all aspects of their mortgage lending business, from initial marketing of mortgage products to lending procedures and dealing with borrowers experiencing financial difficulties. Since 30 April 1998, lenders that subscribe to the CML Code may not accept mortgage business introduced by intermediaries who are not registered with (before 1 November 2000) the Mortgage Code Register of Intermediaries or (on and after 1 November 2000) the Mortgage Code Compliance Board.

The Financial Services and Markets Act 2000

For the purposes of the Regulated Activities Order (as described in more detail above in "Certain Special Considerations – Regulatory Considerations"), a contract is a "regulated mortgage contract" and therefore subject to regulation by the FSA if, at the time it is entered into, (i) the contract is one under which the lender provides credit to an individual or to trustees, (ii) the contract provides for the repayment obligation of the borrower to be secured by a first legal mortgage (or, in Scotland, a first ranking heritable security) on land (other than timeshare accommodation) in the United Kingdom and (iii) at least 40% of that land is used, or is intended to be used, as or in connection with a dwelling by the borrower or (in the case of credit provided to trustees) by an individual who is a beneficiary of the trust, or by a related person. Based on this definition, corporate mortgages, where credit is provided to limited liability companies incorporated in England and Wales or Scotland and not to an individual or to trustees, and lettings mortgages, where the relevant property is not to be used, and is not intended to be used, as or in connection with a dwelling by the borrower or (in the case of credit provided to trustees) by an individual who is the beneficiary of the trust or by a related person, should not be regulated mortgage contracts for these purposes.

From the date that Article 61 of the Regulated Activities Order comes into force (for more detail in respect of which see above in "Certain Special Considerations – Regulatory Considerations"), detailed FSA Conduct of Business Rules will also come into effect. It is expected that these will cover the activities of authorised persons, dealing with such aspects as financial promotions and other pre-application and pre-completion information, responsible lending, charges (including early repayment and arrears charges), arrears and possessions, and record keeping.

DESCRIPTION OF THE CLASS A NOTES

GENERAL

£465,000,000 Class A Mortgage Backed Floating Rate Notes due 2034 (the "Class A Notes") of First Flexible No. 5 plc (the "Issuer") are the subject of a trust deed (the "Trust Deed", which expression includes such trust deed as from time to time modified in accordance with the provisions therein contained and any deed or other document expressed to be supplemental thereto as from time to time so modified including the Master Definitions Schedule (as defined under Class A Condition 2(d)) incorporated in the Trust Deed) to be entered into on 11 June 2002 (the "Issue Date") and made between the Issuer and JPMorgan Chase Bank (the "Trustee", which expression includes any further or other trustee of the Trust Deed) as trustee for, *inter glios*, the holders for the time being of the Class A Notes (the "Class A Noteholders") and the holders for the time being of the interest coupons relating thereto (the "Class A Coupons" which expression includes the talons (the "Class A Talons") attached to the Class A Notes except where the context otherwise requires) (the "Class A Couponholders"). £22,500,000 Class M Mortgage Backed Floating Rate Notes due 2034 (the "Class M Notes") and £12,500,000 Class B Mortgage Backed Floating Rate Notes due 2034 (the "Class B Notes" and together with the Class A Notes and the Class M Notes, the "Notes") will be issued pursuant to the Trust Deed contemporaneously with the issue of the Class A Notes. The security for the Class A Notes, the Class M Notes and the Class B Notes is created pursuant to, and on the terms set out in, a deed of sub-charge and assignment (the "Deed of Charge", which expression includes such deed of sub-charge and assignment as from time to time modified in accordance with the provisions therein contained and any deed or other document expressed to be supplemental thereto as from time to time modified) to be dated the Issue Date and made between, inter alios, the Issuer, Arianty No.1 plc ("Arianty"), Britannic Money plc ("Britannic Money") and the Trustee. By an agency agreement (the "Agency Agreement", which expression includes such Agency Agreement as from time to time modified in accordance with the provisions therein contained and any deed or other document expressed to be supplemental thereto as from time to time so modified) to be dated the Issue Date and made between the Issuer, the Trustee, JPMorgan Chase Bank as agent bank (the "Agent Bank" which expression includes any other agent bank appointed in respect of the Class A Notes) and JPMorgan Chase Bank, as principal paying agent (the "Principal Paying Agent" and together with any further or other paying agents for the time being appointed in respect of the Class A Notes, the "Paying Agents") provision is made for the payment of principal and interest in respect of the Class A Notes. The statements in these Class A Conditions include summaries of, and are subject to, the detailed provisions of the Trust Deed, the Agency Agreement and the Deed of Charge.

Copies of the Trust Deed, the Agency Agreement, the Deed of Charge and the other Documents (as defined below) are available for inspection at the principal office for the time being of the Trustee, being at the date hereof at Trinity Tower, 9 Thomas More Street, London E1W 1YT and at the specified offices of the Paying Agents. The Class A Noteholders and the Class A Couponholders are entitled to the benefit of, are bound by, and are deemed to have notice of, all the provisions of the Trust Deed and the Deed of Charge and are deemed to have notice of all the provisions of the Agency Agreement.

The issue of the Class A Notes was authorised by resolution of the Board of Directors of the Issuer passed on 29 May 2002.

THE GLOBAL CLASS A NOTES

Temporary Global Class A Notes and Permanent Global Class A Notes

The Class A Notes will be initially represented by a temporary bearer global note in the principal amount of £465,000,000 (the "Temporary Global Class A Note") without Class A Coupons or Class A Talons. The Temporary Global Class A Note will be deposited on behalf of the subscribers of the Class A Notes with a common depository (the "Common Depository") for Euroclear Bank S.A./N.V., as operator of the Euroclear System ("Euroclear") and Clearstream Banking, société anonyme ("Clearstream, Luxembourg") on the Issue Date. Upon deposit of the Temporary Global Class A Note, Euroclear or Clearstream, Luxembourg will credit each subscriber of Class A Notes represented by such Temporary Global Class A Note with the principal amount of the Class A Notes for which it has subscribed and paid. Interests in the Temporary Global Class A Note will be exchangeable not earlier than 40 days after the Issue Date (the "Exchange Date"), provided certification of non-US beneficial ownership by the Class A Noteholders has been received, for interests in a permanent bearer global note (the "Permanent Global Class A Note" and, together with the Temporary Global Class A Note, the "Global Class A Notes"), without Class A Coupons or Class A Talons. On the exchange of the Temporary Global Class A Note for

the Permanent Global Class A Note, the Permanent Global Class A Note will remain deposited with the Common Depository.

Transfers

Title to the Global Class A Notes will pass by delivery. The Permanent Global Class A Note will only be exchangeable for definitive Class A Notes in the limited circumstances described below. Each of the persons appearing from time to time in the records of Euroclear or Clearstream, Luxembourg as the holder of a Class A Note will be entitled to receive any payment so made in respect of that Class A Note in accordance with the respective rules and procedures of Euroclear or Clearstream, Luxembourg, as appropriate. For so long as any Class A Notes are represented by a Global Class A Note, such Class A Notes will be transferable in accordance with the rules and procedures for the time being of Euroclear or Clearstream, Luxembourg, as appropriate.

For so long as the Class A Notes are represented by a Global Class A Note, each person who is for the time being shown in the records of Euroclear or Clearstream, Luxembourg as the holder of a particular principal amount of Class A Notes will be entitled to be treated by the Issuer and the Trustee as the holder of such principal amount of Class A Notes. The expression "Class A Noteholders" may be construed accordingly, but without prejudice to the entitlement of the bearer of a Global Class A Note.

Payments

No payment will be made on the Temporary Global Class A Note unless exchange for an interest in the Permanent Global Class A Note of the Class A Notes in definitive form is improperly withheld or refused. Principal and interest on a Global Class A Note will be payable against presentation of that Global Class A Note at the specified office of any Paying Agent provided certification of non-US beneficial ownership by the Class A Noteholders has been received by Euroclear or Clearstream, Luxembourg. A record of each payment made on a Global Class A Note, distinguishing between any payment of principal and payment of interest, will be endorsed on that Global Class A Note by the Paying Agents (or the Paying Agent shall procure that such endorsement be made) and such record shall be *prima facie* evidence that the payment in question has been made.

Issue of Class A Notes in Definitive Form

If (i) the Class A Notes become due and repayable pursuant to Class A Condition 9(a) or (ii) either Euroclear or Clearstream, Luxembourg is closed for business for a continuous period of 14 days (other than by reason of holiday, statutory or otherwise) or announces an intention permanently to cease business or (iii) as a result of any amendment to, or change in, the laws or regulations of the United Kingdom (or of any political sub-division thereof) or of any authority therein or thereof having power to tax or in the interpretation or administration of such laws or regulations which becomes effective on or after the Issue Date, the Issuer is, or any of the Paying Agents are or will be, required to make any deduction or withholding from any payment in respect of the Class A Notes which would not be required were the Class A Notes in definitive form, then the Issuer will, at its sole cost and expense, issue Class A Notes in definitive form in exchange for the whole outstanding interest in the Permanent Global Class A Notes within 30 days of the occurrence of the relevant event.

Any notice to Class A Noteholders in respect of Class A Notes represented by a Global Class A Note shall be deemed to have been duly given if sent to Euroclear and/or Clearstream, Luxembourg (as applicable) and shall be deemed to have been given on the date on which such notice was so sent.

TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF THE CLASS A NOTES

If Class A Notes in definitive form were to be issued, the terms and conditions (subject to amendment and completion) set out on each Class A Note would be as set out below (the "Class A Conditions"). While the Class A Notes remain in global form, the same terms and conditions govern such Class A Notes, except to the extent that they are appropriate only to Class A Notes in definitive form.

1. FORM, DENOMINATION AND TITLE

- (a) The £465,000,000 Class A Mortgage Backed Floating Rate Notes due 2034 (the "Class A Notes") issued by First Flexible No. 5 plc (the "Issuer") are serially numbered and are issued in bearer form in the denomination of £10,000 each with coupons ("Class A Coupons") and talons ("Class A Talons") attached and a grid endorsed thereon for the recording of all payments of principal in accordance with the provisions of Class A Condition 5.
- (b) Title to the Class A Notes, Class A Coupons and Class A Talons shall pass by delivery. The holder of any Class A Note (each a "Class A Noteholder") and the holder of any Class A Coupon (each a "Class A Couponholder") may (to the fullest extent permitted by applicable laws) be deemed and treated at all times, by all persons and for all purposes (including the making of any payments), as the absolute owner of such Class A Note or Class A Coupon, as the case may be, regardless of any notice of ownership, theft or loss, of any trust or other interest therein or of any writing thereon.
- (c) The holder of each Class A Coupon (whether or not the Class A Coupon is attached to the relevant Class A Note) and each Class A Talon in his capacity as such shall be subject to all the provisions contained in the relevant Class A Note.

2. STATUS, SECURITY AND PRIORITY

Status

- (a) The Class A Notes and the Class A Coupons constitute direct, secured and unconditional obligations of the Issuer and rank (subject to the provisions of Class A Condition 5) *pari passu* without preference or priority amongst themselves.
- (b) The £22,500,000 Class M Mortgage Backed Floating Rate Notes due 2034 (the "Class M Notes") and the £12,500,000 Class B Mortgage Backed Floating Rate Notes due 2034 (the "Class B Notes" and together with the Class A Notes and the Class M Notes, the "Notes") issued by the Issuer on or about 11 June 2002 (the "Issue Date") are subject to a trust deed dated on or about 11 June 2002 between the Issuer and JPMorgan Chase Bank (the "Trustee") (the "Trust Deed") and are secured by the same security which secures the Class A Notes. The Class A Notes rank pari passu, without preference or priority amongst themselves, the Class M Notes rank pari passu without preference or priority amongst themselves and the Class B Notes rank pari passu without preference or priority amongst themselves, but (i) the Class A Notes will rank in priority to the Class B Notes in the event of the Security (as defined below in Class A Condition 2(d)) being enforced.
- (c) The Trust Deed and the Deed of Charge contain provisions requiring the Trustee to have regard to the interests of the Class A Noteholders as regards all powers, trusts, authorities, duties and discretions of the Trustee (except where expressly provided otherwise), but requiring the Trustee in any such case to have regard only to (i) (for so long as there are any Class A Notes outstanding) the interests of the holders of Class A Notes if, in the Trustee's opinion, there is a conflict between the interests of (A) the holders of Class A Notes and (B) the holders of Class M Notes and/or (C) the holders of Class B Notes and/or any other Secured Creditors (as defined below) or (ii) (if there are no Class A Notes outstanding) the interests of the holders of Class M Notes, (B) the holders of Class B Notes and/or any other Secured Creditors (as defined below) or (iii) (if there are no Class M Notes outstanding) the interests of the holders of Class B Notes, if in the Trustees opinion, there is a conflict between the interests of the holders or class B Notes, if in the Trustees opinion, there is a conflict between the interests of the Class B Noteholders or any other Secured Creditors (as defined below).

Security

(a) As security for the payment of all moneys payable in respect of the Class A Notes and otherwise under the Trust Deed (including the remuneration, expenses and any other claims of the Trustee and any Receiver (as defined below) appointed under the Deed of Charge) and in respect of certain

amounts payable to Britannic Money or its successor acting as Servicer of the mortgages to be purchased by the Issuer on the Issue Date (the "Initial Mortgages"), such mortgages transferred to the Issuer pursuant to the Transaction Documents during the Substitution Period (each a "Further Mortgage"), such mortgages transferred to the Issuer pursuant to the Transaction Documents after the Issue Date (each a "Substitute Mortgage") and such mortgages purchased by the Issuer from Arianty at any time on or after the Issue Date but no later than the third Interest Payment Date (the "Pre-Funded Mortgages" and together with the Initial Mortgages, the Further Mortgages, the Substitute Mortgages, the "Mortgages"), and to certain other beneficiaries from time to time, the Issuer will enter into the Deed of Charge creating the following security (the "Security") in favour of the Trustee for itself and on trust for the other persons expressed to be secured parties thereunder:

- (i) a first fixed equitable charge or mortgage or (in relation to Mortgages secured on properties in Scotland ("Scottish Mortgages")) assignation in security in favour of the Trustee over the Issuer's right, title, interest and benefit present and future in the Mortgages and other collateral security relating to the Mortgages;
- (ii) an equitable assignment by way of first fixed security in favour of the Trustee of the Issuer's interest in certain buildings policies, life policies, contingency policies and mortgage indemnity policies (the "Insurance Contracts") to the extent that they relate to the Mortgages;
- (iii) an assignment by way of first fixed security in favour of the Trustee of the benefit of the servicing agreement to be entered into between Britannic Money plc as servicer (the "Servicer"), the Issuer, First Active as standby servicer (the "Standby Servicer") and the Trustee (the "Servicing Agreement"), the mortgage sale agreement to be entered into between, inter alios, Arianty, the Issuer and the Trustee (the "Mortgage Sale Agreement"), the declaration of trust by Britannic Money in favour of the Issuer in relation to Scottish Mortgages (the "Scottish Trust"), the guaranteed investment contract to be entered into between the Issuer, the Trustee and Barclays Bank PLC ("Barclays") (the "Guaranteed **Investment Contract**"), the redraw facility agreement to be entered into between the Issuer, the Trustee and Barclays (in such capacity, the "Redraw Facility Provider") (the "Redraw Facility Agreement"), the declaration of trust to be entered into and made by Britannic Money in relation to the Trust Accounts (as defined below) (the "Declaration of Trust"), the agency agreement to be entered into and made between the Issuer, the Principal Paying Agent, the Trustee and the Agent Bank (the "Agency Agreement"), the loan agreement to be entered into and made between the Issuer and Britannic Money (the "Start-Up Loan"), the bank agreement to be entered into between, inter alios, the Issuer, The Royal Bank of Scotland plc ("RBS") and Barclays (the "Bank Agreement"), each interest rate swap agreement (each an "Interest Rate Swap" and together the "Interest Rate Swaps") to be entered into and made between the Issuer and JPMorgan Chase Bank, Barclays or any other entity which has a rating of at least P-1 by Moody's and A-1+ by S&P in respect of its shortterm unsecured, unquaranteed and unsubordinated debt obligations (each a "Swap Counterparty" and together, the "Swap Counterparties"), each interest rate cap (each an "Interest Rate Cap" and together the "Interest Rate Caps") provided by JPMorgan Chase Bank, Barclays or any other entity which has a rating of at least P-1 by Moody's and A-1+ by S&P in respect of its short-term unsecured, unquaranteed and unsubordinated debt obligations (each a "Cap Provider" and together, the "Cap Providers"), each LIBOR-linked interest rate swap agreement (each a "LIBOR Swap" and together the "LIBOR Swaps") to be entered into and made between the Issuer and JPMorgan Chase Bank or any other entity which has a rating of at least P-1 by Moody's and A-1+ by S&P in respect of its short-term unsecured, unguaranteed and unsubordinated debt obligations (each a "LIBOR Swap Provider" and together, the "LIBOR Swap Providers"), each base rate swap (if any) (each a "Base Rate Swap" and together the "Base Rate Swaps") provided by any entity which has a rating of at least P-1 by Moody's and A-1+ by S&P in respect of its short-term unsecured, unguaranteed and unsubordinated debt obligations (each a "Base Rate Swap Provider" and together, the "Base Rate Swap Providers") purchased by the Issuer after the Issue Date, the master definitions schedule to be entered into between, inter alios, the Issuer, the Servicer and the Trustee (the "Master Definitions Schedule"), and such other documents as are expressed to be subject to the charges under the Deed of Charge (all such documents together the "Transaction Documents");

- (iv) a first fixed equitable charge in favour of the Trustee over the Issuer's beneficial interest in the Trust Accounts, the Transaction Account and the Reserve Account (each as defined below), any other bank account of the Issuer from time to time and over the Permitted Investments (as defined below); and
- (v) a first floating charge in favour of the Trustee (ranking after the security referred to in (i) to (iv) above) over the whole of the undertaking, property, assets and rights of the Issuer.

Priority of Payments Prior to Enforcement

- On each Interest Payment Date, the monies standing to the credit of the Transaction Account (save for any monies standing to the credit of the Pre-Funded Ledger applied or to be applied in purchasing Pre-Funded Mortgages), the monies representing a credit balance in the Reserve Ledger (save that such monies may only be applied to meet items (i) to (vii) below), the monies representing a credit balance in the Liquidity Reserve Ledger (save that such monies may only be applied to meet items (i) to (vii) below), all monies advanced under the Redraw Facility (save that such monies may only be applied to purchase the right to repayment of Redraws under item (ix) below or to rollover existing advances under the Redraw Facility), any Threshold Amount Deposit (as defined below) made on the immediately preceding Determination Date, all amounts received from the Swap Counterparties and/or the Cap Providers and/or the LIBOR Swap Providers under any Interest Rate Swaps and/or Interest Rate Caps and/or any LIBOR Swaps, all amounts received from the Base Rate Swap Providers under any Base Rate Swaps, all amounts representing a credit balance in the Hedge Reserve transferred from the Reserve Account to the Transaction Account, all amounts representing a credit balance in the Base Rate Reserve transferred from the Reserve Account to the Transaction Account and all amounts representing a credit balance in the Discount Reserve transferred from the Reserve Account to the Transaction Account will, after making payment of or providing for Excluded Items (as defined below), until enforcement of the Security for the Notes, be applied (save as the payee may otherwise agree) in making the following payments or provisions in the following order of priority (the "Priority of Payments"):
 - (i) to pay or provide for the remuneration payable to the Trustee and any fees, costs, charges, liabilities and expenses incurred by it under the provisions of the Trust Deed, the Deed of Charge and/or any of the Transaction Documents together with interest as provided in the Trust Deed, the Deed of Charge and/or any of the Transaction Documents;
 - (ii) to pay or provide for amounts due and/or which will become due prior to the next Interest Payment Date to the Paying Agents and Agent Bank under the Agency Agreement;
 - (iii) to pay or provide for *pari passu* and *pro rata* (a) amounts, including audit fees and company secretarial expenses (plus value added tax, if any), which are payable or expected to become due and payable by the Issuer on or after such Interest Payment Date by the Issuer to third parties and incurred without breach by the Issuer of its obligations under the Transaction Documents and not provided for payment elsewhere and (b) the Issuer's liability or possible liability for corporation tax;
 - (iv) to pay or provide for the servicing fee payable to the Servicer on such Interest Payment Date (inclusive of value added tax, if any) together with costs and expenses which are payable or expected to become payable by the Servicer under the Servicing Agreement prior to the next Interest Payment Date;
 - (v) to pay pro rata and pari passu:
 - (a) all amounts payable by the Issuer to the Swap Counterparties and/or the Base Rate Swap Providers and/or the LIBOR Swap Providers pursuant to the Interest Rate Swaps and/or the Base Rate Swaps and/or the LIBOR Swaps (other than in respect of termination payments following an event of default in respect of an Interest Rate Swap or a Base Rate Swap or a LIBOR Swap where the relevant Swap Counterparty or the relevant Base Rate Swap Provider or the relevant LIBOR Swap Provider is the defaulting party under the relevant Interest Rate Swap or, as the case may be, the relevant LIBOR Swap);

- (b) all amounts payable under the Redraw Facility other than in respect of principal; and
- (c) all amounts payable in respect of the Class A Notes other than in respect of principal on the Class A Notes;
- (vi) subject to an M Note Trigger Event not occurring on that Interest Payment Date, to pay all amounts payable in respect of the Class M Notes other than in respect of principal on the Class M Notes;
- (vii) subject to a B Note Trigger Event not occurring on that Interest Payment Date, to pay all amounts payable in respect of the Class B Notes other than in respect of principal on the Class B Notes;
- (viii) to credit all amounts, other than Principal Collections (as defined in Class A Condition 5(b)), to the Reserve Fund up to the Reserve Fund Required Amount;
- (ix) if a Liquidity Trigger Event has occurred and is continuing on the immediately preceding Determination Date, to credit the Liquidity Reserve up to the Liquidity Reserve Required Amount unless the Rating Agencies have confirmed that failure to make such credit will not adversely affect the then current rating of the Notes;
- (x) to pay for the purchase by the Issuer of the right to repayment of Redraws;
- (xi) to repay all principal amounts outstanding under the Redraw Facility;
- (xii) to fund the purchase by the Issuer of Further Advances up to an amount equal to the lower of (a) the Potential Redemption Amount less amounts applied in accordance with item (xi) above and (b) the aggregate amount of Redemptions received during the immediately preceding Collection Period less amounts applied in accordance with item (xi) above;
- (xiii) during the Substitution Period only, to fund the purchase by the Issuer of Further Mortgages up to an amount equal to the lower of (a) the Potential Redemption Amount less amounts applied in accordance with items (xi) and (xii) above; and (b) the aggregate amount of Redemptions received during the immediately preceding Collection Period less amounts applied in accordance with items (xi) and (xii) above;
- (xiv) to allocate an amount to be applied in redeeming the Notes equal to the greater of zero and the difference between (a) the Potential Redemption Amount (as defined in Class A Condition 5(b)) and (b) the sum of the amounts applied under items (xi), (xii) and (xiii);
- (xv) if an M Note Trigger Event occurs on such Interest Payment Date to pay all amounts payable in respect of the Class M Notes other than in respect of principal on the Class M Notes;
- (xvi) if a B Note Trigger Event occurs on such Interest Payment Date to pay all amounts payable in respect of the Class B Notes other than in respect of principal on the Class B Notes;
- (xvii) to credit *pari passu* and *pro rata* (a) the Base Rate Reserve up to the Base Rate Reserve Required Amount and (b) the Hedge Reserve up to the Hedge Reserve Required Amount;
- (xviii) to fund the purchase by the Issuer of hedges that may be required in order to preserve a rate at least equal to the Threshold Rate in respect of Pre-Funded Mortgages, Further Mortgages, Substitute Mortgages or Further Advances purchased on such Interest Payment Date;
- (xix) to credit the Discount Reserve in an amount equal to the aggregate Loan Expected Differentials arising from Discounts on Further Mortgages, Substitute Mortgages or Further Advances purchased on such Interest Payment Date;
- (xx) to make any termination payments payable to the Swap Counterparties or the Base Rate Swap Providers or the LIBOR Swap Providers pursuant to the Interest Rate Swaps or, as the case may be, the Base Rate Swaps or, as the case may be, the LIBOR Swaps following an event of default in respect of an Interest Rate Swap or, as the case may be, a Base Rate Swap or, as the case may be, a LIBOR Swap where the relevant Swap Counterparty or, as the case may be, the relevant Base Rate Swap Provider or, as the case may be, the relevant LIBOR Swap Provider is the defaulting party under the relevant Interest Rate Swap or, as the case may be, the relevant Base Rate Swap or, as the case may be, the relevant LIBOR Swap;

and provided that there is no Principal Deficiency on such Interest Payment Date and that no Event of Default has occurred;

(xxi) to pay amounts repayable to the Servicer in respect of any Threshold Amount Deposit which the Servicer elects to release;

- (xxii) to pay amounts payable in respect of the Start-Up Loan other than in respect of principal on the Start-Up Loan;
- (xxiii) to pay amounts payable in respect of principal under the Start-Up Loan;
- (xxiv) to pay sums due to the Standby Servicer as a standby servicing fee;
- (xxv) to pay *pari passu* and *pro rata* (a) sums due to Arianty as Arianty Deferred Purchase Consideration, (b) sums due to Britannic Money as Britannic Money Deferred Purchase Consideration and (c) sums due to First Active as First Active Deferred Purchase Consideration; and
- (xxvi) to make dividend payments to shareholders of the Issuer.

For the purposes of these Class A Conditions:

- "Arianty Deferred Purchase Consideration" means such sums as are paid to Arianty on each Interest Payment Date by way of deferred purchase consideration by the Issuer under the Mortgage Sale Agreement in respect of the Initial Mortgages and Further Mortgages.
- "Available Facility" means, in relation to the Redraw Facility, on each Interest Payment Date, an amount calculated as the difference between the Redraw Facility Limit and the aggregate amount of advances outstanding under the Redraw Facility which will not be repaid on such Interest Payment Date.
- "B Note Trigger Event" means the determination by the Servicer as at any Interest Payment Date on which Class A Notes or Class M Notes are outstanding that, on the assumption that a B Note Trigger Event does not occur, the application of funds in accordance with the Priority of Payments will give rise to a Principal Deficiency (as defined in Class A Condition 5(b)) which exceeds the aggregate Principal Amount Outstanding of the Class B Notes on such Interest Payment Date.
- "Bank of England Base Rate" means the Bank of England repo rate set from time to time by the Monetary Policy Committee of the Bank of England.
- "Base Rate Linked Mortgages" means Mortgages which are subject to a variable rate of interest set by Britannic Money from time to time, which is linked to the Bank of England Base Rate.
- "Base Rate Reserve" means the amount recorded in a ledger (the "Base Rate Reserve Ledger") and held in the Reserve Account.
- "Base Rate Reserve Required Amount" means on the Issue Date and each Interest Payment Date thereafter an amount equal to 0.20% of the aggregate outstanding principal balances (including drawn and undrawn balances) of all Unhedged Base Rate Linked Mortgages.
- "Base Rate Swap" means any interest rate swap entered into with the Base Rate Swap Provider for the purpose of hedging some or all of the Base Rate Linked Mortgages in the Mortgage Pool.
- "Base Rate Swap Provider" means such person who from time to time enters into a Base Rate Swap with the Issuer.
- "Borrower Loan Limit" means the principal amount of a Borrower's loan which would have been outstanding at any time if the Borrower had only made the minimum monthly payment agreed with Britannic Money or First Active, as applicable, (the "Minimum Monthly Payment") and had not made any Overpayments.
- "Borrower Mortgage Account" means each mortgage account held, from time to time, by a Borrower with Britannic Money or First Active, as applicable.
- "Britannic Money Deferred Purchase Consideration" means such sums as are paid to Britannic Money on each Interest Payment Date by way of deferred purchase consideration by the Issuer under the Mortgage Sale Agreement in respect of Further Advances.
- "Discount" means the discount below the Reference Rate applicable to a Discounted Mortgage at the relevant time.
- "Discounted Mortgage" means Mortgages which are at the relevant time subject to a discounted rate of interest for a specified period.
- "Discount Reserve" means the amount recorded in a ledger (the "Discount Reserve Ledger") and held in the Reserve Account.
- "Effective Interest Margin" means, in relation to Discounted Mortgages in the Mortgage Pool an amount determined as follows:
- (a) for each Standard Variable Rate Mortgage, the Threshold Margin less the Discount;

- (b) for each Base Rate Linked Mortgage, the margin of that Mortgage over Bank of England Base Rate less 0.15% (where such mortgage is not subject to a Base Rate Swap) less the Discount;
- (c) for each LIBOR Linked Mortgage, the margin of that Mortgage over LIBOR less the Discount.
- (d) for each Capped Mortgage which has been hedged relative to the Threshold Rate, the Threshold Margin less the Discount.
- (e) for each Fixed Rate Mortgage which has been swapped to the Threshold Rate, the Threshold Margin less the Discount.

"Expected Differential" means an amount calculated in respect of each Discounted Mortgage and each Interest Period as the difference between the Threshold Margin and the Effective Interest Margin on such Discounted Mortgage, to the extent such difference is positive, multiplied by the outstanding principal balance in respect of such Discounted Mortgage as of the Interest Payment Date multiplied by the fraction of the actual number of days elapsed in the succeeding Interest Period in respect of a 365 day year (or a 366 day year if the last day of the relevant period falls in a leap year).

"First Active Deferred Purchase Consideration" means such sums as are paid to First Active on each Interest Payment Date by way of deferred purchase consideration by the Issuer under the Mortgage Sale Agreement in respect of Further Advances.

"Further Advances" means the additional funds advanced to a Borrower by Britannic Money or First Active, as applicable, on the security of his/her Mortgage subject to the satisfaction of certain conditions.

"Hedge Reserve" means the amount recorded in a ledger (the "Hedge Reserve Ledger") and held in the Reserve Account.

"Hedge Reserve Required Amount" means (a) as at the Issue Date, the initial amount of Tranche C of the Start-Up Loan and (b) as at each Interest Payment Date, an amount equal to such amounts as are required to ensure that the Threshold Margin is maintained in respect of Capped Mortgages.

"Investment Home Loans" means loans made to a Borrower to be used to remortgage or acquire properties to let to tenants or hold as an investment.

"Liquidity Reserve" means the amount recorded in a ledger (the "Liquidity Reserve Ledger") and held in the Reserve Account.

"Liquidity Reserve Required Amount" means, on any Interest Payment Date following a Liquidity Trigger Event, the amount (if any) which is 3% of the aggregate Principal Amount Outstanding of the Notes minus the amount held as a credit balance in the Reserve Fund at such time.

A "Liquidity Trigger Event" means the occurrence of an event where more than 15% of the aggregate principal balance of the Mortgages comprised in the Mortgage Pool on the immediately preceding Determination Date comprise Mortgages in respect of which there are arrears equal to or greater than an amount equal to the then current scheduled monthly payment due under the relevant Mortgage multiplied by three.

"Mortgage Pool" means the Initial Mortgages, any Pre-Funded Mortgages, Substitute Mortgages and Further Mortgages acquired by the Issuer under the Mortgage Sale Agreement together with any Further Advances and Redraws.

"M Note Trigger Event" means the determination by the Servicer as at any Interest Payment Date on which Class A Notes are outstanding that, on the assumption that an M Note Trigger Event does not occur, the application of funds in accordance with the Priority of Payments will give rise to a Principal Deficiency (as defined in Class A Condition 5(b)) which exceeds the aggregate Principal Amount Outstanding of the Class M Notes and the Class B Notes on such Interest Payment Date.

"Owner Occupied Loans" means loans made to a Borrower to acquire property to be used as their primary place of residence.

"Overpayment" means the amount by which a payment made by a Borrower into his/her Borrower Mortgage Account exceeds the Minimum Monthly Payment.

"Payment Holiday" means a Borrower's monthly payments being met by applying Overpayments not previously redrawn by way of capitalisation of such monthly payments.

"Permitted Investments" means investments in which the Servicer is entitled to invest from time to time under the terms of the Servicing Agreement.

"Potential Redraw Amount" means the amount which is capable of being redrawn by a Borrower under a Mortgage.

"Pre-Funded Ledger" means the ledger so entitled and held in the Transaction Account.

"Prepayments" means part principal repayments under a Mortgage where the Borrower Loan Limit does not change following repayment ahead of the repayment plan used by Britannic Money or First Active, as applicable, to provide a baseline for the repayment of the Mortgage. For the avoidance of doubt, Prepayments do not include scheduled principal repayments.

"Receiver" means a receiver appointed by the Trustee under Clause 10 of the Deed of Charge.

"Redraw" means in respect of a Mortgage, a Payment Holiday or a redraw by the relevant Borrower of a portion of the principal of his/her Mortgage if and to the extent that such Borrower has previously made Prepayments on his/her Mortgage in excess of the scheduled principal repayments and has not previously redrawn the whole of such excess payments and provided that the amounts of such Redraw is limited to ensure that the outstanding balance of the Mortgage after such Redraw is no greater than the Borrower Loan Limit;

"Redraw Facility" means the sterling revolving credit facility made between the Issuer and the Redraw Facility Provider.

"Redraw Facility Limit" means, unless otherwise agreed between the Issuer, the Trustee, the Redraw Facility Provider and the Servicer and with the prior written confirmation of the Rating Agencies that the then current rating of the Notes will not be adversely affected, initially £25,000,000 and then, if on any Interest Payment Date falling in or after August 2005 the aggregate Potential Redraw Amount with respect to the Mortgages comprising the Mortgage Pool is less than 7.5% of the aggregate Principal Amount Outstanding of the Notes each as at the immediately preceding Interest Payment Date, the greater of (i) 5% of the aggregate Principal Amount Outstanding of the Notes as at such immediately preceding Interest Payment Date and (ii) £15,000,000.

"Reference Rate" means:

- (a) for each Standard Variable Rate Mortgage, Britannic Money's standard variable rate;
- (b) for each LIBOR Linked Mortgage, LIBOR plus the margin applicable to the relevant Mortgage as set out in the mortgage documentation entered into with the relevant Borrower;
- (c) for each Base Rate Linked Mortgage, Bank of England Base Rate, plus the margin applicable to the relevant Mortgage as set out in the mortgage documentation entered into with the relevant Borrower;
- (d) for each Capped Mortgage, the rate set out in the mortgage documentation entered into with the relevant Borrower;
- (e) for each Fixed Rate Mortgage, the rate set out in the mortgage documentation entered into with the relevant Borrower.

"Required Redraw Facility Provider Rating" means a short term unsecured, unguaranteed and unsubordinated debt rating of P-1 by Moody's and A-1+ by S&P.

"Reserve Account" means an account in the name of the Issuer at Barclays (the "Account Bank") in which each of the Reserve Fund, the Base Rate Reserve, the Discount Reserve, the Hedge Reserve and, upon a Liquidity Trigger Event, the Liquidity Reserve is established.

"Reserve Fund" means the amount recorded in a ledger (the "Reserve Ledger") and held in the Reserve Account provided that (A) whilst there are Class A Notes outstanding, the Reserve Fund shall only be applied to pay interest on the Class M Notes to the extent that such drawing does not result in the amount standing to the credit of the Reserve Fund being less than the lower of (1) £3,000,000 and (2) the Principal Amount Outstanding of the Class A Notes and (B) whilst there are Class M Notes outstanding, the Reserve Fund shall only be applied to pay interest on the Class B Notes to the extent that such drawing does not result in the amount standing to the credit of the Reserve Fund being less than the lower of (1) £3,000,000 and (2) the aggregate Principal Amount Outstanding of the Class A Notes and the Class M Notes.

"Reserve Fund Required Amount" means, from and including the Issue Date to and excluding the first Interest Payment Date, £7,000,000 and thereafter, on each Interest Payment Date, the amount standing to the credit of the Reserve Fund on such Interest Payment Date (taking into account the application of such monies as are available in accordance with item (viii) of the Priority of Payments) provided that the

amount standing to the credit of the Reserve Fund on any Interest Payment Date does not exceed 1.7% of the aggregate Principal Amount Outstanding of the Notes as at the Issue Date.

"Secured Creditors" means each of the Trustee, the Noteholders, the Couponholders, the Servicer, the Redraw Facility Provider, the Start-Up Loan Provider, the GIC Provider, the Account Bank, the Cap Providers, the Swap Counterparties, the Base Rate Swap Providers, the LIBOR Swap Providers and the Principal Paying Agent.

"Substitution Period" means the period commencing on (and including) the Issue Date and ending on the earlier of (i) the Interest Payment Date falling in July 2005, (ii) enforcement of the Security in accordance with Condition 10, (iii) removal of Britannic Money as Servicer in accordance with the Servicing Agreement (unless the Servicer is replaced by the Standby Servicer), (iv) the date on which the Notes are redeemed in full and (v) the date on which the Redraw Facility becomes fully drawn unless the Issuer elects to shorten the Substitution Period by giving five Business Days' notice to the Trustee and the Servicer.

"Threshold Amount Deposit" means a deposit which may be paid into the Transaction Account on an Interest Payment Date which is equal to the amount by which the amount produced by multiplying the Threshold Rate with the aggregate outstanding balances of the Mortgages in the Mortgage Pool on such Interest Payment Date and the fraction of the actual number of days elapsed in the relevant Interest Period in respect of a 365 day year (or a 366 day year if the last day of the relevant period falls in a leap year) exceeds the sum of:

- (a) the aggregate of the annual rate of interest applicable on such Interest Payment Date to each Mortgage in the Mortgage Pool multiplied by the principal balance outstanding of such Mortgage on such Interest Payment Date multiplied by the fraction of the actual number of days elapsed in the relevant Interest Period in respect of a 365 day year (or a 366 day year if the last day of the relevant period falls in a leap year), plus
- (b) any amount expected to be transferred from the Hedge Reserve into the Transaction Account on the next following Interest Payment Date; plus
- (c) any amount expected to be transferred from the Base Rate Reserve into the Transaction Account on the next following Interest Payment Date; plus
- (d) any amount expected to be transferred from the Discount Reserve into the Transaction Account on the next following Interest Payment Date; plus
- (e) any amounts received in respect of Interest Rate Swaps, LIBOR Swaps, Base Rate Swaps and Interest Rate Caps,

(such amount not to be less than zero).

"Threshold Margin" means the figure expressed as a percentage resulting from the addition of (i) the average total principal balance of Owner Occupied Loans during the relevant Interest Period multiplied by 1% plus (ii) the average total principal balance of Investment Home Loans during the relevant Interest Period multiplied by 1.2%, all divided by the average total principal balance outstanding of all Mortgages during that Interest Period. The average total principal balance outstanding in any category of Loan for the purposes of the above calculation shall be calculated by reference to the total principal balance outstanding of such category of Loan on each day during the relevant Interest Period.

"Threshold Rate" means in respect of an Interest Period an annual rate of LIBOR as determined in relation to the Notes for such Interest Period plus the Threshold Margin.

"Transaction Account" means account number 00736708 in the name of the Issuer at Barclays.

"Trust Accounts" means the accounts in the name of Britannic Money held at Barclays and RBS in to which payments are made in respect of amounts due and amounts received under the Mortgages.

"Unhedged Base Rate Linked Mortgages" means the aggregate outstanding principal balances of Base Rate Linked Mortgages less the total notional balances of all Base Rate Swaps.

Priority of Payments Post-Enforcement

- (f) On enforcement of the Security, the Trustee is required, after making payment of or providing for Excluded Items, to apply moneys available for distribution in or towards the satisfaction of the following amounts in the following order of priority:
 - (i) first, to pay the remuneration then due and payable to the Trustee and any fees, costs, charges, liabilities and expenses incurred by the Trustee or any receiver appointed by the

Trustee under the provisions of the Trust Deed, the Deed of Charge and/or any of the Transaction Documents together with interest as provided in the Trust Deed, the Deed of Charge and/or any of the Transaction Documents;

- (ii) second, to pay the remuneration then due and payable to the Agent Bank and the Paying Agents and any fees, costs, charges, liabilities and expenses incurred by them or by the Account Bank under the Bank Agreement and/or any of the Transaction Documents together with interest as provided in the Trust Deed, the Deed of Charge and/or any of the Transaction Documents;
- (iii) third, to pay or provide for *pari passu* and *pro rata* (a) amounts, including audit fees and company secretarial expenses (plus value added tax, if any), which are payable or expected to become due and payable by the Issuer to third parties and incurred without breach by the Issuer of its obligations under the Transaction Documents and not provided for payment elsewhere and (b) the Issuer's liability or possible liability for corporation tax;
- (iv) fourth, in or towards satisfaction of any fees due and payable to the Servicer and any costs, charges, expenses and liabilities incurred by the Servicer;
- (v) fifth, to pay *pari passu* and *pro rata* (a) all amounts due under the Interest Rate Swaps, (b) all amounts due under the Base Rate Swaps, (c) all amounts due under the LIBOR Swaps, (d) all amounts due under the Redraw Facility and (e) interest and principal and all other amounts due and payable in respect of the Class A Notes;
- (vi) sixth, to pay interest due and payable in respect of the Class M Notes then principal and all other amounts due and payable in respect of the Class M Notes;
- (vii) seventh, to pay interest due and payable in respect of the Class B Notes and then principal and all other amounts due and payable in respect of the Class B Notes;
- (viii) eighth, to pay any interest and principal amounts due and payable under the Start-Up Loan;
- (ix) ninth, to pay *pro rata* and *pari passu* (a) sums due to Arianty as Arianty Deferred Purchase Consideration, (b) sums due to Britannic Money as Britannic Money Deferred Purchase Consideration and (c) sums due to First Active as First Active Deferred Purchase Consideration; and
- (x) tenth, to pay the surplus (if any) to the shareholders of the Issuer by way of dividends.

The Trustee cannot, while any of the Class A Notes are outstanding and there is no subsisting Event of Default under Class A Condition 9, enforce the Security on behalf of the Class M Noteholders, the Class B Noteholders or any other Secured Creditor (whether or not requested to do so by the Class M Noteholders, the Class B Noteholders or such other Secured Creditor) under the Deed of Charge.

The Security will become enforceable upon the occurrence of an Event of Default (as defined in Class A Condition 9(a)) provided that, if the Security has become enforceable otherwise than by reason of a default in payment of any amount due on the Class A Notes or Class A Coupons, the Trustee will not be entitled to dispose of the assets comprised in the Security or any part thereof unless either a sufficient amount would be realised to allow discharge in full of all amounts owing to the Class A Noteholders and the Class A Couponholders or the Trustee is of the opinion, which shall be binding on the Class A Noteholders, the Class A Couponholders and the other Secured Creditors, reached after considering at any time and from time to time the advice of an investment bank or other financial adviser selected by the Trustee, that the cash flow prospectively receivable by the Issuer will not (or that there is a significant risk that it will not) be sufficient, having regard to any other relevant actual, contingent or prospective liabilities of the Issuer, to discharge in full in due course all amounts owing to the Class A Noteholders and the Class A Couponholders.

3. COVENANTS

Save with the prior written consent of the Trustee or as provided in or envisaged by any of the Trust Deed, the Deed of Charge, or any of the Transaction Documents (together the "Documents"), the Issuer shall not, so long as any Class A Note, Class M Note or Class B Note remains outstanding (as defined in the Trust Deed):

(a) Negative Pledge

create or permit to subsist any mortgage, standard security, pledge, lien (unless arising by operation of law) or charge upon the whole or any part of its assets, present or future (including any uncalled capital) or its undertaking;

(b) Restrictions on Activities

- (i) engage in any activity which is not incidental to any of the activities which the Documents provide or envisage that the Issuer will engage in; or
- (ii) have any subsidiaries or employees or premises;

(c) Disposal of Assets

transfer, convey, sell, lend, part with or otherwise dispose of, or deal with, or grant any option or present or future right to acquire any of its assets or undertakings or any interest, estate, right, title or benefit therein or thereto;

(d) Equitable Interest

permit any person other than the Issuer, the Trustee and Britannic Money or First Active in relation to any Redraws or Further Advances funded by either of them to have any equitable or beneficial interest in any of its assets or undertakings or any interest, estate, right, title or benefit therein;

(e) Bank Accounts

have an interest in any bank account, other than the Trust Accounts and the bank accounts maintained pursuant to the Bank Agreement or the Guaranteed Investment Contract;

(f) Dividends or Distributions

pay any dividend or make any other distribution to its shareholders or issue any further shares other than pursuant to the Priority of Payments;

(g) Borrowings

incur any indebtedness in respect of borrowed money whatsoever or give any guarantee or indemnity in respect of any obligation of any person;

(h) Merger

consolidate or merge with any other person or convey or transfer its properties or assets substantially as an entirety to any other person;

(i) Surrender of Group Relief

offer or consent to surrender to any company any amounts which are available for surrender by way of group relief within Chapter IV of Part X of the Income and Corporation Taxes Act 1988 unless the Issuer first receives by way of consideration for such surrender the payment of an amount calculated by applying to the amount surrendered the rate of corporation tax applicable to the Issuer at the time of surrender:

(j) Other

permit the validity or effectiveness of any of the Documents, the Insurance Contracts relating to the Mortgages owned by the Issuer or the priority of the security interests created thereby to be amended, terminated or discharged, or consent to any variation of, or exercise of, any powers of consent or waiver pursuant to the terms of the Trust Deed, these Class A Conditions or any of the Documents, or permit any party to any of the Documents or Insurance Contracts or any other person whose obligations form part of the Security to be released from such obligations, or dispose of any Mortgage save as envisaged in the Documents.

If the Issuer does not cease to be a member of the value added tax group which on 1 May 2002 otherwise comprised Arianty No. 1 plc, Arianty No. 2 plc, Arianty Holdings Limited, Arianty Services Limited and First Flexible No. 4 plc for the purposes of Section 43 of the Value Added Tax Act 1994 (or for the purposes of any act, regulation, order, statutory instrument or directive which, from time to time, may re-enact, replace, amend, vary, codify, consolidate or repeal the Value Added Tax Act 1994) (the "VAT Group"), the Issuer covenants to take such steps as may be required so that the then current ratings of

each Class of Notes will not be adversely affected by the Issuer's continued membership of the VAT Group.

The Issuer will procure that no company, which was not a member of the VAT Group on 1 May 2002, will become a member of such group before the Relevant Date.

The "Relevant Date" shall be the later of 31 August 2002 and the day after such date on which the Issuer ceases to be a member of the VAT Group.

In giving any consent to the foregoing, the Trustee may require the Issuer to make such modifications or additions to the provisions of any of the Documents or may impose such other conditions or requirements as the Trustee may deem expedient (in its absolute discretion) in the interests of the Class A Noteholders, the Class M Noteholders and the Class B Noteholders.

4. INTEREST

(a) Period of Accrual

The Class A Note bears interest from (and including) the Issue Date. Each Class A Note shall cease to bear interest from its due date for redemption unless, upon due presentation, payment of the relevant amount of principal is improperly withheld or refused. In such event, interest will continue to accrue thereon in accordance with this Class A Condition (as well after as before any judgment) up to (but excluding) the date on which all sums due in respect of such Class A Note up to that day are received by or on behalf of the relevant Class A Noteholder, or (if earlier) the seventh day after notice is duly given by the Principal Paying Agent to the holder thereof (in accordance with Class A Condition 14) that it has received all sums due in respect of such Class A Note (except to the extent that there is any subsequent default in payment).

Whenever it is necessary to compute an amount of interest in respect of any Class A Note for any period (including any Interest Period (as defined below)), such interest shall be calculated on the basis of actual days elapsed in a 365 day year or a 366 day year if the last day of such period falls in a leap year.

(b) Interest Payment Dates and Interest Periods

Interest on the Class A Notes is payable monthly in arrear on the first day of each calendar month in each year (or, if such day is not a Business Day, the immediately succeeding Business Day) (each such day an "Interest Payment Date") save for the first payment of interest which will be made in respect of the period commencing on (and including) the Issue Date and ending on (but excluding) the Interest Payment Date falling in August 2002. The period from (and including) an Interest Payment Date (or the Issue Date in respect of the first Interest Payment Date) to (but excluding) the next following (or first) Interest Payment Date is called an "Interest Period" in these Class A Conditions and "Business Day" shall in these Class A Conditions mean a day (other than a Saturday or Sunday) on which banks are open for business in the City of London.

(c) Rate of Interest

The rate of interest payable from time to time in respect of the Class A Notes (the "Rate of Interest") and the relevant Interest Amount (as defined in paragraph (d) below) will be determined on the basis of the provisions set out below:

on each Interest Payment Date or, in the case of the first Interest Period, on the Issue Date (each an "Interest Determination Date") the Agent Bank will determine the offered quotation to leading banks in the London interbank market for one month sterling deposits (or, in the case of the first Interest Period, such rate shall be obtained by linear interpolation of the rate for one month and two month sterling deposits) by reference to the display designated as the British Bankers Association's Interest Settlement Rate as quoted on the Dow Jones/Telerate Monitor Telerate Screen No. 3750 (or (aa) such other page as may replace Telerate Screen No. 3750 on that service for the purpose of displaying such information or (bb) if that service ceases to display such information, such page as displays such information on such service (or, if more than one, that one previously approved in writing by the Trustee) as may replace the Dow Jones/Telerate Monitor) as at or about 11:00 a.m. (London time) on that date (the "Screen Rate"). If the Screen Rate is unavailable, the Agent Bank will request the principal London office of each of the Reference Banks (as defined in paragraph (h) below) to provide the Agent Bank with its offered quotation as at or about 11:00 a.m. (London time) on that date to leading banks for one month sterling deposits (or. in relation to the first Interest Period, one month and two month sterling deposits and a linear interpolation between such rates). The Rate of Interest for such Interest Period shall, subject as

provided below, be the Relevant Margin (as defined below) above the Screen Rate or, as the case may be, above the arithmetic mean (rounded if necessary to the nearest 0.0001%, 0.00005% being rounded upwards) of the quotations of three out of five quoting Reference Banks (excluding, if all five quotations are not the same, the Reference Bank with the highest and the Reference Bank with the lowest such quotations) but, if more than one of either or both, only one of the Reference Banks with the highest and/or, as the case may be, only one of the Reference Banks with the lowest such quotations;

- (ii) if, on the relevant Interest Determination Date, the Screen Rate is unavailable and only four of the Reference Banks provide such quotations, the Rate of Interest for the relevant Interest Period shall be determined (in accordance with (i) above) on the basis of two out of the four quoting Reference Banks (excluding two on the basis set out in (i) above);
- (iii) if, on the relevant Interest Determination Date, the Screen Rate is unavailable and only two or three of the Reference Banks provide such quotations, the Rate of Interest for the relevant Interest Period shall be determined (in accordance with (i) above) on the basis of the quotations of all the quoting Reference Banks (without any exclusion as referred to in (i) above);
- (iv) if, on the relevant Interest Determination Date, the Screen Rate is unavailable and only one or none of the Reference Banks provides such a quotation, then the Rate of Interest for the relevant Interest Period shall be the Reserve Interest Rate. The "Reserve Interest Rate" shall be the rate per annum which the Agent Bank determines to be either (aa) the Relevant Margin above the arithmetic mean (rounded if necessary to the nearest 0.0001%, 0.00005% being rounded upwards) of the sterling lending rates which leading banks in London (selected by the Agent Bank in its absolute discretion) are quoting, as at or about 11:00 a.m. (London time) on the relevant Interest Determination Date, for the relevant Interest Period to the Reference Banks or those of them (being at least two in number) to which such quotations are in the sole opinion of the Agent Bank being so made or (bb) if the Agent Bank certifies that it cannot determine such arithmetic mean, the Relevant Margin above the lowest of the sterling lending rates which leading banks in London (selected by the Agent Bank in its absolute discretion) are quoting on the relevant Interest Determination Date, to the leading banks which have their head offices in London for the relevant Interest Period provided that if the Agent Bank certifies as aforesaid and further certifies that none of the banks selected as provided in (b) above is quoting to leading banks as aforesaid, then the Reserve Interest Rate shall be the Rate of Interest in effect for the Interest Period ending on the relevant Interest Determination Date.

For the purpose of the Class A Conditions the "Relevant Margin" shall be 0.23% per annum for each Interest Period up to and including the Interest Payment Date falling in July 2009 (the "Coupon Step Up Date") and thereafter 0.46% per annum.

(d) Determination of Rates of Interest and Calculation of Interest Amounts

The Agent Bank shall, on each Interest Determination Date, determine and notify the Issuer, the Servicer, the Trustee and the Paying Agents of (i) the Rate of Interest applicable to the Interest Period beginning on and including such Interest Determination Date in respect of the Class A Notes and (ii) the sterling amount (the "Interest Amount") payable in respect of such Interest Period in respect of the Principal Amount Outstanding (as defined in Class A Condition 5(c)).

(e) Publication of Rate of Interest, Interest Amount and other Notices

As soon as practicable after receiving notification thereof, the Issuer will cause the Rate of Interest and the Interest Amount applicable to the Class A Notes for each Interest Period and the Interest Payment Date falling at the end of such Interest Period to be notified to each stock exchange (if any) (including, for as long as the Notes are admitted to the Official List, the UK Listing Authority) on which the Class A Notes are then listed and will cause notice thereof to be given to the relevant Class A Noteholders in accordance with Class A Condition 14. The Interest Amount and Interest Payment Date so notified may subsequently be amended (or appropriate alternative arrangements made by way of adjustment) without notice in the event of any extension or shortening of the Interest Period.

(f) Determination or Calculation by Trustee

If the Agent Bank does not at any time for any reason determine the Rate of Interest and/or calculate the Interest Amount for any Class A Notes in accordance with the foregoing paragraphs, the Trustee shall (i) determine the Rate of Interest at such rate as, in its absolute discretion (having such regard as it shall think fit to the procedure described above), it shall deem fair and reasonable in all the circumstances

and/or (as the case may be) (ii) calculate the Interest Amount for the Class A Notes in the manner specified in paragraph (c) above, and any such determination and/or calculation shall be deemed to have been made by the Agent Bank.

(q) Notifications to be Final

All notifications, opinions, determinations, certificates, calculations, quotations and decisions given, expressed, made or obtained for the purposes of this Class A Condition, whether by the Reference Banks (or any of them) or the Agent Bank or the Trustee shall (in the absence of wilful default, bad faith or manifest error) be binding on the Issuer, the Servicer, the Reference Banks, the Agent Bank, the Trustee and all Class A Noteholders and Class A Couponholders and (in which absence as aforesaid) no liability to the Servicer, the Class A Noteholders or Class A Couponholders shall attach to the Issuer, the Reference Banks, the Agent Bank or the Trustee in connection with the exercise or non-exercise by them or any of them of their powers, duties and discretions hereunder.

(h) Reference Banks and Agent Bank

The Issuer shall ensure that, so long as any of the Class A Notes remains outstanding, there shall at all times be five reference banks (the "Reference Banks") and an Agent Bank. The initial Agent Bank shall be JPMorgan Chase Bank. In the event of the principal London office of any such bank being unable or unwilling to continue to act as a Reference Bank or in the event of JPMorgan Chase Bank being unwilling to act as the Agent Bank, the Issuer shall appoint such other bank as may be previously approved in writing by the Trustee to act as such in its place. The Agent Bank may not resign until a successor approved by the Trustee has been appointed.

5. REDEMPTION AND CANCELLATION

(a) Final Redemption

Unless previously redeemed as provided in this Class A Condition, the Issuer shall redeem the Class A Notes at their Principal Amount Outstanding (as defined below) on the Interest Payment Date falling in June 2034 (the "Final Redemption Date").

The Issuer may not redeem Class A Notes in whole or in part prior to that date except as provided in paragraphs (b), (d), (e) or (f) of this Class A Condition but without prejudice to Class A Condition 9.

(b) Mandatory Redemption in Part

Subject as provided below, the principal amount redeemable in respect of each Class A Note on an Interest Payment Date (the "Actual Redemption Amount") shall be the Class A Redemption Amount on such Interest Payment Date divided by the number of Class A Notes outstanding on the relevant Interest Payment Date (rounded down to the nearest penny); provided always that no such Actual Redemption Amount may exceed the Principal Amount Outstanding of the relevant Class A Note.

For the purposes of these Class A Conditions:

"Borrower Loan Limit" means the principal amount of a Borrower's loan which would have been outstanding at any time if the Borrower had only made its minimum monthly payments due under the relevant loan and had not made any additional payments or overpayments.

"Collection Period" means the period beginning on (and including) a Determination Date (save for the first Collection Period which shall begin on (and include) the Issue Date) and ending on the day immediately preceding the next following Determination Date.

"Couponholders" means together the Class A Couponholders, the holders of the coupons attached to the Class M Notes and the holders of the coupons attached to the Class B Notes.

"Determination Date" means the day which is eight Business Days prior to an Interest Payment Date.

"Excluded Items" means

- (a) certain moneys which properly belong to third parties (such as monies owing to any party in respect of reimbursement for direct debit recalls);
- (b) on the Interest Payment Date following the Issue Date, amounts payable to Arianty under the Mortgage Sale Agreement in respect of reconciliations of the amounts paid in respect of the purchase of the Mortgages on the Issue Date; and
- (c) where the Issuer is unable to purchase the right to repayment of Redraws made with respect to one or more Mortgages on any Interest Payment Date (such Redraws continuing to be funded by

Britannic Money or First Active, as applicable, on the basis that the Issuer holds each relevant Mortgage on trust for itself and Britannic Money or First Active, as applicable, each party's interest being proportionate to the funding provided by it), the aggregate of Britannic Money's or First Active's, as applicable, *pro rata* share of amounts received in respect of each such Mortgage during the immediately preceding Collection Period.

"Noteholders" means together the Class A Noteholders, the holders of the Class M Notes and the holders of the Class C Notes.

"Potential Redemption Amount" will be determined on each Determination Date as follows:

- (a) the aggregate amount of Redemptions, Prepayments, enforcement proceeds, recoveries and insurance proceeds (to the extent they relate to principal) received during the immediately preceding Collection Period in respect of the Mortgages ("Principal Collections"); plus
- (b) principal losses realised upon completion of the enforcement and recovery process in relation to the Mortgages during the immediately preceding Collection Period; plus
- (c) an amount equal to the Principal Deficiency recorded on the previous Determination Date; less
- (d) the aggregate principal amount of Redraws the right to repayment of which are to be purchased by the Issuer on the immediately succeeding Interest Payment Date; less
- (e) the amount by which the aggregate principal amount outstanding under the Redraw Facility is expected to increase on the immediately succeeding Interest Payment Date as a result of the purchase of the right to repayment of Redraws,

provided that the Potential Redemption Amount shall never be less than zero.

"Redemptions" means scheduled principal payments plus full and part principal repayments (including enforcement and insurance proceeds) under a Mortgage where the Borrower Loan Limit (as defined above) irrevocably reduces as a result of repayment ahead of the repayment plan used by Britannic Money or First Active, as applicable, to provide a baseline for the repayment of the Mortgage.

"Prepayments" means part principal repayments under a Mortgage where the Borrower Loan Limit does not change following prepayment ahead of the repayment plan used by Britannic Money or First Active, as applicable, to provide a baseline for the repayment of the Mortgage.

The amount allocated for redemption of the Notes under item (xiv) of the Priority of Payments (the "Redemption Amount") will be divided into a "Class A Redemption Amount", a "Class M Redemption Amount" and a "Class B Redemption Amount". During a Class M Principal Lock Out, the Class A Redemption Amount will equal the Redemption Amount and the Class M Redemption Amount and the Class B Redemption Amount will be zero. During a Class B Principal Lock Out, the Redemption Amount will be divided between the Class A Redemption Amount and the Class M Redemption Amount (on a *pro rata* basis and subject to a Class M Principal Lock Out not having occurred) and the Class B Redemption Amount will be zero.

A "Class M Principal Lock Out" shall occur on any Interest Payment Date (i) during the period up to (and including) the earlier of the Interest Payment Date on which all Class A Notes are redeemed in full and the Interest Payment Date falling five years after the end of the Substitution Period (the "Class M Principal Lock Out Period"), (ii) where on such Interest Payment Date the sum of the Reserve Fund, the aggregate Principal Amount Outstanding (as defined in Condition 5 of the Class M Conditions) of the Class M Notes and the aggregate Principal Amount Outstanding (as defined in Condition 5 of the Class B Conditions) of the Class B Notes as a percentage of the sum of the aggregate Principal Amount Outstanding of the Class A Notes, the Class M Notes and the Class B Notes is not at least twice that same percentage as at the Issue Date, (iii) where a Principal Deficiency exists on such Interest Payment Date (iv) where the aggregate principal balance of Mortgages in respect of which there are arrears of an amount greater than £100 is greater than 2.5% of the then aggregate principal balance of the Mortgages comprised in the Mortgage Pool, in each case as at the immediately preceding Determination Date and (v) where the sum of the Principal Amount Outstanding of the Class M Notes and the Principal Amount Outstanding of the Class B Notes on such Interest Payment Date is less than two times the principal balance of the largest Mortgage or group of Mortgages in the name of a single Borrower as at the immediately preceding Determination Date.

A "Class B Principal Lock Out" shall occur on any Interest Payment Date (i) during the period up to (and including) the earlier of the Interest Payment Date on which all Class A Notes and Class M Notes are redeemed in full and the Interest Payment Date falling five years after the end of the Substitution Period (the "Class B Principal Lock Out Period"), (ii) where on such Interest Payment Date the sum of the

Reserve Fund and the aggregate Principal Amount Outstanding (as defined in Condition 5 of the Class B Conditions) of the Class B Notes) as a percentage of the sum of the aggregate Principal Amount Outstanding of the Class A Notes, the Class M Notes and the Class B Notes is not at least twice that same percentage as at the Issue Date, (iii) where a Principal Deficiency exists on such Interest Payment Date, (iv) where the aggregate principal balance of Mortgages in respect of which there are arrears of an amount greater than £100 is greater than 2.5% of the then aggregate principal balance of the Mortgages comprised in the Mortgage Pool, in each case as at the immediately preceding Determination Date and (v) where the Principal Amount Outstanding of the Class B Notes on such Interest Payment Date is less than two times the principal balance of the largest Mortgage or group of Mortgages in the name of a single Borrower as at the immediately preceding Determination Date.

If no Class M Principal Lock Out and no Class B Principal Lock Out applies on an Interest Payment Date and there are Class A Notes outstanding, the Redemption Amount will be divided between the Class A Redemption Amount, the Class M Redemption Amount and the Class B Redemption Amount in such amounts as would maintain the then current ratio of Class A Notes to Class M Notes to Class B Notes. If on any Interest Payment Date there are no Class A Notes outstanding, the Redemption Amount will be divided between the Class M Redemption Amount (subject to a Class M Principal Lock Out not having occurred) and the Class B Redemption Amount (subject to a Class B Principal Lock Out not having occurred) in such amounts as would maintain the then current ratio of the Class M Notes to the Class B Notes. If on any Interest Payment Date there are no Class A Notes or Class M Notes outstanding, the Class B Redemption Amount shall equal the whole of the Redemption Amount.

"Principal Deficiency" means the amount calculated on each Determination Date by deducting from the "Liabilities" expected to exist as at close of business on the immediately succeeding Interest Payment Date the "Assets" expected to exist as at close of business on the immediately succeeding Interest Payment Date (after having made all payments in accordance with the Priority of Payments),

where "Liabilities" means:

- (a) the aggregate Principal Amount Outstanding of the Notes on the last date of the immediately preceding Collection Period; less
- (b) the amount allocated in the Priority of Payments to redemption of the Notes under item (xiv) on the immediately succeeding Interest Payment Date; plus
- (c) the aggregate principal amount outstanding under the Redraw Facility on the last day of the immediately preceding Collection Period; plus
- (d) the amount by which the aggregate principal amount outstanding under the Redraw Facility is expected to increase on the immediately succeeding Interest Payment Date as a result of the purchase of the right to repayment of Redraws; less
- (e) the amount allocated in the Priority of Payments to repayment of principal amounts outstanding under the Redraw Facility under item (xi) on the immediately succeeding Interest Payment Date; and

"Assets" means:

- (a) the aggregate outstanding principal balances of the Mortgages (including amounts receivable in respect of claims under property related insurance policies) on the last day of the immediately preceding Collection Period; plus
- (b) the aggregate principal amount of the Redraws, the right to repayment of which are to be purchased on the immediately succeeding Interest Payment Date; plus
- (c) the amount, if any, allocated in the Priority of Payments to credit the Liquidity Reserve up to the Liquidity Reserve Required Amount under item (ix) on the immediately succeeding Interest Payment Date plus the amount already standing to the credit of the Liquidity Reserve on such date; plus
- (d) the amount allocated in the Priority of Payments to purchase Further Advances under item (xii) on the immediately succeeding Interest Payment Date; plus
- (e) the amount allocated in the Priority of Payments to purchase Further Mortgages under item (xiii) on the immediately succeeding Interest Payment Date; plus
- (f) the amount standing to the credit of the Pre-Funded Ledger, provided that the Principal Deficiency shall never be less than zero.

In connection with such redemption, the Servicer will on each Determination Date, pursuant to the Servicing Agreement, determine the Potential Redemption Amount, the Class A Redemption Amount, the Class M Redemption Amount and the Class B Redemption Amount.

(c) Class A Note Principal Payments, Principal Amount Outstanding and Pool Factor

On (or as soon as practicable after) each Determination Date, the Issuer shall determine (or cause the Servicer to determine) (i) the amount of any Actual Redemption Amount due in respect of each Class A Note on the Interest Payment Date next following such Determination Date, (ii) the principal amount outstanding of each Class A Note on the Interest Payment Date next following such Determination Date (after deducting any Actual Redemption Amount due to be made in respect of that Class A Note on that Interest Payment Date) (the "Principal Amount Outstanding") and (iii) the fraction expressed as a decimal to the sixth point (the "Pool Factor"), of which the numerator is the Principal Amount Outstanding of a Class A Note (as referred to in (ii) above) and the denominator is £10,000. Each determination by or on behalf of the Issuer of any Actual Redemption Amount of a Class A Note, the Principal Amount Outstanding of a Class A Note and the Pool Factor shall in each case (in the absence of wilful default, bad faith or manifest error) be final and binding on all persons.

The Principal Amount Outstanding of a Class A Note on any date shall be £10,000 less the aggregate amount of all Actual Redemption Amounts in respect of such Class A Note that have become due and payable since the Issue Date on or prior to such date (whether or not paid).

With respect to the Class A Notes, the Issuer will cause each determination of an Actual Redemption Amount, Principal Amount Outstanding and Pool Factor to be notified forthwith to the Trustee, the Paying Agents, the Agent Bank and (for so long as the Class A Notes are admitted to trading on the London Stock Exchange's market for listed securities) the London Stock Exchange, and will immediately cause notice of each determination of an Actual Redemption Amount, Principal Amount Outstanding and Pool Factor to be given in accordance with Class A Condition 14 by not later than two Business Days prior to the relevant Interest Payment Date. If no Actual Redemption Amount is due to be made on the Class A Notes on any Interest Payment Date a notice to this effect will be given by or on behalf of the Issuer to the Class A Noteholders in accordance with Class A Condition 14.

If the Issuer does not at any time for any reason determine (or cause the Servicer to determine) with respect to the Class A Notes an Actual Redemption Amount, the Principal Amount Outstanding or the Pool Factor in accordance with the preceding provisions of this paragraph, such Actual Redemption Amount, Principal Amount Outstanding and Pool Factor may be determined by the Trustee in accordance with this paragraph and each such determination or calculation shall be deemed to have been made by the Issuer. Any such determination shall be binding on the Issuer, the Servicer, the Class A Noteholders and the Class A Couponholders.

(d) Optional Redemption

On the Interest Payment Date falling in July 2009 or on any Interest Payment Date falling thereafter and upon giving not more than 30 nor less than 20 days' notice to the Trustee and the Noteholders in accordance with Class A Condition 14, the Issuer may redeem all (but not some only of) the Notes at their Principal Amount Outstanding together with interest accrued thereon provided that, prior to giving any such notice, the Issuer shall have provided to the Trustee a certificate signed by two directors of the Issuer to the effect that it will have the funds, not subject to any interest of any other person, required to redeem the Notes as aforesaid.

On any Interest Payment Date on which the aggregate Principal Amount Outstanding of the Notes is equal to or less than 10% of the aggregate principal amount of such Notes at the time such Notes were issued, and upon giving not more than 30 nor less than 20 days notice to the Trustee and the Noteholders, the Issuer may redeem all (but not some only of) the Notes at their Principal Amount Outstanding together with accrued interest provided that prior to giving any such notice, the Issuer shall have provided the Trustee with a certificate signed by two directors of the Issuer to the effect that it will have the funds, not subject to any interest of any other person, required to redeem the Notes as aforesaid.

(e) Optional Redemption for Tax Reasons

If the Issuer at any time satisfies the Trustee immediately prior to the giving of the notice referred to below that (i) on the next Interest Payment Date the Issuer or any Paying Agent would be required to deduct or withhold from any payment of principal or interest on the Notes any amount for or on account of any present or future taxes, duties, assessments or governmental charges of whatever nature and

wherever imposed, levied, collected, withheld or assessed, or (ii) the total amount payable in respect of interest in relation to any of the Mortgages during an Interest Period ceases to be receivable (whether or not actually received) by the Issuer during such Interest Period, or (iii) the Issuer would, by virtue of a change in the law (or the application or officially published interpretation thereof) not be entitled to relief for United Kingdom tax purposes for any material amount which is currently relievable and which it is obliged to pay under the Transaction Documents, then the Issuer may, having given not more than 30 nor less than 20 days' notice to the Trustee and the Noteholders in accordance with Class A Condition 14, redeem all (but not some only) of the Notes on any Interest Payment Date at their Principal Amount Outstanding together with interest accrued thereon provided that, prior to giving any such notice, the Issuer shall have provided to the Trustee: (a) a certificate signed by two directors of the Issuer to the effect that it will have the funds, not subject to the interest of any other person, required to redeem the Notes as aforesaid and (b) a legal opinion (in form and substance satisfactory to the Trustee) from a firm of lawyers in England (approved in writing by the Trustee) opining on the relevant event. Any certificate and legal opinion given by or on behalf of the Issuer may be relied on by the Trustee and shall be conclusive and binding on the Noteholders and Couponholders.

(f) Other Reasons

The Issuer may, at its option, upon giving not more than 30 nor less than 20 days notice to the Trustee and the Noteholders redeem all of the Notes at their Principal Amount Outstanding together with interest accrued thereon on the second Interest Payment Date after any Determination Date on which it is determined that the aggregate amount of Redraws made by Borrowers during the Collection Period then ending exceeds the sum of (a) the Principal Collections available for the purpose of purchasing the right to repayment of Redraws in accordance with the Priority of Payments and (b) the lower of (i) the Available Facility under the Redraw Facility and (ii) the aggregate Principal Amount Outstanding of the Notes.

(g) Notice of Redemption

Any such notice as is referred to in paragraph (d), (e) or (f) above shall be irrevocable and, upon the expiration of such notice, the Issuer shall be bound to redeem the Class A Notes at their Principal Amount Outstanding together with interest accrued thereon.

(h) Purchase

The Issuer shall not purchase any Class A Notes or Class A Coupons.

(i) Cancellation

All Class A Notes redeemed pursuant to paragraphs (d), (e) or (f) above will be cancelled upon redemption, together with any unmatured Class A Coupons appertaining thereto and attached thereto or surrendered therewith, and may not be resold or re-issued.

6. PAYMENTS

- (a) Payments of principal in respect of the Class A Notes will be made against presentation of the Class A Notes at the specified office of any Paying Agent. Payments of interest in respect of the Class A Notes will (subject as provided in paragraphs (c) and (d) below) be made only against presentation and surrender of the Class A Coupons at the specified office of any Paying Agent. Payments will be made in sterling at the specified office of any Paying Agent by sterling cheque drawn on, or, at the option of the holder, by transfer to a sterling account maintained by the payee with, a branch of a bank in London.
- (b) Payments of principal and interest in respect of the Class A Notes are subject in all cases to any fiscal or other laws and regulations applicable thereto.
- (c) Upon the date on which any Class A Note becomes due and payable in full, unmatured Class A Coupons appertaining thereto (whether or not attached to such Class A Note) shall become void and no payment or, as the case may be, exchange shall be made in respect thereof. If the due date for redemption of any Class A Note is not an Interest Payment Date, accrued interest will be paid only against presentation and surrender of such Class A Note.
- (d) If payment of principal is improperly withheld or refused on or in respect of any Class A Note or part thereof, the interest which continues to accrue in respect of such Class A Note in accordance with Class A Condition 4(a) will be paid against presentation of such Class A Note at the specified office of any Paying Agent.

- (e) The initial Principal Paying Agent and its initial specified office is listed at the end of these Class A Conditions. The Issuer reserves the right, subject to the prior written approval of the Trustee, at any time to vary or terminate the appointment of the Principal Paying Agent and to appoint additional or other Paying Agents. The Issuer will at all times maintain a paying agent with a specified office in London and, if the conclusions of the ECOFIN Council meeting of 26-27 November 2000 are implemented by any European Union Directive on the taxation of savings income, in any EU member state that will not be obliged to withhold or deduct tax pursuant to such Directive. The Issuer will cause at least 30 days' notice of any change in or addition to the Paying Agents or their specified offices to be given in accordance with Class A Condition 14.
- (f) If any Class A Coupon or Class A Note is presented for payment on a day which is not a Business Day, no further payments of additional amounts by way of interest, principal or otherwise shall be due in respect of such Class A Coupon or, as the case may be, such Class A Note.
- (g) On or after the Interest Payment Date the final Coupon forming part of any Coupon sheet, the Class A Talon forming part of such Coupon sheet may be surrendered at any specified office of the Paying Agent in exchange for a further Coupon sheet (including a further talon but excluding any Coupons which shall have become void).
- (h) If a Paying Agent makes a partial payment in respect of any Class A Note presented to it for payment, such Paying Agent will endorse on the grid endorsed on such Class A Note (in respect of payments of principal) a statement indicating the amount and date of such payment.

7. PRESCRIPTION

Class A Notes shall become void unless presented for payment within a period of 10 years from the relevant date in respect thereof. Class A Coupons (which expression shall not in this Class A Condition include Class A Talons) shall become void unless presented for payment within a period of 5 years from the relevant date in respect thereof. After the date on which a Class A Note or a Class A Coupon becomes void in its entirety, no claim may be made in respect thereof. In this Class A Condition, the "relevant date", in respect of a Class A Note or Class A Coupon, is the date on which a payment in respect thereof first becomes due or (if the full amount of the moneys payable in respect of all the Class A Notes and/or Class A Coupons due on or before that date has not been duly received by the Paying Agents or the Trustee on or prior to such date) the date on which the full amount of such moneys having been so received, notice to that effect is duly given to the Class A Noteholders in accordance with Class A Condition 14.

8. TAXATION

All payments in respect of the Class A Notes and Class A Coupons will be made without withholding or deduction for, or on account of, any present or future taxes, duties or charges of whatsoever nature unless the Issuer or the relevant Paying Agent (as applicable) is required by applicable law to make any payment in respect of the Class A Notes or Class A Coupons subject to any withholding or deduction for, or on account of, any present or future taxes, duties or charges of whatsoever nature. In that event, the Issuer or the relevant Paying Agent (as the case may be) shall make such payment after such withholding or deduction has been made and shall account to the relevant authorities for the amount so required to be withheld or deducted. Neither the Paying Agents nor the Issuer will be obliged to make any additional payments to holders of Class A Notes or Class A Coupons in respect of such withholding or deduction.

9. EVENTS OF DEFAULT

- (a) The Trustee at its absolute discretion may, and if so requested in writing by the holders of not less than 25% in aggregate of the Principal Amount Outstanding of the Class A Notes or if so directed by or pursuant to an Extraordinary Resolution (as defined in the Trust Deed) of the Class A Noteholders (subject, in each case, to being indemnified to its satisfaction) shall give notice to the Issuer declaring the Class A Notes to be due and repayable at any time after the happening of any of the following events (each an "Event of Default"):
 - (i) default being made for a period of 10 Business Days in the payment of the principal of or any interest on any Class A Note when and as the same ought to be paid in accordance with these Class A Conditions; or
 - (ii) any Interest Rate Swap, LIBOR Swap or Base Rate Swap being terminated by reason of default in payment on the part of the Issuer for a period of 10 Business Days; or

- (iii) the Issuer failing duly to perform or observe any other obligation binding upon it under the Class A Notes, the Trust Deed, the Servicing Agreement, the Deed of Charge, or any of the other Transaction Documents and, in any such case (except where the Trustee certifies that, in its opinion, such failure is incapable of remedy when no notice will be required) such failure is continuing for a period of 30 days following the service by the Trustee on the Issuer of notice requiring the same to be remedied; or
- (iv) the Issuer, otherwise than for the purposes of such amalgamation or reconstruction as is referred to in sub-paragraph (v) below, ceasing or, through an official action of the Board of Directors of the Issuer, threatening to cease to carry on business or being unable to pay its debts as and when they fall due or otherwise becomes insolvent; or
- (v) an order being made or an effective resolution being passed for the winding-up of the Issuer except a winding-up for the purposes of or pursuant to an amalgamation or reconstruction the terms of which have previously been approved by the Trustee in writing or by an Extraordinary Resolution of the Class A Noteholders; or
- (vi) proceedings being otherwise initiated against the Issuer under any applicable liquidation, insolvency, composition, reorganisation or other similar laws (including, but not limited to, presentation of a petition for an administration order) or an administration order being granted or an administrative receiver or other receiver, liquidator or other similar official being appointed in relation to the Issuer or in relation to the whole or any substantial part of the undertaking or assets of the Issuer, or an encumbrancer taking possession of the whole or any substantial part of the undertaking or assets of the Issuer, or a distress or execution or other process being levied or enforced upon or sued out against the whole or any substantial part of the undertaking or assets of the Issuer and such possession or process (as the case may be) not being discharged or not otherwise ceasing to apply within 14 days, or the Issuer initiating or consenting to judicial proceedings relating to itself under applicable liquidation, insolvency, composition, reorganisation or other similar laws or making a conveyance or assignment for the benefit of its creditors generally;

Provided that, in the case of each of the events described in sub-paragraph (iii) of this paragraph (a), the Trustee shall have certified to the Issuer that such event is, in its opinion, materially prejudicial to the interests of the Class A Noteholders.

(b) Upon any declaration being made by the Trustee in accordance with paragraph (a) above that the Class A Notes are due and repayable, the Class A Notes shall immediately become due and repayable at their Principal Amount Outstanding together with accrued interest as provided in the Trust Deed.

10. ENFORCEMENT OF CLASS A NOTES

- (a) At any time after the Class A Notes have become due and repayable and without prejudice to its rights of enforcement in relation to the Security, the Trustee may, at its discretion and without further notice, take such proceedings against the Issuer as it may think fit to enforce payment of the Class A Notes at their Principal Amount Outstanding together with accrued interest, but it shall not be bound to take any such proceedings unless (a) it shall have been so directed by an Extraordinary Resolution of the Class A Noteholders or so requested in writing by the holders of at least 25% in aggregate of the Principal Amount Outstanding of the Class A Notes; and (b) it shall have been indemnified to its satisfaction. No Class A Noteholder or Class A Couponholder shall be entitled to proceed directly against the Issuer unless the Trustee, having become bound so to do, fails to do so within a reasonable period and such failure shall be continuing. The Trustee cannot, while any of the Class A Notes are outstanding, be required to enforce the Security at the request of the holders of Class M Notes, Class B Notes or any other Secured Creditor under the Deed of Charge.
- (b) Notwithstanding the foregoing and so long as any of the Class A Notes remain outstanding, if the Class A Notes have become due and repayable pursuant to Class A Condition 9 otherwise than by reason of a default in payment of any amount due on the Class A Notes, the Trustee will not be entitled to dispose of the Security unless either a sufficient amount would be realised to allow discharge in full of all amounts owing to the Class A Noteholders, the Class A Couponholders and the other creditors of the Issuer ranking in priority thereto or *pari passu* therewith or the Trustee is of the opinion that the cash flow prospectively receivable by the Issuer will not (or that there is a significant risk that it will not) be sufficient, having regard to any other relevant actual, contingent

or prospective liabilities of the Issuer, to discharge in full in due course all amounts owing to the Class A Noteholders, the Class A Couponholders and any other amounts payable by the Issuer ranking in priority thereto or *pari passu* therewith.

11. MEETINGS OF CLASS A NOTEHOLDERS, MODIFICATION, WAIVER AND SUBSTITUTION OF PRINCIPAL DEBTOR

The Trust Deed contains provisions for convening meetings of Class A Noteholders to consider any matter affecting their interests, including the sanctioning by Extraordinary Resolution of such Class A Noteholders of a modification of these Class A Conditions as they relate to the Class A Notes or the provisions of any of the Documents or any other documents the rights and benefits in respect of which are comprised in the Security ("Other Relevant Documents"). The quorum at any meeting of Class A Noteholders for passing an Extraordinary Resolution shall be two or more persons holding or representing in aggregate not less than 75% in Principal Amount Outstanding of the Class A Notes then outstanding or, at any adjourned meeting, two or more persons being or representing Class A Noteholders as they relate to the Class A Notes whatever the Principal Amount Outstanding of the Class A Notes so held or represented except that, at any meeting the business of which includes the sanctioning of a modification which would, inter alia, have the effect of altering the date of maturity of the Class A Notes or the day for payment of interest or principal thereon, or the amount of principal or the rate of interest payable in respect of the Class A Notes or the currency of payment (other than pursuant to a redenomination approved by the Trustee pursuant to Class A Condition 15) of the Class A Notes or related Class A Coupons or the priority of payments or the quorum or majority required in relation to this exception (a "Basic Terms Modification"), the necessary quorum for passing an Extraordinary Resolution shall be two or more persons holding or representing in aggregate not less than 75%, or, at any adjourned such meeting, 25% of the Principal Amount Outstanding of the Class A Notes then outstanding. An Extraordinary Resolution passed at any meeting of Class A Noteholders shall be binding on all Class A Noteholders whether or not they are present at the meeting, and on all Class A Couponholders. The majority required for an Extraordinary Resolution shall be 75% of the votes cast on that resolution.

The Trust Deed contains provisions limiting the powers of the holders of Class M Notes and Class B Notes, *inter alia*, to request or direct the Trustee to take any action or to pass an effective Extraordinary Resolution, according to the effect thereof on the interests of the Class A Noteholders. Except in the circumstances set out in (b) below, the Trust Deed imposes no such limitations on the powers of the Class A Noteholders, the exercise of which will be binding on the holders of Class M Notes and Class B Notes, irrespective of the effect on their interests.

- (b) No Extraordinary Resolution to sanction a Basic Terms Modification which would have the effect of altering the date of maturity of the Notes or the date for payment of interest in respect of the Notes, increasing the amount of principal or the rate of interest payable in respect of the Notes, or altering the currency of payment of the Notes, or altering the provisions of the Trust Deed, the Deed of Charge or any other Document or any Other Relevant Document shall take effect unless it shall have been sanctioned by an Extraordinary Resolution of the Class A Noteholders, the Class M Noteholders and the Class B Noteholders.
- (c) The Trustee may agree, without the consent of the Class A Noteholders or Class A Couponholders (i) to any modification (except a Basic Terms Modification) of, or to the waiver or authorisation of any breach or proposed breach of, these Class A Conditions or any of the Documents or any Other Relevant Documents, which is not, in the opinion of the Trustee, materially prejudicial to the interests of the Class A Noteholders or Class A Couponholders (ii) to any modification of these Class A Conditions or any of the Documents or any Other Relevant Documents, which, in the Trustee's opinion, is to correct a manifest error or is of a formal, minor or technical nature. The Trustee may also, without the consent of the Class A Noteholders or the Class A Couponholders, determine that any Event of Default shall not, or shall not subject to specified conditions, be treated as such. Any such modification, waiver, authorisation or determination shall be binding on the Class A Noteholders and the Class A Couponholders and, unless the Trustee agrees otherwise, any such modification shall be notified to the Class A Noteholders in accordance with Class A Condition 14 as soon as practicable thereafter.
- (d) The Trustee may agree, subject to the consent of the Issuer and to such amendment of these Class A Conditions and of any of the Documents and to such other conditions as the Trustee may require and subject to the relevant provisions of the Trust Deed, but without the consent of the Class A Noteholders or the Class A Couponholders, to the substitution of another body corporate in place

of the Issuer as principal debtor under the Trust Deed and the Class A Notes, subject to the Class A Notes being unconditionally and irrevocably guaranteed by the Issuer (unless all or substantially all of the assets of the Issuer are transferred to such body corporate) and to such body corporate being a single purpose vehicle and undertaking itself to be bound by provisions corresponding to those set out in Class A Condition 3. In the case of a substitution pursuant to this paragraph (d), the Trustee may in its absolute discretion agree, without the consent of the Class A Noteholders or the Class A Couponholders, to a change of the law governing the Class A Notes and/or any of the Documents provided that such change would not, in the opinion of the Trustee, be materially prejudicial to the interests of the Class A Noteholders.

(e) Where the Trustee is required in connection with the exercise of its powers, trusts, authorities, duties and discretions to have regard to the interests of the Class A Noteholders, it shall have regard to the interests of the Class A Noteholders as one class and, in particular but without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing, the Trustee shall not have regard to, or be in any way liable for, the consequences of such exercise for individual Class A Noteholders or Class A Couponholders resulting from their being for any purpose domiciled or resident in, or otherwise connected with, or subject to the jurisdiction of, any particular territory. In connection with any such exercise, the Trustee shall not be entitled to require, and no Class A Noteholder or Class A Couponholder shall be entitled to claim, from the Issuer or any other person any indemnification or payment in respect of any tax consequences of any such exercise upon individual Class A Noteholders or Class A Couponholders.

12. INDEMNIFICATION AND EXONERATION OF THE TRUSTEE

The Trust Deed contains provisions governing the responsibility (and relief from responsibility) of the Trustee and providing for its indemnification in certain circumstances, including provisions relieving it from taking enforcement proceedings or enforcing the Security unless indemnified to its satisfaction. The Trustee and its related companies are entitled to enter into business transactions with the Issuer, Arianty, Britannic Money, First Active, and/or the related companies of any of them without accounting for any profit resulting therefrom. The Trustee will not be responsible for any loss, expense or liability which may be suffered as a result of any assets comprised in the Security, or any deeds or documents of title thereto, being uninsured or inadequately insured or being held by or to the order of the Servicer or any agent or related company of the Servicer or by clearing organisations or their operators or by intermediaries such as banks, brokers or other similar persons on behalf of the Trustee.

The Trust Deed provides that the Trustee shall be under no obligation to monitor or supervise compliance by the Issuer, Arianty or Britannic Money, First Active and/or the related companies of any of them with their respective obligations or to make any searches, enquiries or independent investigations of title in relation to any of the properties secured by the Mortgages save as provided under the Transaction Documents.

13. REPLACEMENT OF DEFINITIVE CLASS A NOTES, CLASS A COUPONS AND CLASS A TALONS

If any Class A Note, Class A Coupon or Class A Talon is mutilated, defaced, lost, stolen or destroyed, it may be replaced at the specified office of any Paying Agent. Replacement of any mutilated, defaced, lost, stolen or destroyed Class A Note, Class A Coupon or Class A Talon will only be made on payment of such costs as may be incurred in connection therewith and on such terms as to evidence and indemnity as the Issuer may reasonably require. Mutilated or defaced Class A Notes, Class A Coupons or Class A Talons must be surrendered before new ones will be issued.

14. NOTICE TO CLASS A NOTEHOLDERS

Any notice to the Class A Noteholders shall be validly given if published in the *Financial Times* or, if such newspaper shall cease to be published or timely publication therein shall not be practicable, in such English language newspaper or newspapers as the Trustee shall approve having a general circulation in Europe; Provided that if, at any time, the Issuer procures that information concerned in such notice specifying an Interest Payment Date, Principal Amount Outstanding or Rate of Interest shall appear on a page of the Reuters screen or Bloomberg or any other medium for electronic display of data as may be previously approved in writing by the Trustee (in each case a "Relevant Screen"), publication in the *Financial Times* shall not be required with respect to such information. Any such notice shall be deemed to have been given on the date of such publication or, if published more than once or on different dates,

on the first date on which publication shall have been made in the newspaper or newspapers in which (or on the Relevant Screen on which) publication is required.

The Trustee shall be at liberty to sanction some other method of giving notice to the Class A Noteholders or any category of them if, in its opinion, such other method is reasonable having regard to market practice then prevailing and to the requirements of the stock exchange on which the Notes are then listed and provided that notice of such other method is given to the Class A Noteholders in such manner as the Trustee shall require. The Class A Couponholders will be deemed for all purposes to have notice of the contents of any notice given to the Class A Noteholders in accordance with this Class A Condition.

15. REDENOMINATION

Pursuant to the Treaty establishing the European Community as amended by the Treaty on European Union (as amended, the "Treaty"), the third stage of European economic and monetary union commenced on 1 January 1999 and the value of the euro as against the currencies of the member states participating in the third stage of European economic and monetary union was irrevocably fixed and the euro became a currency in its own right. The United Kingdom may at some future date participate in the third stage of European economic and monetary union or otherwise participate in European economic and monetary union in a manner with similar effect to such third stage. On an Interest Payment Date falling on or after such date, the Issuer may, on giving notice to the holders of the Class A Notes, and with the prior written consent of the Trustee, redenominate all of the Class A Notes into euros.

16. GOVERNING LAW

The Documents, the Class A Notes and the Class A Coupons are governed by, and shall be construed in accordance with, English law.

17. THIRD PARTY RIGHTS

No person shall have any right to enforce any term or condition of the Class A Notes under the Contracts (Rights of Third Parties) Act 1999.

DESCRIPTION OF THE CLASS M NOTES

GENERAL

£22,500,000 Class M Mortgage Backed Floating Rate Notes due 2034 (the "Class M Notes") of First Flexible No. 5 plc (the "Issuer") are the subject of a trust deed (the "Trust Deed", which expression includes such trust deed as from time to time modified in accordance with the provisions therein contained and any deed or other document expressed to be supplemental thereto as from time to time so modified including the Master Definitions Schedule (as defined under Class M Condition 2(d)) incorporated in the Trust Deed) to be entered into on 11 June 2002 (the "Issue Date") and made between the Issuer and JPMorgan Chase Bank (the "Trustee", which expression includes any further or other trustee of the Trust Deed) as trustee for, inter alios, the holders for the time being of the Class M Notes (the "Class M Noteholders") and the holders for the time being of the interest coupons relating thereto (the "Class M Coupons" which expression includes the talons ("Class M Talons") attached to the Class M Notes except where the context otherwise requires) (the "Class M Couponholders"). £465,000,000 Class A Mortgage Backed Floating Rate Notes due 2034 (the "Class A Notes") and £12,500,000 Class B Mortgage Backed Floating rate Notes due 2034 (the "Class B Notes" and together with the Class A Notes and the Class M Notes, the "Notes") will be issued pursuant to the Trust Deed contemporaneously with the issue of the Class M Notes. The security for the Class A Notes, the Class M Notes and the Class B Notes is created pursuant to, and on the terms set out in, a deed of sub-charge and assignment (the "Deed of Charge", which expression includes such deed of sub-charge and assignment as from time to time modified in accordance with the provisions therein contained and any deed or other document expressed to be supplemental thereto as from time to time modified) to be dated the Issue Date and made between, inter alios, Arianty No.1 plc ("Arianty"), the Issuer, Britannic Money plc ("Britannic Money") and the Trustee. By an agency agreement (the "Agency Agreement", which expression includes such Agency Agreement as from time to time modified in accordance with the provisions therein contained and any deed or other document expressed to be supplemental thereto as from time to time so modified) to be dated the Issue Date and made between the Issuer, the Trustee, JPMorgan Chase Bank as agent bank (the "Agent Bank" which expression includes any other agent bank appointed in respect of the Class M Notes) and JPMorgan Chase Bank as principal paying agent (the "Principal Paying Agent" and together with any further or other paying agents for the time being appointed in respect of the Class M Notes, the "Paying Agents") provision is made for the payment of principal and interest in respect of the Class M Notes. The statements in these Class M Conditions include summaries of, and are subject to, the detailed provisions of the Trust Deed, the Agency Agreement and the Deed of Charge.

Copies of the Trust Deed, the Agency Agreement, the Deed of Charge and the other Documents (as defined below) are available for inspection at the principal office for the time being of the Trustee, being at the date hereof at Trinity Tower, 9 Thomas More Street, London E1W 1YT and at the specified offices of the Paying Agents. The Class M Noteholders and the Class M Couponholders are entitled to the benefit of, are bound by, and are deemed to have notice of, all the provisions of the Trust Deed and the Deed of Charge and are deemed to have notice of all the provisions of the Agency Agreement.

The issue of the Class M Notes was authorised by resolution of the Board of Directors of the Issuer passed on 29 May 2002.

THE GLOBAL CLASS M NOTES

Temporary Global Class M Notes and Permanent Global Class M Notes

The Class M Notes will be initially represented by a temporary bearer global note in the principal amount of £22,500,000 (the "Temporary Global Class M Note") without Class M Coupons or Class M Talons. The Temporary Global Class M Note will be deposited on behalf of the subscribers of the Class M Notes with a common depository (the "Common Depository") for Euroclear Bank S.A./N.V., as operator of the Euroclear System ("Euroclear") and Clearstream Banking, société anonyme ("Clearstream, Luxembourg") on the Issue Date. Upon deposit of the Temporary Global Class M Note, Euroclear or Clearstream, Luxembourg will credit each subscriber of Class M Notes represented by such Temporary Global Class M Note with the principal amount of the Class M Notes for which it has subscribed and paid. Interests in the Temporary Global Class M Note will be exchangeable not earlier than 40 days after the Issue Date (the "Exchange Date"), provided certification of non-US beneficial ownership by the Class M Noteholders has been received, for interests in a permanent bearer global note (the "Permanent Global Class M Note" and, together with the Temporary Global Class M Note, the "Global Class M Notes"), without Class M Coupons or Class M Talons. On the exchange of the Temporary Global Class M Note for

the Permanent Global Class M Note, the Permanent Global Class M Note will remain deposited with the Common Depository.

Transfers

Title to the Global Class M Notes will pass by delivery. The Permanent Global Class M Note will only be exchangeable for definitive Class M Notes in the limited circumstances described below. Each of the persons appearing from time to time in the records of Euroclear or Clearstream, Luxembourg as the holder of a Class M Note will be entitled to receive any payment so made in respect of that Class M Note in accordance with the respective rules and procedures of Euroclear or Clearstream, Luxembourg, as appropriate. For so long as any Class M Notes are represented by a Global Class M Note, such Class M Notes will be transferable in accordance with the rules and procedures for the time being of Euroclear or Clearstream, Luxembourg, as appropriate.

For so long as the Class M Notes are represented by a Global Class M Note, each person who is for the time being shown in the records of Euroclear or Clearstream, Luxembourg as the holder of a particular principal amount of Class M Notes will be entitled to be treated by the Issuer and the Trustee as the holder of such principal amount of Class M Notes. The expression "Class M Noteholders" may be construed accordingly, but without prejudice to the entitlement of the bearer of a Global Class M Note.

Payments

No payment will be made on the Temporary Global Class M Note unless exchange for an interest in the Permanent Global Class M Note of for Class M Notes in definitive form is improperly withheld or refused. Principal and interest on a Global Class M Note will be payable against presentation of that Global Class M Note at the specified office of any Paying Agent provided certification of non-US beneficial ownership by the Class M Noteholders has been received by Euroclear or Clearstream, Luxembourg. A record of each payment made on a Global Class M Note, distinguishing between any payment of principal and payment of interest, will be endorsed on that Global Class M Note by the Paying Agents (or the Paying Agent shall procure that such endorsement be made) and such record shall be *prima facie* evidence that the payment in question has been made.

Issue of Class M Notes in Definitive Form

If (i) the Class M Notes become due and repayable pursuant to Class M Condition 9(a) or (ii) either Euroclear or Clearstream, Luxembourg is closed for business for a continuous period of 14 days (other than by reason of holiday, statutory or otherwise) or announces an intention permanently to cease business or (iii) as a result of any amendment to, or change in, the laws or regulations of the United Kingdom (or of any political sub-division thereof) or of any authority therein or thereof having power to tax or in the interpretation or administration of such laws or regulations which becomes effective on or after the Issue Date, the Issuer is, or any of the Paying Agents are or will be, required to make any deduction or withholding from any payment in respect of the Class M Notes which would not be required were the Class M Notes in definitive form, then the Issuer will, at its sole cost and expense, issue Class M Notes in definitive form in exchange for the whole outstanding interest in the Permanent Global Class M Notes within 30 days of the occurrence of the relevant event.

Any notice to Class M Noteholders in respect of Class M Notes represented by a Global Class M Note shall be deemed to have been duly given if sent to Euroclear and/or Clearstream, Luxembourg (as applicable) and shall be deemed to have been given on the date on which such notice was so sent.

TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF THE CLASS M NOTES

If Class M Notes in definitive form were to be issued, the terms and conditions (subject to amendment and completion) set out on each Class M Note would be as set out below (the "Class M Conditions"). While the Class M Notes remain in global form, the same terms and conditions govern such Class M Notes, except to the extent that they are appropriate only to Class M Notes in definitive form.

1. FORM, DENOMINATION AND TITLE

- (a) The £22,500,000 Class M Mortgage Backed Floating Rate Notes due 2034 (the "Class M Notes") issued by First Flexible No. 5 plc (the "Issuer") are serially numbered and are issued in bearer form in the denomination of £10,000 each with coupons ("Class M Coupons") and talons ("Class M Talons") attached and a grid endorsed thereon for the recording of all payments of principal in accordance with the provisions of Class M Condition 5.
- (b) Title to the Class M Notes, Class M Coupons and Class M Talons shall pass by delivery. The holder of any Class M Note (each a "Class M Noteholder") and the holder of any Class M Coupon (each a "Class M Couponholder") may (to the fullest extent permitted by applicable laws) be deemed and treated at all times, by all persons and for all purposes (including the making of any payments), as the absolute owner of such Class M Note or Class M Coupon, as the case may be, regardless of any notice of ownership, theft or loss, of any trust or other interest therein or of any writing thereon.
- (c) The holder of each Class M Coupon (whether or not the Class M Coupon is attached to the relevant Class M Note) and each Class M Talon in his capacity as such shall be subject to all the provisions contained in the relevant Class M Note.

2. STATUS, SECURITY AND PRIORITY

Status

- (a) The Class M Notes and the Class M Coupons constitute direct, secured and unconditional obligations of the Issuer and rank (subject to the provisions of Class M Condition 5) *pari passu* without preference or priority amongst themselves.
- (b) The £465,000,000 Class A Mortgage Backed Floating Rate Notes due 2034 (the "Class A Notes") and the £12,500,000 Class B Mortgage Backed Floating Rate Notes due 2034 (the "Class B Notes" and together with the Class A Notes and Class M Notes, the "Notes") issued by the Issuer on or about 11 June 2002 (the "Issue Date") are subject to a trust deed dated on or about 11 June 2002 between the Issuer and JPMorgan Chase Bank (the "Trustee") (the "Trust Deed") and are secured by the same security which secures the Class M Notes. The Class A Notes rank pari passu, without preference or priority amongst themselves, the Class M Notes rank pari passu without preference or priority amongst themselves and the Class B Notes rank pari passu without preference or priority amongst themselves, but (i) the Class A Notes will rank in priority to the Class M Notes and Class B Notes and (ii) the Class M Notes will rank in priority to the Class B Notes in the event of the Security (as defined below in Class M Condition 2(d)) being enforced.
- (c) The Trust Deed and the Deed of Charge contain provisions requiring the Trustee to have regard to the interests of the Class M Noteholders as regards all powers, trusts, authorities, duties and discretions of the Trustee (except where expressly provided otherwise), but requiring the Trustee in any such case to have regard only to (i) (for so long as there are any Class A Notes outstanding) the interests of the holders of Class A Notes if, in the Trustee's opinion, there is a conflict between the interests of (A) the holders of Class A Notes and (B) the holders of Class M Notes and/or (C) the holders of the Class B Notes and/or any other Secured Creditors (as defined below) or (ii) (if there are no Class A Notes outstanding) the interests of the holders of Class M Notes and (B) the holders of Class B Notes and/or any other Secured Creditors (as defined below) or (iii) (if there are no Class M Notes outstanding) the interests of the holders of Class B Notes if in the Trustee's opinion there is a conflict between the interests of the holders of Class B Notes if in the Trustee's opinion there is a conflict between the interests of the Class M Noteholders and/or any other Secured Creditors (as defined below).

Security

(d) As security for the payment of all moneys payable in respect of the Class A Notes and otherwise under the Trust Deed (including the remuneration, expenses and any other claims of the Trustee and any Receiver (as defined below) appointed under the Deed of Charge) and in respect of certain

amounts payable to Britannic Money or its successor acting as Servicer of the mortgages to be purchased by the Issuer on the Issue Date (the "Initial Mortgages"), such mortgages transferred to the Issuer pursuant to the Transaction Documents during the Substitution Period (each a "Further Mortgage"), such mortgages transferred to the Issuer pursuant to the Transaction Documents after the Issue Date (each a "Substitute Mortgage") and such mortgages purchased by the Issuer from Arianty at any time on or after the Issue Date but no later than the third Interest Payment Date (the "Pre-Funded Mortgages" and together with the Initial Mortgages, the Further Mortgages, the Substitute Mortgages, the "Mortgages"), and to certain other beneficiaries from time to time, the Issuer will enter into the Deed of Charge creating the following security (the "Security") in favour of the Trustee for itself and on trust for the other persons expressed to be secured parties thereunder:

- (i) a first fixed equitable charge or mortgage or (in relation to Mortgages secured on properties in Scotland ("Scottish Mortgages")) assignation in security in favour of the Trustee over the Issuer's right, title, interest and benefit present and future in the Mortgages and other collateral security relating to the Mortgages;
- (ii) an equitable assignment by way of first fixed security in favour of the Trustee of the Issuer's interest in certain buildings policies, life policies, contingency policies and mortgage indemnity policies (the "Insurance Contracts") to the extent that they relate to the Mortgages;
- an assignment by way of first fixed security in favour of the Trustee of the benefit of the Servicing Agreement to be entered into between Britannic Money plc as servicer (the "Servicer"), the Issuer, First Active as standby servicer (the "Standby Servicer") and the Trustee (the "Servicing Agreement"), the mortgage sale agreement to be entered into between, inter alios, Arianty, the Issuer and the Trustee (the "Mortgage Sale Agreement"), the declaration of trust by Britannic Money in favour of the Issuer in relation to Scottish Mortgages (the "Scottish Trust"), the guaranteed investment contract to be entered into between the Issuer, the Trustee and Barclays Bank PLC ("Barclays") (the "Guaranteed **Investment Contract**"), the redraw facility agreement to be entered into between the Issuer, the Trustee and Barclays (in such capacity, the "**Redraw Facility Provider**") and the Servicer (the "Redraw Facility Agreement"), the declaration of trust to be entered into and made by Britannic Money in relation to the Trust Accounts (as defined below) (the "Declaration of Trust"), the agency agreement to be entered into and made between the Issuer, the Principal Paying Agent, the Trustee and the Agent Bank (the "Agency Agreement"), the loan agreement to be entered into between the Issuer and Britannic Money (the "Start-Up Loan"), the bank agreement to be entered into between, inter alios, the Issuer, The Royal Bank of Scotland plc ("RBS") and Barclays (the "Bank Agreement"), each interest rate swap agreement (each an "Interest Rate Swap" and together the "Interest Rate Swaps") to be entered into between the Issuer and JPMorgan Chase Bank, Barclays or any other entity which has a rating of at least P-1 by Moody's and A-1+ by S&P in respect of its short-term unsecured, unquaranteed and unsubordinated debt obligations (each a "Swap Counterparty" and together, the "Swap Counterparties"), each interest rate cap (each an "Interest Rate Cap" and together the "Interest Rate Caps") provided by JPMorgan Chase Bank, Barclays or any other entity which has a rating of at least P-1 by Moody's and A-1+ by S&P in respect of its short-term unsecured, unquaranteed and unsubordinated debt obligations (each a "Cap Provider" and together the "Cap Providers"), each LIBOR-linked interest rate swap agreement (each a "LIBOR Swap" and together the "LIBOR Swaps" to be entered into and made between the Issuer and JPMorgan Chase Bank or any other entity which has a rating of at least P-1 by Moody's and A-1+ by S&P in respect of its short-term unsecured, unquaranteed and unsubordinated debt obligations (each a "LIBOR Swap Provider" and together, the "LIBOR Swap Providers"), each base rate swap (each a "Base Rate Swap" and together the "Base Rate Swaps") provided by any entity which has a rating of at least P-1 by Moody's and A-1+ by S&P in respect of its short-term unsecured, unguaranteed and unsubordinated debt obligations (each a "Base Rate Swap Provider" and together, the "Base Rate Swap Providers") purchased by the Issuer on or around the Issue Date, the master definitions schedule to be entered into between, inter alios, the Issuer, the Servicer and the Trustee (the "Master Definitions Schedule"), and such other documents as are expressed to be subject to the charges under the Deed of Charge (all such documents together the "Transaction Documents");

- (iv) a first fixed equitable charge in favour of the Trustee over the Issuer's beneficial interest in the Trust Accounts, the Transaction Account and the Reserve Account (each as defined below), any other bank account of the Issuer from time to time and over the Permitted Investments (as defined below); and
- (v) a first floating charge in favour of the Trustee (ranking after the security referred to in (i) to (iv) above) over the whole of the undertaking, property, assets and rights of the Issuer.

Priority of Payments Prior to Enforcement

- (e) On each Interest Payment Date, the monies standing to the credit of the Transaction Account (save for any monies standing to the credit of the Pre-Funded Ledger applied or to be applied in purchasing Pre-Funded Mortgages), the monies representing a credit balance in the Reserve Ledger (save that such monies may only be applied to meet items (i) to (vii) below)), the monies representing a credit balance in the Liquidity Reserve Ledger (save that monies may only be applied to meet items (i) to (vii) below), all monies advanced under the Redraw Facility (save that such monies may only be applied to purchase the right to repayment of Redraws under item (ix) below or to rollover existing advances under the Redraw Facility), any Threshold Amount Deposit (as defined below) made on the immediately preceding Determination Date, all amounts received from the Swap Counterparties and/or the Cap Providers and/or the LIBOR Swap Providers under any Interest Rate Swaps and/or Interest Rate Caps and/or any LIBOR Swaps, all amounts received from the Base Rate Swap Providers under any Base Rate Swaps, all amounts representing a credit balance in the Hedge Reserve transferred from the Reserve Account to the Transaction Account, all amounts representing a credit balance in the Base Rate Reserve transferred from the Reserve Account to the Transaction Account and all amounts representing a credit balance in the Discount Reserve transferred from the Reserve Account to the Transaction Account will, after making payment of or providing for Excluded Items (as defined below), until enforcement of the Security for the Notes, be applied (save as the payee may otherwise agree) in making the following payments or provisions in the following order of priority (the "Priority of Payments"):
 - (i) to pay or provide for the remuneration payable to the Trustee and any fees, costs, charges, liabilities and expenses incurred by it under the provisions of the Trust Deed, the Deed of Charge and/or any of the Transaction Documents together with interest as provided in the Trust Deed, the Deed of Charge and/or any of the Transaction Documents;
 - (ii) to pay or provide for amounts due and/or which will become due prior to the next Interest Payment Date to the Paying Agents and Agent Bank under the Agency Agreement;
 - (iii) to pay or provide for *pari passu* and *pro rata* (a) amounts, including audit fees and company secretarial expenses (plus value added tax, if any), which are payable or expected to become due and payable by the Issuer on or after such Interest Payment Date by the Issuer to third parties and incurred without breach by the Issuer of its obligations under the Transaction Documents and not provided for payment elsewhere and (b) the Issuer's liability or possible liability for corporation tax;
 - (iv) to pay or provide for the servicing fee payable to the Servicer on such Interest Payment Date (inclusive of value added tax, if any) together with costs and expenses which are payable or expected to become payable by the Servicer under the Servicing Agreement prior to the next Interest Payment Date;
 - (v) to pay pro rata and pari passu:
 - (a) all amounts payable by the Issuer to the Swap Counterparties and/or the Base Rate Swap Providers and/or the LIBOR Swap Providers pursuant to the Interest Rate Swaps and/or the Base Rate Swaps and/or the LIBOR Swaps (other than in respect of termination payments following an event of default in respect of an Interest Rate Swap or a Base Rate Swap or a LIBOR Swap where the relevant Swap Counterparty or the relevant Base Rate Swap Provider or the relevant LIBOR Swap Provider is the defaulting party under the relevant Interest Rate Swap or, as the case may be, the relevant Base Rate Swap or, as the case may be, the relevant LIBOR Swap);
 - (b) all amounts payable under the Redraw Facility other than in respect of principal; and
 - (c) all amounts payable in respect of the Class A Notes other than in respect of principal on the Class A Notes;

- (vi) subject to an M Note Trigger Event not having occurred on that Interest Payment Date, to pay all amounts payable in respect of the Class M Notes other than in respect of principal on the Class M Notes;
- (vii) subject to a B Note Trigger Event not having occurred on that Interest Payment Date, to pay all amounts payable in respect of the Class B Notes other than in respect of principal on the Class B Notes:
- (viii) to credit all amounts, other than Principal Collections (as defined in Class M Condition 5(b)), to the Reserve Fund up to the Reserve Fund Required Amount;
- (ix) if a Liquidity Trigger Event has occurred and is continuing on the immediately preceding Determination Date, to credit the Liquidity Reserve up to the Liquidity Reserve Required Amount unless the Rating Agencies have confirmed that failure to make such credit will not adversely affect the then current rating of the Notes;
- (x) to pay for the purchase by the Issuer of the right to repayment of Redraws;
- (xi) to repay all principal amounts outstanding under the Redraw Facility;
- (xii) to fund the purchase by the Issuer of Further Advances up to an amount equal to the lower of
 (a) the Potential Redemption Amount less amounts in accordance with item (xi) above and
 (b) the aggregate amount of Redemptions received during the immediately preceding
 Collection Period less amounts in accordance with item (xi) above;
- (xiii) during the Substitution Period only, to fund the purchase by the Issuer of Further Mortgages up to an amount equal to the lower of (a) the Potential Redemption Amount less amounts applied in accordance with items (xi) and (xii) above, and (b) the aggregate amount of Redemptions received during the immediately preceding Collection Period less amounts applied in accordance with items (xi) and (xii) above;
- (xiv) to allocate an amount to be applied in redeeming the Notes equal to the greater of zero and the difference between (a) the Potential Redemption Amount (as defined in Class M Condition 5(b)) and (b) the sum of the amounts applied under items (xi), (xii) and (xiii);
- (xv) if an M Note Trigger Event occurs on such Interest Payment Date, to pay all amounts payable in respect of the Class M Notes other than in respect of principal on the Class M Notes;
- (xvi) if a B Note Trigger Event occurs on such Interest Payment Date, to pay all amounts payable in respect of the Class B Notes other than in respect of principal on the Class B Notes;
- (xvii) to credit *pari passu* and *pro rata* (a) the Base Rate Reserve up to the Base Rate Reserve Required Amount and (b) the Hedge Reserve up to the Hedge Reserve Required Amount;
- (xviii) to fund the purchase by the Issuer of hedges that may be required in order to preserve a rate at least equal to the Threshold Rate in respect of Pre-Funded Mortgages, Further Mortgages, Substitute Mortgages or Further Advances purchased on such Interest Payment Date;
- (xix) to credit the Discount Reserve in an amount equal to the aggregate Loan Expected Differentials arising from Discounts on Further Mortgages, Substitute Mortgages or Further Advances purchased on such Interest Payment Date;
- (xx) to make any termination payments payable to the Swap Counterparties or the Base Rate Swap Providers or the LIBOR Swap Providers pursuant to the Interest Rate Swaps or, as the case may be, the Base Rate Swaps or, as the case may be, the LIBOR Swaps following an event of default in respect of an Interest Rate Swap or, as the case may be, a Base Rate Swap or, as the case may be, a LIBOR Swap where the relevant Swap Counterparty or, as the case may be, the relevant Base Rate Swap Provider or, as the case may be, the relevant LIBOR Swap Provider is the defaulting party under the relevant Interest Rate Swap or, as the case may be, the Base Rate Swap or, as the case may be, the relevant LIBOR Swap;

and provided that there is no Principal Deficiency on such Interest Payment Date and that no Event of Default has occurred;

- (xxi) to pay amounts repayable to the Servicer in respect of any Threshold Amount Deposit which the Servicer elects to release;
- (xxii) to pay amounts payable in respect of the Start-Up Loan other than in respect of principal on the Start-Up Loan;
- (xxiii) to pay amounts payable in respect of principal under the Start-Up Loan;

- (xxiv) to pay sums due to the Standby Servicer as a standby servicing fee;
- (xxv) to pay *pari passu* and *pro rata* (a) sums due to Arianty as Arianty Deferred Purchase Consideration, (b) sums due to Britannic Money as Britannic Money Deferred Purchase Consideration and (c) sums due to First Active as First Active Deferred Purchase Consideration; and
- (xxvi) to make dividend payments to shareholders of the Issuer.

For the purposes of these Class M Conditions:

- "Arianty Deferred Purchase Consideration" means such sums as are paid to Arianty on each Interest Payment Date by way of deferred purchase consideration by the Issuer under the Mortgage Sale Agreement in respect of the Initial Mortgages and Further Mortgages.
- "Available Facility" means, in relation to the Redraw Facility, on each Interest Payment Date, an amount calculated as the difference between the Redraw Facility Limit and the aggregate amount of advances outstanding under the Redraw Facility which will not be repaid on such Interest Payment Date.
- "B Note Trigger Event" means the determination by the Servicer as at any Interest Payment Date on which Class A Notes or Class M Notes are outstanding that, on the assumption that a B Note Trigger Event does not occur, the application of funds in accordance with the Priority of Payments will give rise to a Principal Deficiency (as defined in Class B Condition 5(b) which exceeds the aggregate Principal Amount Outstanding of the Class B Notes on such Interest Payment Date.
- "Bank of England Base Rate" means the Bank of England repo rate set from time to time by the Monetary Policy Committee of the Bank of England.
- "Base Rate Linked Mortgages" means Mortgages which are subject to a variable rate of interest set by Britannic Money from time to time, which is linked to the Bank of England Base Rate.
- "Base Rate Reserve" means the amount recorded in a ledger (the "Base Rate Reserve Ledger") and held in the Reserve Account.
- "Base Rate Reserve Required Amount" means on the Issue Date and each Interest Payment Date thereafter an amount equal to 0.20% of the aggregate outstanding principal balances (including drawn and undrawn balances) of all Unhedged Base Rate Linked Mortgages.
- "Base Rate Swap" means any interest rate swap entered into with the Base Rate Swap Provider for the purpose of hedging some or all of the Base Rate Linked Mortgages in the Mortgage Pool.
- "Base Rate Swap Provider" means such person who from time to time enters into a Base Rate Swap with the Issuer.
- "Borrower Loan Limit" means the principal amount of a Borrower's loan which would have been outstanding at any time if the Borrower had only made the minimum monthly payment agreed with Britannic Money or First Active, as applicable (the "Minimum Monthly Payment") and had not made any Overpayments.
- "Borrower Mortgage Account" means each mortgage account held, from time to time, by a Borrower with Britannic Money or First Active, as applicable.
- "Britannic Money Deferred Purchase Consideration" means such sums as are paid to Britannic Money on each Interest Payment Date by way of deferred purchase consideration by the Issuer under the Mortgage Sale Agreement in respect of Further Advances.
- "Discount" means the discount below the Reference Rate applicable to a Discounted Mortgage at the relevant time.
- "Discounted Mortgage" means Mortgages which are at the relevant time subject to a discounted rate of interest for a specified period.
- "Discount Reserve" means the amount recorded in a ledger (the "Discount Reserve Ledger") and held in the Reserve Account.
- "Effective Interest Margin" means, in relation to Discounted Mortgages in the Mortgage Pool an amount determined as follows:
- (a) for each Standard Variable Rate Mortgage, the Threshold Margin less the Discount;
- (b) for each Base Rate Linked Mortgage, the margin of that Mortgage over Bank of England Base Rate less 0.15% (where such mortgage is not subject to a Base Rate Swap) less the Discount;
- (c) for each LIBOR Linked Mortgage, the margin of that Mortgage over LIBOR less the Discount.

- (d) for each Capped Mortgage which has been hedged relative to the Threshold Rate, the Threshold Margin less the Discount.
- (e) for each Fixed Rate Mortgage which has been swapped to the Threshold Rate, the Threshold Margin less the Discount.

"Expected Differential" means an amount calculated in respect of each Discounted Mortgage and each Interest Period as the difference between the Threshold Margin and the Effective Interest Margin on such Discounted Mortgage, to the extent such difference is positive, multiplied by the outstanding principal balance in respect of such Discounted Mortgage as of the Interest Payment Date multiplied by the fraction of the actual number of days elapsed in the succeeding Interest Period in respect of a 365 day year (or a 366 day year if the last day of the relevant period falls in a leap year).

"First Active Deferred Purchase Consideration" means such sums as are paid to First Active on each Interest Payment Date by way of deferred purchase consideration by the Issuer under the Mortgage Sale Agreement in respect of Further Advances.

"Further Advances" means the additional funds advanced to a Borrower by Britannic Money or First Active, as applicable on the security of his/her Mortgage subject to the satisfaction of certain conditions.

"Hedge Reserve" means the amount recorded in a ledger (the "Hedge Reserve Ledger") and held in the Reserve Account.

"Hedge Reserve Required Amount" means (a) as at the Issue Date, the initial amount of Tranche C of the Start-Up Loan and (b) as at each Interest Payment Date, an amount equal to such amounts as are required to ensure that the Threshold Margin is maintained in respect of Capped Mortgages.

"Investment Home Loans" means loans made to a Borrower to be used to remortgage or acquire properties to let to tenants or hold as an investment.

"Liquidity Reserve" means the amount recorded in a ledger (the "Liquidity Reserve Ledger") and held in the Reserve Account.

"Liquidity Reserve Required Amount" means, on any Interest Payment Date following a Liquidity Trigger Event, the amount (if any) which is 3% of the aggregate Principal Amount Outstanding of the Notes minus the amount held as a credit balance in the Reserve Fund at such time.

A "Liquidity Trigger Event" means the occurrence of an event where more than 15% of the aggregate principal balance of the Mortgages comprised in the Mortgage Pool on the immediately preceding Determination Date comprise Mortgages in respect of which there are arrears equal to or greater than an amount equal to the then current scheduled monthly payment due under the relevant Mortgage multiplied by three.

"Mortgage Pool" means the Initial Mortgages, any Pre-Funded Mortgages, Substitute Mortgages and Further Mortgages acquired by the Issuer under the Mortgage Sale Agreement together with any Further Advances and Redraws.

"M Note Trigger Event" means the determination by the Servicer as at any Interest Payment Date on which Class A Notes are outstanding that, on the assumption that an M Note Trigger Event does not occur, the application of funds in accordance with the Priority of Payments will give rise to a Principal Deficiency (as defined in Class M Condition 5(b) which exceeds the aggregate Principal Amount Outstanding of the Class M Notes and the Class B Notes on such Interest Payment Date.

"Owner Occupied Loans" means loans made to a Borrower to acquire property to be used as their primary place of residence.

"Overpayment" means the amount by which a payment made by a Borrower into his/her Borrower Mortgage Account exceeds the Minimum Monthly Payment.

"Payment Holiday" means a Borrower's monthly payments being met by applying Overpayments not previously redrawn by way of capitalisation of such monthly payments.

"Permitted Investments" means investments in which the Servicer is entitled to invest from time to time under the terms of the Servicing Agreement.

"Potential Redraw Amount" means the amount which is capable of being redrawn by a Borrower under a Mortgage.

"Pre-Funded Ledger" means the ledger so entitled and held in the Transaction Account.

"Prepayments" means part principal repayments under a Mortgage where the Borrower Loan Limit does not change following repayment ahead of the repayment plan used by Britannic Money or First Active,

as applicable to provide a baseline for the repayment of the Mortgage. For the avoidance of doubt, Prepayments do not include scheduled principal repayments.

"Receiver" means a receiver appointed by the Trustee under Clause 10 of the Deed of Charge.

"Redraw" means in respect of a Mortgage, a Payment Holiday or a redraw by the relevant Borrower of a portion of the principal of his/her Mortgage if and to the extent that such Borrower has previously made Prepayments on his/her Mortgage in excess of the scheduled principal repayments and has not previously redrawn the whole of such excess payments and provided that the amounts of such Redraw is limited to ensure that the outstanding balance of the Mortgage after such Redraw is no greater than the Borrower Loan Limit;

"Redraw Facility" means the sterling revolving credit facility made between the Issuer and the Redraw Facility Provider.

"Redraw Facility Limit" means, unless otherwise agreed between the Issuer, the Trustee, the Redraw Facility Provider and the Servicer and with the prior written confirmation of the Rating Agencies that the then current rating of the Notes will not be adversely affected, initially £25,000,000 and then, if on any Interest Payment Date falling in or after August 2005 the aggregate Potential Redraw Amount with respect to the Mortgages comprising the Mortgage Pool is less than 7.5% of the aggregate Principal Amount Outstanding of the Notes each as at the immediately preceding Interest Payment Date, the greater of (i) 5% of the aggregate Principal Amount Outstanding of the Notes as at such immediately preceding Interest Payment Date and (ii) £15,000,000.

"Reference Rate" means:

- (a) for each Standard Variable Rate Mortgage, Britannic Money's standard variable rate;
- (b) for each LIBOR Linked Mortgage, LIBOR plus the margin applicable to the relevant Mortgage as set out in the mortgage documentation entered into with the relevant Borrower;
- (c) for each Base Rate Linked Mortgage, Bank of England Base Rate, plus the margin applicable to the relevant Mortgage as set out in the mortgage documentation entered into with the relevant Borrower;
- (d) for each Capped Mortgage, the rate set out in the mortgage documentation entered into with the relevant Borrower;
- (e) for each Fixed Rate Mortgage, the rate set out in the mortgage documentation entered into with the relevant Borrower.

"Required Redraw Facility Provider Rating" means a short term unsecured unguaranteed and unsubordinated debt rating of P-1 by Moody's and A-1+ by S&P.

"Reserve Account" means an account in the name of the Issuer at Barclays (the "Account Bank") in which each of the Reserve Fund, the Base Rate Reserve, the Discount Reserve, the Hedge Reserve and, upon a Liquidity Trigger Event, the Liquidity Reserve is established.

"Reserve Fund" means the amount recorded in a ledger (the "Reserve Account") and held in the Reserve Account provided that (A) whilst there are Class A Notes outstanding, the Reserve Fund shall only be applied to pay interest on the Class M Notes to the extent that such drawing does not result in the amount standing to the credit of the Reserve Fund being less than (1) £3,000,000 or (2) the Principal Amount Outstanding of the Class A Notes and (B) whilst there are Class M Notes outstanding, the Reserve Fund shall only be applied to pay interest on the Class B Notes to the extent that such drawing does not result in the amount standing to the credit of the Reserve Fund being less than (1) £3,000,000 or (2) the aggregate Principal Amount Outstanding of the Class A Notes and the Class M Notes.

"Reserve Fund Required Amount" means, from and including the Issue Date to and excluding the first Interest Payment Date, £7,000,000 and thereafter, on each Interest Payment Date, the amount standing to the credit of the Reserve Fund on such Interest Payment Date (taking into account the application of such monies as are available in accordance with item (viii) of the Priority of Payments) provided that the amount standing to the credit of the Reserve Fund on any Interest Payment Date does not exceed 1.7% of the aggregate Principal Amount Outstanding of the Notes as at the Issue Date.

"Secured Creditors" means each of the Trustee, the Noteholders, the Couponholders, the Servicer, the Redraw Facility Provider, the Start-Up Loan Provider, the GIC Provider, the Account Bank, the Cap Providers, the Swap Counterparties, the Base Rate Swap Providers, the LIBOR Swap Providers and the Principal Paying Agent.

"Substitution Period" means, the period commencing on (and including) the Issue Date and ending on the earlier of (i) the Interest Payment Date falling in July 2005, (ii) enforcement of the Security in accordance with Condition 10, (iii) removal of Britannic Money as Servicer in accordance with the Servicing Agreement (unless the Servicer is replaced by the Standby Servicer), (iv) the date on which the Notes are redeemed in full and (v) the date on which the Redraw Facility becomes fully drawn unless the Issuer elects to shorten the Substitution Period by giving 5 Business Days notice to the Trustee and the Servicer.

"Threshold Amount Deposit" means a deposit which may be paid into the Transaction Account on an Interest Payment Date which is equal to the amount by which the amount produced by multiplying the Threshold Rate with the aggregate outstanding balances of the Mortgages in the Mortgage Pool on such Interest Payment Date and the fraction of the actual number of days elapsed in the relevant Interest Period in respect of a 365 day year (or a 366 day year if the last day of the relevant period falls in a leap year) exceeds the sum of:

- (a) the aggregate of the annual rate of interest applicable on such Interest Payment Date to each Mortgage in the Mortgage Pool multiplied by the principal balance outstanding of such Mortgage on such Interest Payment Date multiplied by the fraction of the actual number of days elapsed in the relevant Interest Period in respect of a 365 day year (or a 366 day year if the last day of the relevant period falls in a leap year), plus
- (b) any amount expected to be transferred from the Hedge Reserve into the Transaction Account on the next following Interest Payment Date; plus
- (c) any amount expected to be transferred from the Base Rate Reserve into the Transaction Account on the next following Interest Payment Date; plus
- (d) any amount expected to be transferred from the Discount Reserve into the Transaction Account on the next following Interest Payment Date; plus
- (e) any amounts received in respect of Interest Rate Swaps, LIBOR Swaps, Base Rate Swaps and Interest Rate Caps,

(such amount not to be less than zero).

"Threshold Margin" means the figure expressed as a percentage resulting from the addition of (i) the average total principal balance of Owner Occupied Loans during the relevant Interest Period multiplied by 1% plus (ii) the average total principal balance of Investment Home Loans during the relevant Interest Period multiplied by 1.2%, all divided by the average total principal balance outstanding of all Mortgages during that Interest Period. The average total principal balance outstanding in any category of Loan for the purposes of the above calculation shall be calculated by reference to the total principal balance outstanding of such category of Loan on each day during the relevant Interest Period.

"Threshold Rate" means in respect of an Interest Period an annual rated LIBOR as determined in relation to the Notes for such Interest Period plus the Threshold Margin.

"Transaction Account" means account number 00736708 in the name of the Issuer at Barclays.

"Trust Accounts" means the accounts in the name of Britannic Money held at Barclays and RBS in to which payments are made in respect of amounts due and amounts received under the Mortgages.

"Unhedged Base Rate Linked Mortgages" means the aggregate outstanding principle balances of any Base Rate Linked Mortgages less the total notional balances of all Base Rate Swaps.

Priority of Payments Post-Enforcement

- (f) On enforcement of the Security, the Trustee is required, after making payment of or providing for Excluded Items, to apply moneys available for distribution in or towards the satisfaction of the following amounts in the following order or priority:
 - (i) *first*, to pay the remuneration then due and payable to the Trustee and any fees, costs, charges, liabilities and expenses incurred by the Trustee or any receiver appointed by the Trustee under the provisions of the Trust Deed, the Deed of Charge and/or any of the Transaction Documents together with interest as provided in the Trust Deed, the Deed of Charge and/or any of the Transaction Documents;
 - (ii) second, to pay the remuneration then due and payable to the Agent Bank and the Paying Agents and any fees, costs, charges, liabilities and expenses incurred by them or by the Account Bank under the Bank Agreement and/or any of the Transaction Documents together

with interest as provided in the Trust Deed, the Deed of Charge and/or any of the Transaction Documents:

- (iii) *third*, to pay or provide for *pari passu* and *pro rata* (a) amounts including audit fees and company secretarial expenses (plus value added tax, if any), which are payable or expected to become due and payable by the Issuer to third parties and incurred without breach by the Issuer of its obligations under the Transaction Documents and not provided for payment elsewhere and (b) the Issuer's liability or possible liability for corporation tax;
- (iv) *fourth*, in or towards satisfaction of any fees due and payable to the Servicer and any costs, charges, expenses and liabilities incurred by the Servicer;
- (v) fifth, to pay pari passu and pro rata (a) all amounts due under the Interest Rate Swaps, (b) all amounts due under the Base Rate Swaps, (c) all amounts due under the LIBOR Swaps, (d) all amounts due under the Redraw Facility and (e) interest and principal and all other amounts due and payable in respect of the Class A Notes;
- (vi) *sixth*, to pay interest due and payable in respect of the Class M Notes and then principal and all other amounts due and payable in respect of the Class M Notes;
- (vii) *seventh*, to pay interest due and payable in respect of the Class B Notes and then principal and all other amounts due and payable in respect of the Class B Notes;
- (viii) eighth, to pay any interest and principal amounts due and payable under the Start-Up Loan;
- (ix) *ninth*, to pay *pro rata* and *pari passu* (a) sums due to Arianty as Arianty Deferred Purchase Consideration, (b) sums due to Britannic Money as Britannic Money Deferred Purchase Consideration and (c) sums due to First Active as First Active Deferred Purchase Consideration; and
- (x) tenth, to pay the surplus (if any) to the shareholders of the Issuer by way of dividends.

The Trustee cannot, while any of the Class M Notes are outstanding and there is no subsisting Event of Default under Class M Condition 9, enforce the Security on behalf of the Class M Noteholders or any other Secured Creditor (whether or not requested to do so by the Class M Noteholders or such other Secured Creditor) under the Deed of Charge.

The Security will become enforceable upon the occurrence of an Event of Default (as defined in Class M Condition 9(a)) provided that, if the Security has become enforceable otherwise than by reason of a default in payment of any amount due on the Class M Notes or Class M Coupons, the Trustee will not be entitled to dispose of the assets comprised in the Security or any part thereof unless either a sufficient amount would be realised to allow discharge in full of all amounts owing to the Class M Noteholders and the Class M Couponholders or the Trustee is of the opinion, which shall be binding on the Class M Noteholders, the Class M Couponholders and the other Secured Creditors, reached after considering at any time and from time to time the advice of an investment bank or other financial adviser selected by the Trustee, that the cash flow prospectively receivable by the Issuer will not (or that there is a significant risk that it will not) be sufficient, having regard to any other relevant actual, contingent or prospective liabilities of the Issuer, to discharge in full in due course all amounts owing to the Class M Noteholders and the Class M Couponholders.

3. COVENANTS

Save with the prior written consent of the Trustee or as provided in or envisaged by any of the Trust Deed, the Deed of Charge, or any of the Transaction Documents (together the "**Documents**"), the Issuer shall not, so long as any Class A Note, Class M Note or Class B Note remains outstanding (as defined in the Trust Deed):

(a) Negative Pledge

create or permit to subsist any mortgage, standard security, pledge, lien (unless arising by operation of law) or charge upon the whole or any part of its assets, present or future (including any uncalled capital) or its undertaking;

(b) Restrictions on Activities

- (i) engage in any activity which is not incidental to any of the activities which the Documents provide or envisage that the Issuer will engage in; or
- (ii) have any subsidiaries or employees or premises;

(c) Disposal of Assets

transfer, convey, sell, lend, part with or otherwise dispose of, or deal with, or grant any option or present or future right to acquire any of its assets or undertakings or any interest, estate, right, title or benefit therein;

(d) Equitable Interest

permit any person other than the Issuer, the Trustee and Britannic Money or First Active in relation to any Redraws and Further Advances funded by either of them to have any equitable or beneficial interest in any of its assets or undertakings or any interest, estate, right, title or benefit therein;

(e) Bank Accounts

have an interest in any bank account, other than the Trust Accounts and the bank accounts maintained pursuant to the Bank Agreement or the Guaranteed Investment Contract;

(f) Dividends or Distributions

pay any dividend or make any other distribution to its shareholders or issue any further shares other than pursuant to the Priority of Payments;

(g) Borrowings

incur any indebtedness in respect of borrowed money whatsoever or give any guarantee or indemnity in respect of any obligation of any person;

(h) Merger

consolidate or merge with any other person or convey or transfer its properties or assets substantially as an entirety to any other person;

(i) Surrender of Group Relief

offer or consent to surrender to any company any amounts which are available for surrender by way of group relief within Chapter IV of Part X of the Income and Corporation Taxes Act 1988 unless the Issuer first receives by way of consideration for such surrender the payment of an amount calculated by applying to the amount surrendered the rate of corporation tax applicable to the Issuer at the time of surrender;

(i) Other

permit the validity or effectiveness of any of the Documents, the Insurance Contracts relating to the Mortgages owned by the Issuer or the priority of the security interests created thereby to be amended, terminated or discharged, or consent to any variation of, or exercise of, any powers of consent or waiver pursuant to the terms of the Trust Deed, these Class M Conditions or any of the Documents, or permit any party to any of the Documents or Insurance Contracts or any other person whose obligations form part of the Security to be released from such obligations, or dispose of any Mortgage save as envisaged in the Documents.

If the Issuer does not cease to be a member of the value added tax group which on 1 May 2002 otherwise comprised Arianty No. 1 plc, Arianty No. 2 plc, Arianty Holdings Limited, Arianty Services Limited and First Flexible No. 4 plc for the purposes of Section 43 of the Value Added Tax Act 1994 (or for the purposes of any act, regulation, order, statutory instrument or directive which, from time to time, may re-enact, replace, amend, vary, codify, consolidate or repeal the Value Added Tax Act 1994) (the "VAT Group"), the Issuer covenants to take such steps as may be required so that the then current ratings of each Class of Notes will not be adversely affected by the Issuer's continued membership of the VAT Group.

The Issuer will procure that no company, which was not a member of the VAT Group on 1 May 2002, will become a member of such group before the Relevant Date.

The "Relevant Date" shall be the later of 31 August 2002 and the day after such date on which the Issuer ceases to be a member of the VAT Group.

In giving any consent to the foregoing, the Trustee may require the Issuer to make such modifications or additions to the provisions of any of the Documents or may impose such other conditions or requirements as the Trustee may deem expedient (in its absolute discretion) in the interests of the Class A Noteholders, the Class M Noteholders and the Class B Noteholders.

4. INTEREST

(a) Period of Accrual

The Class M Note bears interest from (and including) the Issue Date. Each Class M Note shall cease to bear interest from its due date for redemption unless, upon due presentation, payment of the relevant amount of principal is improperly withheld or refused. In such event, interest will continue to accrue thereon in accordance with this Class M Condition (as well after as before any judgment) up to (but excluding) the date on which all sums due in respect of such Class M Note up to that day are received by or on behalf of the relevant Class M Noteholder, or (if earlier) the seventh day after notice is duly given by the Principal Paying Agent to the holder thereof (in accordance with Class M Condition 14) that it has received all sums due in respect of such Class M Note (except to the extent that there is any subsequent default in payment).

Whenever it is necessary to compute an amount of interest in respect of any Class M Note for any period (including any Interest Period (as defined below)), such interest shall be calculated on the basis of actual days elapsed in a 365 day year or a 366 day year if the last day of such period falls in a leap year.

(b) Interest Payment Dates and Interest Periods

Interest on the Class M Notes is payable monthly in arrear on the first day of each calendar month in each year (or, if such day is not a Business Day, the immediately succeeding Business Day) (each such day an "Interest Payment Date") save for the first payment of interest which will be made in respect of the period commencing on (and including) the Issue Date and ending on (but excluding) the Interest Payment Date falling in August 2002. The period from (and including) an Interest Payment Date (or the Issue Date in respect of the first Interest Payment Date) to (but excluding) the next following (or first) Interest Payment Date is called an "Interest Period" in these Class M Conditions and "Business Day" shall in these Class M Conditions mean a day (other than a Saturday or Sunday) on which banks are open for business in the City of London.

(c) Rate of Interest

The rate of interest payable from time to time in respect of the Class M Notes (each a "Rate of Interest") and the relevant Interest Amount (as defined in paragraph (d) below) will be determined on the basis of the provisions set out below:

- on each Interest Payment Date or, in the case of the first Interest Period, on the Issue Date (each an "Interest Determination Date" the Agent Bank will determine the offered quotation to leading banks in the London interbank market for one month sterling deposits (or, in the case of the first Interest Period, such rate shall be obtained by linear interpolation of the rate for one month and two month sterling deposits) by reference to the display designated as the British Bankers Association's Interest Settlement Rate as quoted on the Dow Jones/Telerate Monitor Telerate Screen No. 3750 (or (aa) such other page as may replace Telerate Screen No. 3750 on that service for the purpose of displaying such information or (bb) if that service ceases to display such information, such page as displays such information on such service (or, if more than one, that one previously approved in writing by the Trustee) as may replace the Dow Jones/Telerate Monitor) as at or about 11:00 a.m. (London time) on that date (the "Screen Rate"). If the Screen Rate is unavailable, the Agent Bank will request the principal London office of each of the Reference Banks (as defined in paragraph (h) below) to provide the Agent Bank with its offered quotation as at or about 11:00 a.m. (London time) on that date to leading banks for one month sterling deposits (or, in relation to the first Interest Period, one month and two month sterling deposits and a linear interpolation between such rates). The Rate of Interest for such Interest Period shall, subject as provided below, be the Relevant Margin (as defined below) above the Screen Rate or, as the case may be, above the arithmetic mean (rounded if necessary to the nearest 0.0001%, 0.00005% being rounded upwards) of the quotations of three out of five quoting Reference Banks (excluding, if all five quotations are not the same, the Reference Bank with the highest and the Reference Bank with the lowest such quotations) but, if more than one of either or both, only one of the Reference Banks with the highest and/or, as the case may be, only one of the Reference Banks with the lowest such quotations;
- (ii) if, on the relevant Interest Determination Date, the Screen Rate is unavailable and only four of the Reference Banks provide such quotations, the Rate of Interest for the relevant Interest Period shall be determined (in accordance with (i) above) on the basis of two out of the four quoting Reference Banks (excluding two on the basis set out in (i) above);

- (iii) if, on the relevant Interest Determination Date, the Screen Rate is unavailable and only two or three of the Reference Banks provide such quotations, the Rate of Interest for the relevant Interest Period shall be determined (in accordance with (i) above) on the basis of the quotations of all the quoting Reference Banks (without any exclusion as referred to in (i) above);
- (iv) if, on the relevant Interest Determination Date, the Screen Rate is unavailable and only one or none of the Reference Banks provides such a quotation, then the Rate of Interest for the relevant Interest Period shall be the Reserve Interest Rate. The "Reserve Interest Rate" shall be the rate per annum which the Agent Bank determines to be either (aa) the Relevant Margin above the arithmetic mean (rounded if necessary to the nearest 0.0001%, 0.00005% being rounded upwards) of the sterling lending rates which leading banks in London (selected by the Agent Bank in its absolute discretion) are quoting, as at or about 11:00 a.m. (London time) on the relevant Interest Determination Date, for the relevant Interest Period to the Reference Banks or those of them (being at least two in number) to which such quotations are in the sole opinion of the Agent Bank being so made or (bb) if the Agent Bank certifies that it cannot determine such arithmetic mean, the Relevant Margin above the lowest of the sterling lending rates which leading banks in London (selected by the Agent Bank in its absolute discretion) are quoting on the relevant Interest Determination Date, to the leading banks which have their head offices in London for the relevant Interest Period provided that if the Agent Bank certifies as aforesaid and further certifies that none of the banks selected as provided in (b) above is guoting to leading banks as aforesaid, then the Reserve Interest Rate shall be the Rate of Interest in effect for the Interest Period ending on the relevant Interest Determination Date.

For the purpose of the Class M Conditions the "Relevant Margin" shall be 0.80% per annum for each Interest Period up to and including the Interest Payment Date falling in July 2009 (the "Coupon Step Up Date") and thereafter 1.60% per annum.

(d) Determination of Rates of Interest and Calculation of Interest Amounts

The Agent Bank shall, on each Interest Determination Date, determine and notify the Issuer, the Servicer, the Trustee and the Paying Agents of (i) the Rate of Interest applicable to the Interest Period beginning on and including such Interest Determination Date in respect of the Class M Notes and (ii) the sterling amount (the "Interest Amount") payable in respect of such Interest Period in respect of the Principal Amount Outstanding (as defined in Class M Condition 5(c)).

(e) Publication of Rate of Interest, Interest Amount and other Notices

As soon as practicable after receiving notification thereof, the Issuer will cause the Rate of Interest and the Interest Amount applicable to the Class M Notes for each Interest Period and the Interest Payment Date falling at the end of such Interest Period to be notified to each stock exchange (if any) (including, for as long as the Notes are admitted to the Official List, the UK Listing Authority) on which the Class M Notes are then listed and will cause notice thereof to be given to the relevant Class M Noteholders in accordance with Class M Condition 14. The Interest Amount and Interest Payment Date so notified may subsequently be amended (or appropriate alternative arrangements made by way of adjustment) without notice in the event of any extension or shortening of the Interest Period.

(f) Determination or Calculation by Trustee

If the Agent Bank does not at any time for any reason determine the Rate of Interest and/or calculate the Interest Amount for any Class M Notes in accordance with the foregoing paragraphs, the Trustee shall (i) determine the Rate of Interest at such rate as, in its absolute discretion (having such regard as it shall think fit to the procedure described above), it shall deem fair and reasonable in all the circumstances and/or (as the case may be) (ii) calculate the Interest Amount for the Class M Notes in the manner specified in paragraph (c) above, and any such determination and/or calculation shall be deemed to have been made by the Agent Bank.

(g) Notifications to be Final

All notifications, opinions, determinations, certificates, calculations, quotations and decisions given, expressed, made or obtained for the purposes of this Class M Condition, whether by the Reference Banks (or any of them) or the Agent Bank or the Trustee shall (in the absence of wilful default, bad faith or manifest error) be binding on the Issuer, the Servicer, the Reference Banks, the Agent Bank, the Trustee and all Class M Noteholders and Class M Couponholders and (in which absence as aforesaid) no liability to the Servicer, the Class M Noteholders or Class M Couponholders shall attach to the Issuer, the

Reference Banks, the Agent Bank or the Trustee in connection with the exercise or non-exercise by them or any of them of their powers, duties and discretions hereunder.

(h) Reference Banks and Agent Bank

The Issuer shall ensure that, so long as any of the Class M Notes remains outstanding, there shall at all times be five reference banks (the "Reference Banks") and an Agent Bank. The initial Agent Bank shall be JPMorgan Chase Bank. In the event of the principal London office of any such bank being unable or unwilling to continue to act as a Reference Bank or in the event of JPMorgan Chase Bank, being unwilling to act as the Agent Bank, the Issuer shall appoint such other bank as may be previously approved in writing by the Trustee to act as such in its place. The Agent Bank may not resign until a successor approved by the Trustee has been appointed.

5. REDEMPTION AND CANCELLATION

(a) Final Redemption

Unless previously redeemed as provided in this Class M Condition, the Issuer shall redeem the Class M Notes at their Principal Amount Outstanding (as defined below) on the Interest Payment Date falling in June 2034 (the "Final Redemption Date").

The Issuer may not redeem Class M Notes in whole or in part prior to that date except as provided in paragraphs (b), (d), (e) or (f) of this Class M Condition but without prejudice to Class M Condition 9.

(b) Mandatory Redemption in Part

Subject as provided below, the principal amount redeemable in respect of each Class M Note on an Interest Payment Date (the "Actual Redemption Amount") shall be the Class M Redemption Amount on such Interest Payment Date divided by the number of Class M Notes outstanding on the relevant Interest Payment Date (rounded down to the nearest penny); provided always that no such Actual Redemption Amount may exceed the Principal Amount Outstanding of the relevant Class M Note.

For the purposes of these Class M Conditions:

"Borrower Loan Limit" means the principal amount of a Borrower's loan which would have been outstanding at any time if the Borrower had only made its minimum monthly payments due under the relevant loan and had not made any additional payments or overpayments.

"Collection Period" means the period beginning on (and including) a Determination Date (save for the first Collection Period which shall begin on (and include) the Issue Date) and ending on the day immediately preceding the next following Determination Date.

"Couponholders" means together the Class M Couponholders, the holders of the coupons attached to the Class A Notes and the holders of the coupons attached to the Class B Notes.

"Determination Date" means the day which is eight Business Days prior to an Interest Payment Date.

"Excluded Items" means

- (a) certain moneys which properly belong to third parties (such as monies owing to any party in respect of reimbursement for direct debit recalls);
- (b) on the Interest Payment Date following the Issue Date, amounts payable to Arianty under the Mortgage Sale Agreement in respect of reconciliations of the amounts paid in respect of the purchase of the Mortgages on the Issue Date; and
- (c) where the Issuer is unable to purchase the right to repayment of Redraws made with respect to one or more Mortgages on any Interest Payment Date (such Redraws continuing to be funded by Britannic Money or First Active, as applicable, on the basis that the Issuer holds each relevant Mortgage on trust for itself and Britannic Money or First Active, as applicable, each party's interest being proportionate to the funding provided by it), the aggregate of Britannic Money's or First Active's, as applicable, *pro rata* share of amounts received in respect of each such Mortgage during the immediately preceding Collection Period.

"Noteholders" means together the Class M Noteholders, the holders of the Class A Notes and the holders of the Class B Notes.

"Potential Redemption Amount" will be determined on each Determination Date as follows:

- (a) the aggregate amount of Redemptions, Prepayments, enforcement proceeds, recoveries and insurance proceeds received (to the extent they relate to principal) during the immediately preceding Collection Period ending in respect of the Mortgages ("**Principal Collections**"); plus
- (b) principal losses realised upon completion of the enforcement and recovery process in relation to the Mortgages during the immediately preceding Collection Period; plus
- (c) an amount equal to the Principal Deficiency recorded on the previous Determination Date; less
- (d) the aggregate principal amount of Redraws the right to repayment of which are to be purchased by the Issuer on the immediately succeeding Interest Payment Date, less
- (e) the amount by which the aggregate principal amount outstanding under the Redraw Facility is expected to increase on the immediately succeeding Interest Payment Date as a result of the purchase of Redraws,

provided that the Potential Redemption Amount shall never be less than zero.

"Redemptions" means scheduled principal payments plus full and part principal payments (including enforcement and insurance proceeds) under a Mortgage where the Borrower Loan Limit (as defined above) irrevocably reduces as a result of repayment ahead of the repayment plan used by Britannic Money or First Active, as applicable, to provide a baseline for the repayment of the Mortgage.

"Prepayments" means part principal repayments under a Mortgage where the Borrower Loan Limit does not change following prepayment ahead of the repayment plan used by Britannic Money or First Active, as applicable, to provide a baseline for the repayment of the Mortgage.

The amount allocated for redemption of the Notes under item (xiv) of the Priority of Payments (the "Redemption Amount") will be divided into a "Class A Redemption Amount", a "Class M Redemption Amount" and a "Class B Redemption Amount". During a Class M Principal Lock Out, the Class A Redemption Amount will equal the Redemption Amount and the Class M Redemption Amount and the Class B Redemption Amount will be zero. During a Class B Principal Lock Out, the Redemption Amount will be divided between the Class A Redemption Amount and the Class M Redemption Amount (on a *pro rata* basis and subject to a Class M Principal Lock Out not having occurred) and the Class B Redemption Amount will be zero.

A "Class M Principal Lock Out" shall occur on any Interest Payment Date (i) during the period up to (and including) the earlier of the Interest Payment Date on which all Class A Notes are redeemed in full and the Interest Payment Date falling five years after the end of the Substitution Period (the "Class M Principal Lock Out Period"), (ii) where on such Interest Payment Date the sum of the Reserve Fund, the aggregate Principal Amount Outstanding (as defined in Condition 5 of the Class M Conditions) of the Class M Notes and the aggregate Principal Amount Outstanding (as defined in Condition 5 of the Class B Conditions) of the Class B Notes as a percentage of the sum of the aggregate Principal Amount Outstanding of the Class A Notes, the Class M Notes and the Class B Notes is not at least twice that same percentage as at the Issue Date. (iii) where a Principal Deficiency exists on such Interest Payment Date (iv) where the aggregate principal balance of Mortgages in respect of which there are arrears of an amount greater than £100 is greater than 2.5% of the then aggregate principal balance of the Mortgages comprised in the Mortgage Pool, in each case as at the immediately preceding Determination Date, and (v) where the sum of the Principal Amount Outstanding of the Class M Notes and the Principal Amount Outstanding of the Class B Notes on such Interest Payment Date is less than two times the principal balance of the largest Mortgage or group of Mortgages in the name of a single Borrower as at the immediately preceding Determination Date.

A "Class B Principal Lock Out" shall occur on any Interest Payment Date (i) during the period up to (and including) the earlier of the Interest Payment Date on which all Class A Notes and Class M Notes are redeemed in full and the Interest Payment Date falling five years after the end of the Substitution Period (the "Class B Principal Lock Out Period"), (ii) where on such Interest Payment Date the sum of the Reserve Fund and the aggregate Principal Amount Outstanding (as defined in Condition 5 of the Class B Conditions) of the Class B Notes as a percentage of the sum of the aggregate Principal Amount Outstanding of the Class A Notes, the Class M Notes and the Class B Notes is not at least twice that same percentage as at the Issue Date, (iii) where a Principal Deficiency exists on such Interest Payment Date, (iv) where the aggregate principal balance of Mortgages in respect of which there are arrears of an amount greater than £100 is greater than 2.5% of the then aggregate principal balance of the Mortgages comprised in the Mortgage Pool, in each case as at the immediately preceding Determination Date, and (v) where the Principal Amount Outstanding of the Class B Notes on such Interest Payment Date is less

than two times the principal balance of the largest Mortgage or group of Mortgages in the name of a single Borrower as at the immediately preceding Determination Date.

If no Class M Principal Lock Out and no Class B Principal Lock Out applies on an Interest Payment Date and there are Class A Notes outstanding, the Redemption Amount will be divided between the Class A Redemption Amount, the Class M Redemption Amount and the Class B Redemption Amount in such amounts as would maintain the then current ratio of Class A Notes to Class M Notes to Class B Notes. If on any Interest Payment Date there are no Class A Notes outstanding, the Redemption Amount will be divided between the Class M Redemption Amount (subject to a Class M Principal Lock Out not having occurred) and the Class B Redemption Amount (subject to a Class B Principal Lock Out not having occurred) in such amounts as would maintain the then current ratio of the Class M Notes to the Class B Notes. If on any Interest Payment Date there are no Class A Notes or Class M Notes outstanding, the Class B Redemption Amount shall equal the whole of the Redemption Amount.

"Principal Deficiency" means the amount calculated on each Determination Date by deducting from the "Liabilities" expected to exist as at close of business on the immediately succeeding Interest Payment Date the "Assets" expected to exist as at close of business on the immediately succeeding Interest Payment Date (after having made all payments in accordance with the Priority of Payments).

where "Liabilities" means:

- (a) the aggregate Principal Amount Outstanding of the Notes on the last date of the immediately preceding Collection Period; less
- (b) the amount allocated in the Priority of Payments to redemption of the Notes under item (xiv) on the immediately succeeding Interest Payment Date; plus
- (c) the aggregate principal amount outstanding under the Redraw Facility on the last day of the immediately preceding Collection Period; plus
- (d) the amount by which the aggregate principal amount outstanding under the Redraw Facility is expected to increase on the immediately succeeding Interest Payment Date as a result of the purchase of the right to repayment of Redraws; less
- (e) the amount allocated in the Priority of Payments to repayment of principal amounts outstanding under the Redraw Facility under item (xi) on the immediately succeeding Interest Payment Date; and

"Assets" means:

- (a) the aggregate outstanding principal balances of the Mortgages (including amounts receivable in respect of claims under property related insurance policies) on the last day of the immediately preceding Collection Period; plus
- (b) the aggregate principal amount of the Redraws the right to repayment of which are to be purchased on the immediately succeeding Interest Payment Date; plus
- (c) the amount, if any, allocated in the Priority of Payments to credit the Liquidity Reserve up to the Liquidity Reserve Required Amount under item (ix) on the immediately succeeding Interest Payment Date plus the amount already standing to the credit of the Liquidity Reserve on such date; plus
- (d) the amount allocated in the Priority of Payments to purchase Further Advances under item (xii) on the immediately succeeding Interest Payment Date; plus
- (e) the amount allocated in the Priority of Payments to purchase Further Mortgages under item (xiii) on the immediately succeeding Interest Payment Date; plus
- (f) the amount standing to the credit of the Pre-Funded Ledger,

provided that the Principal Deficiency shall never be less than zero.

In connection with such redemption, the Servicer will on each Determination Date, pursuant to the Servicing Agreement, determine the Potential Redemption Amount, the Class A Redemption Amount, the Class M Redemption Amount and the Class B Redemption Amount.

No Class M Note may be redeemed in whole or in part until the Class A Notes have been redeemed in full.

(c) Class M Note Principal Payments, Principal Amount Outstanding and Pool Factor

On (or as soon as practicable after) each Determination Date, the Issuer shall determine (or cause the Servicer to determine) (i) the amount of any Actual Redemption Amount due in respect of each Class M

Note on the Interest Payment Date next following such Determination Date, (ii) the principal amount outstanding of each Class M Note on the Interest Payment Date next following such Determination Date (after deducting any Actual Redemption Amount due to be made in respect of that Class M Note on that Interest Payment Date) (the "**Principal Amount Outstanding**") and (iii) the fraction expressed as a decimal to the sixth point (the "**Pool Factor**"), of which the numerator is the Principal Amount Outstanding of a Class M Note (as referred to in (ii) above) and the denominator is £10,000. Each determination by or on behalf of the Issuer of any Actual Redemption Amount of a Class M Note, the Principal Amount Outstanding of a Class M Note and the Pool Factor shall in each case (in the absence of wilful default, bad faith or manifest error) be final and binding on all persons.

The Principal Amount Outstanding of a Class M Note on any date shall be £10,000 less the aggregate amount of all Actual Redemption Amounts in respect of such Class M Note that have become due and payable since the Issue Date on or prior to such date (whether or not paid).

With respect to the Class M Notes, the Issuer will cause each determination of an Actual Redemption Amount, Principal Amount Outstanding and Pool Factor to be notified forthwith to the Trustee, the Paying Agents, the Agent Bank and (for so long as the Class M Notes are admitted to trading on the London Stock Exchange's market for listed securities) the London Stock Exchange, and will immediately cause notice of each determination of an Actual Redemption Amount, Principal Amount Outstanding and Pool Factor to be given in accordance with Class M Condition 14 by not later than two business days prior to the relevant Interest Payment Date. If no Actual Redemption Amount is due to be made on the Class M Notes on any Interest Payment Date a notice to this effect will be given by or on behalf of the Issuer to the Class M Noteholders in accordance with Class M Condition 14.

If the Issuer does not at any time for any reason determine (or cause the Servicer to determine) with respect to the Class M Notes an Actual Redemption Amount, the Principal Amount Outstanding or the Pool Factor in accordance with the preceding provisions of this paragraph, such Actual Redemption Amount, Principal Amount Outstanding and Pool Factor may be determined by the Trustee in accordance with this paragraph and each such determination or calculation shall be deemed to have been made by the Issuer. Any such determination shall be binding on the Issuer, the Servicer, the Class M Noteholders and the Class M Couponholders.

(d) Optional Redemption

On the Interest Payment Date falling in July 2009 or on any Interest Payment Date falling thereafter and upon giving not more than 30 nor less than 20 days' notice to the Trustee and the Noteholders in accordance with Class M Condition 14, the Issuer may redeem all (but not some only of) the Notes at their Principal Amount Outstanding together with accrued interest thereon provided that, prior to giving any such notice, the Issuer shall have provided to the Trustee a certificate signed by two directors of the Issuer to the effect that it will have the funds, not subject to any interest of any other person, required to redeem the Notes as aforesaid.

On any Interest Payment Date on which the aggregate Principal Amount Outstanding of the Notes is equal to or less than 10% of the aggregate principal amount of such Notes at the time such Notes were issued, and upon giving not more than 30 nor less than 20 days notice to the Trustee, the Noteholders and the Noteholders, the Issuer may redeem all (but not some only of) the Notes at their Principal Amount Outstanding together with accrued interest provided that prior to giving any such notice, the Issuer shall have provided the Trustee with a certificate signed by two directors of the Issuer to the effect that it will have the funds, not subject to any interest of any other person, required to redeem the Notes as aforesaid.

(e) Optional Redemption for Tax Reasons

If the Issuer at any time satisfies the Trustee immediately prior to the giving of the notice referred to below that (i) on the next Interest Payment Date the Issuer or any Paying Agent would be required to deduct or withhold from any payment of principal or interest on the Notes any amount for or on account of any present or future taxes, duties, assessments or governmental charges of whatever nature and wherever imposed, levied, collected, withheld or assessed, or (ii) the total amount payable in respect of interest in relation to any of the Mortgages during an Interest Period ceases to be receivable (whether or not actually received) by the Issuer during such Interest Period, or (iii) the Issuer would, by virtue of a change in the law (or the application or officially published interpretation thereof) not be entitled to relief for United Kingdom tax purposes for any material amount which is currently relievable and which it is obliged to pay under the Transaction Documents, then the Issuer may, having given not more than 30 nor less than 20 days' notice to the Trustee and the Noteholders in accordance with Class M

Condition 14, redeem all (but not some only) of the Notes on any Interest Payment Date at their Principal Amount Outstanding provided together with interest accrued thereon provided that, prior to giving any such notice, the Issuer shall have provided to the Trustee: (a) a certificate signed by two directors of the Issuer to the effect that it will have the funds, not subject to the interest of any other person, required to redeem the Notes as aforesaid and (b) a legal opinion (in form and substance satisfactory to the Trustee) from a firm of lawyers in England (approved in writing by the Trustee) opining on the relevant event. Any certificate and legal opinion given by or on behalf of the Issuer may be relied on by the Trustee and shall be conclusive and binding on the Noteholders and Couponholders.

(f) Other Reasons

The Issuer may, at its option, upon giving not more than 30 nor less than 20 days notice to the Trustee and the Noteholders redeem all of the Notes (provided that all Class A Notes have been redeemed in full) at their Principal Amount Outstanding together with interest accrued thereon on the second Interest Payment Date after any Determination Date on which it is determined that the aggregate amount of Redraws made by Borrowers during the Collection Period then ending exceeds the sum of (a) the Principal Collections available for the purpose of purchasing the right to repayment of Redraws in accordance with the Priority of Payments and (b) the lower of (i) the Available Facility under the Redraw Facility and (ii) the aggregate Principal Amount Outstanding of the Notes.

(g) Notice of Redemption

Any such notice as is referred to in paragraph (d), (e) or (f) above shall be irrevocable and, upon the expiration of such notice, the Issuer shall be bound to redeem the Class M Notes at their Principal Amount Outstanding together with interest accrued thereon.

(h) Purchase

The Issuer shall not purchase any Class M Notes or Class M Coupons.

(i) Cancellation

All Class M Notes redeemed pursuant to paragraphs (d), (e) or (f) above will be cancelled upon redemption, together with any unmatured Class M Coupons appertaining thereto and attached thereto or surrendered therewith, and may not be resold or re-issued.

(j) Principal Deficiencies

If on the Interest Payment Date falling in June 2034 or on any prior date after the assets of the Issuer have been exhausted there is a debit balance on the Principal Deficiency Ledger (as defined above) (after taking account of any entries required to be made thereon on such Interest Payment Date and any credit balance in the Reserve Account (the "Adjusted Principal Deficiency")), then notwithstanding any other provision of these Class M Conditions the principal amount payable on redemption of each Class M Note shall be its Principal Amount Outstanding on that date, less the Principal Deficiency (as defined below) applicable to that Class M Note on that date on payment of which the obligations of the Issuer under the relevant Class M Note shall be discharged in full.

6. PAYMENTS

- (a) Payments of principal in respect of the Class M Notes will be made against presentation of the Class M Notes at the specified office of any Paying Agent. Payments of interest in respect of the Class M Notes will (subject as provided in paragraphs (c) and (d) below) be made only against presentation and surrender of the Class M Coupons at the specified office of any Paying Agent. Payments will be made in sterling at the specified office of any Paying Agent by sterling cheque drawn on, or, at the option of the holder, by transfer to a sterling account maintained by the payee with, a branch of a bank in London.
- (b) Payments of principal and interest in respect of the Class M Notes are subject in all cases to any fiscal or other laws and regulations applicable thereto.
- (c) Upon the date on which any Class M Note becomes due and payable in full, unmatured Class M Coupons appertaining thereto (whether or not attached to such Class M Note) shall become void and no payment or, as the case may be, exchange shall be made in respect thereof. If the due date for redemption of any Class M Note is not an Interest Payment Date, accrued interest will be paid only against presentation and surrender of such Class M Note.

- (d) If payment of principal is improperly withheld or refused on or in respect of any Class M Note or part thereof, the interest which continues to accrue in respect of such Class M Note in accordance with Class M Condition 4(a) will be paid against presentation of such Class M Note at the specified office of any Paying Agent.
- (e) The initial Principal Paying Agent and its initial specified office is listed at the end of these Class M Conditions. The Issuer reserves the right, subject to the prior written approval of the Trustee, at any time to vary or terminate the appointment of the Principal Paying Agent and to appoint additional or other Paying Agents. The Issuer will at all times maintain a paying agent with a specified office in London and, if the conclusions of the ECOFIN Council meeting of 26-27 November 2000 are implemented by any European Union Directive on the taxation of savings income, in any EU member state that will not be obliged to withhold or deduct tax pursuant to such Directive. The Issuer will cause at least 30 days' notice of any change in or addition to the Paying Agents or their specified offices to be given in accordance with Class M Condition 14.
- (f) If any Class M Coupon or Class M Note is presented for payment on a day which is not a Business Day, no further payments of additional amounts by way of interest, principal or otherwise shall be due in respect of such Class M Coupon or, as the case may be, such Class M Note.
- (g) On or after the Interest Payment Date for the final Coupon forming part of any Coupon sheet, the Class M Talon forming part of such Coupon sheet may be surrendered at any specified office of the Paying Agent in exchange for a further Coupon sheet (including a further talon but excluding any Coupons which shall have become void).
- (h) If a Paying Agent makes a partial payment in respect of any Class M Note presented to it for payment, such Paying Agent will endorse on the grid endorsed on such Class M Note (in respect of payments of principal) a statement indicating the amount and date of such payment.
- (i) If on any Interest Payment Date (other than the Final Redemption Date) the aggregate funds (if any) available to the Issuer for application in or towards the payment of interest due on the Class M Notes are not sufficient to satisfy in full the aggregate amount of interest which would, but for this paragraph (i) otherwise be payable on the Class M Notes on such Interest Payment Date, then notwithstanding any other provision of these Conditions, there shall be payable on the Class M Notes on such Interest Payment Date, by way of interest on each Class M Note a *pro rata* share of such aggregate funds calculated by reference to the ratio borne by the then Principal Amount Outstanding of such Class M Note to the then Principal Amount Outstanding of all Class M Notes and the amount of the shortfall will not be regarded as due until the earliest Interest Payment Date thereafter in respect of which funds are available to the Issuer to pay such amounts.

In any such event, the Issuer shall create a provision in its accounts for the shortfall equal to the amount by which the aggregate amount of interest paid on the Class M Notes on any Interest Payment Date in accordance with this Condition falls short of the aggregate amount of interest which would otherwise be payable on the Class M Notes on the date pursuant to Condition 4. Such shortfall shall accrue interest during each Interest Period during which it remains outstanding at the Rate of Interest for such Interest Period and a *pro rata* share of such shortfall calculated by reference to the ratio borne by the then Principal Amount Outstanding of each Class M Note and accrued interest thereof shall be aggregated within the amount of, and treated for the purpose of this Condition as if it were, interest due on each Class M Note on the next succeeding Interest Payment Date.

To the extent such a shortfall arises, such unpaid amount (including interest accruing on such shortfall) shall be payable in priority to the payment of interest otherwise due on the next following Interest Payment Date.

7. PRESCRIPTION

Class M Notes shall become void unless presented for payment within a period of 10 years from the relevant date in respect thereof. Class M Coupons (which expression shall not in this Class M Condition include Class M Talons) shall become void unless presented for payment within a period of 5 years from the relevant date in respect thereof. After the date on which a Class M Note or a Class M Coupon becomes void in its entirety, no claim may be made in respect thereof. In this Class M Condition, the "relevant date", in respect of a Class M Note or Class M Coupon, is the date on which a payment in respect thereof first becomes due or (if the full amount of the moneys payable in respect of all the Class M Notes and/or Class M Coupons due on or before that date has not been duly received by the Paying Agents or the Trustee on or prior to such date) the date on which the full amount of such moneys having

been so received, notice to that effect is duly given to the Class M Noteholders in accordance with Class M Condition 14.

8. TAXATION

All payments in respect of the Class M Notes and Class M Coupons will be made without withholding or deduction for, or on account of, any present or future taxes, duties or charges of whatsoever nature unless the Issuer or the relevant Paying Agent (as applicable) is required by applicable law to make any payment in respect of the Class M Notes or Class M Coupons subject to any withholding or deduction for, or on account of, any present or future taxes, duties or charges of whatsoever nature. In that event, the Issuer or the relevant Paying Agent (as the case may be) shall make such payment after such withholding or deduction has been made and shall account to the relevant authorities for the amount so required to be withheld or deducted. Neither the Paying Agents nor the Issuer will be obliged to make any additional payments to holders of Class M Notes or Class M Coupons in respect of such withholding or deduction.

9. EVENTS OF DEFAULT

- (a) The Trustee at its absolute discretion may, and if so requested in writing by the holders of not less than 25% in aggregate of the Principal Amount Outstanding of the Class M Notes or if so directed by or pursuant to an Extraordinary Resolution (as defined in the Trust Deed) of the Class M Noteholders (subject, in each case, to being indemnified to its satisfaction) shall give notice to the Issuer declaring the Class M Notes to be due and repayable at any time after the happening of any of the following events (each an "Event of Default"):
 - (i) default being made for a period of 10 Business Days in the payment of the principal of or any interest on any Class M Note when and as the same ought to be paid in accordance with these Class M Conditions; or
 - (ii) any Interest Rate Swap, LIBOR Swap or Base Rate Swap being terminated by reason of default in payment on the part of the Issuer for a period of 10 Business Days; or
 - (iii) the Issuer failing duly to perform or observe any other obligation binding upon it under the Class M Notes, the Trust Deed, the Servicing Agreement, the Deed of Charge or any of the other Transaction Documents and, in any such case (except where the Trustee certifies that, in its opinion, such failure is incapable of remedy when no notice will be required) such failure is continuing for a period of 30 days following the service by the Trustee on the Issuer of notice requiring the same to be remedied; or
 - (iv) the Issuer, otherwise than for the purposes of such amalgamation or reconstruction as is referred to in sub-paragraph (v) below, ceasing or, through an official action of the Board of Directors of the Issuer, threatening to cease to carry on business or being unable to pay its debts as and when they fall due or otherwise becomes insolvent; or
 - (v) an order being made or an effective resolution being passed for the winding-up of the Issuer except a winding-up for the purposes of or pursuant to an amalgamation or reconstruction the terms of which have previously been approved by the Trustee in writing or by an Extraordinary Resolution of the Class M Noteholders; or
 - (vi) proceedings being otherwise initiated against the Issuer under any applicable liquidation, insolvency, composition, reorganisation or other similar laws (including, but not limited to, presentation of a petition for an administration order) or an administration order being granted or an administrative receiver or other receiver, liquidator or other similar official being appointed in relation to the Issuer or in relation to the whole or any substantial part of the undertaking or assets of the Issuer, or an encumbrancer taking possession of the whole or any substantial part of the undertaking or assets of the Issuer, or a distress or execution or other process being levied or enforced upon or sued out against the whole or any substantial part of the undertaking or assets of the Issuer and such possession or process (as the case may be) not being discharged or not otherwise ceasing to apply within 14 days, or the Issuer initiating or consenting to judicial proceedings relating to itself under applicable liquidation, insolvency, composition, reorganisation or other similar laws or making a conveyance or assignment for the benefit of its creditors generally;

Provided that, in the case of each of the events described in sub-paragraph (iii) of this paragraph (a), the Trustee shall have certified to the Issuer that such event is, in its opinion, materially prejudicial to the interests of the Class M Noteholders.

(b) Upon any declaration being made by the Trustee in accordance with paragraph (a) above that the Class M Notes are due and repayable, the Class M Notes shall immediately become due and repayable at their Principal Amount Outstanding together with accrued interest as provided in the Trust Deed.

10. ENFORCEMENT OF CLASS M NOTES

- (a) At any time after the Class M Notes have become due and repayable and without prejudice to its rights of enforcement in relation to the Security, the Trustee may, at its discretion and without further notice, take such proceedings against the Issuer as it may think fit to enforce payment of the Class M Notes at their Principal Amount Outstanding together with accrued interest, but it shall not be bound to take any such proceedings unless (a) it shall have been so directed by an Extraordinary Resolution of the Class M Noteholders or so requested in writing by the holders of at least 25% in aggregate of the Principal Amount Outstanding of the Class M Notes and (b) it shall have been indemnified to its satisfaction. No Class M Noteholder or Class M Couponholder shall be entitled to proceed directly against the Issuer unless the Trustee, having become bound so to do, fails to do so within a reasonable period and such failure shall be continuing. The Trustee cannot, while any of the Class A Notes are outstanding, be required to enforce the Security on behalf of the Class M Noteholders (whether or not requested to do so by such Class B Noteholders), the Class B Noteholders (whether or not requested to do so by such Class B Noteholders) or any other Secured Creditor under the Deed of Charge.
- (b) Notwithstanding the foregoing and so long as any of the Class M Notes remain outstanding, if the Class M Notes have become due and repayable pursuant to Class M Condition 9 otherwise than by reason of a default in payment of any amount due on the Class M Notes, the Trustee will not be entitled to dispose of the Security unless either a sufficient amount would be realised to allow discharge in full of all amounts owing to the Class M Noteholders, the Class M Couponholders and the other creditors of the Issuer ranking in priority thereto or *pari passu* therewith or the Trustee is of the opinion that the cash flow prospectively receivable by the Issuer will not (or that there is a significant risk that it will not) be sufficient, having regard to any other relevant actual, contingent or prospective liabilities of the Issuer, to discharge in full in due course all amounts owing to the Class M Noteholders, the Class M Couponholders and any other amounts payable by the Issuer ranking in priority thereto or *pari passu* therewith.

11. MEETINGS OF CLASS M NOTEHOLDERS, MODIFICATION, WAIVER AND SUBSTITUTION OF PRINCIPAL DEBTOR

The Trust Deed contains provisions for convening meetings of Class M Noteholders to consider any matter affecting their interests, including the sanctioning by Extraordinary Resolution of such Class M Noteholders of a modification of these Class M Conditions as they relate to the Class M Notes or the provisions of any of the Documents or any other documents the rights and benefits in respect of which are comprised in the Security ("Other Relevant Documents"). The quorum at any meeting of Class M Noteholders for passing an Extraordinary Resolution shall be two or more persons holding or representing in aggregate not less than 75% in Principal Amount Outstanding of the Class M Notes then outstanding or, at any adjourned meeting, two or more persons being or representing Class M Noteholders as they relate to the Class M Notes whatever the Principal Amount Outstanding of the Class M Notes so held or represented except that, at any meeting the business of which includes the sanctioning of a modification which would, inter alia, have the effect of altering the date of maturity of the Class M Notes or the day for payment of interest or principal thereon, or the amount of principal or the rate of interest payable in respect of the Class M Notes or the currency of payment (other than pursuant to a redenomination approved by the Trustee pursuant to Class M Condition 15) of the Class M Notes or related Class M Coupons or the priority of payments or the quorum or majority required in relation to this exception (a "Basic Terms Modification"), the necessary quorum for passing an Extraordinary Resolution shall be two or more persons holding or representing in aggregate not less than 75%, or, at any adjourned such meeting, 25% of the Principal Amount Outstanding of the Class M Notes then outstanding. An Extraordinary Resolution passed at any meeting of Class M Noteholders shall be binding on all Class M Noteholders whether or not they are present at the meeting, and on all Class M Couponholders. The majority required for an Extraordinary Resolution shall be 75% of the votes cast on that resolution.

The Trust Deed contains provisions limiting the powers of the holders of Class M Notes and Class B Notes, *inter alia*, to request or direct the Trustee to take any action or to pass an effective Extraordinary Resolution, according to the effect thereof on the interests of the Class A Noteholders. Except in the circumstances set out in (b) below, the Trust Deed imposes no such limitations on the powers of the Class A Noteholders, the exercise of which will be binding on the Class M Noteholders and Class M Couponholders, irrespective of the effect on their interests. An Extraordinary Resolution passed at any meeting of Class M Noteholders shall not be effective for any purposes unless either (i) the Trustee is of the opinion that it would not be materially prejudicial to the Class A Noteholders or (ii) it is sanctioned by an Extraordinary Resolution of the Class A Noteholders but, subject thereto, it shall be binding on all Class M Noteholders, whether or not they are present at the meeting, and on all Class M Couponholders.

- (b) No Extraordinary Resolution to sanction a Basic Terms Modification which would have the effect of altering the date of maturity of the Notes or the date for payment of interest in respect of the Notes, increasing the amount of principal or the rate of interest payable in respect of the Notes, or altering the currency of payment of the Notes, or altering the provisions of the Trust Deed, the Deed of Charge or any other Document or any Other Relevant Document shall take effect unless it shall have been sanctioned by an Extraordinary Resolution of the Class A Noteholders, the Class M Noteholders and the Class B Noteholders.
- (c) The Trustee may agree, without the consent of the Class M Noteholders or Class M Couponholders (i) to any modification (except a Basic Terms Modification) of, or to the waiver or authorisation of any breach or proposed breach of, these Class M Conditions or any of the Documents or any Other Relevant Documents, which is not, in the opinion of the Trustee, materially prejudicial to the interests of the Class M Noteholders or Class M Couponholders (ii) to any modification of these Class M Conditions or any of the Documents or any Other Relevant Documents, which, in the Trustee's opinion, is to correct a manifest error or is of a formal, minor or technical nature. The Trustee may also, without the consent of the Class M Noteholders or the Class M Couponholders, determine that any Event of Default shall not, or shall not subject to specified conditions, be treated as such. Any such modification, waiver, authorisation or determination shall be binding on the Class M Noteholders and the Class M Couponholders and, unless the Trustee agrees otherwise, any such modification shall be notified to the Class M Noteholders in accordance with Class M Condition 14 as soon as practicable thereafter.
- (d) The Trustee may agree, subject to the consent of the Issuer and to such amendment of these Class M Conditions and of any of the Documents and to such other conditions as the Trustee may require and subject to the relevant provisions of the Trust Deed, but without the consent of the Class M Noteholders or the Class M Couponholders, to the substitution of another body corporate in place of the Issuer as principal debtor under the Trust Deed and the Class M Notes, subject to the Class M Notes being unconditionally and irrevocably guaranteed by the Issuer (unless all or substantially all of the assets of the Issuer are transferred to such body corporate) and to such body corporate being a single purpose vehicle and undertaking itself to be bound by provisions corresponding to those set out in Class M Condition 3. In the case of a substitution pursuant to this paragraph (d), the Trustee may in its absolute discretion agree, without the consent of the Class M Noteholders or the Class M Couponholders, to a change of the law governing the Class M Notes and/or any of the Documents provided that such change would not, in the opinion of the Trustee, be materially prejudicial to the interests of the Class M Noteholders.
- (e) Where the Trustee is required in connection with the exercise of its powers, trusts, authorities, duties and discretions to have regard to the interests of the Class M Noteholders, it shall have regard to the interests of the Class M Noteholders as one class and, in particular but without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing, the Trustee shall not have regard to, or be in any way liable for, the consequences of such exercise for individual Class M Noteholders or Class M Couponholders resulting from their being for any purpose domiciled or resident in, or otherwise connected with, or subject to the jurisdiction of, any particular territory. In connection with any such exercise, the Trustee shall not be entitled to require, and no Class M Noteholder or Class M Couponholder shall be entitled to claim, from the Issuer or any other person any indemnification or payment in respect of any tax consequences of any such exercise upon individual Class M Noteholders or Class M Couponholders.

12. INDEMNIFICATION AND EXONERATION OF THE TRUSTEE

The Trust Deed contains provisions governing the responsibility (and relief from responsibility) of the Trustee and providing for its indemnification in certain circumstances, including provisions relieving it from taking enforcement proceedings or enforcing the Security unless indemnified to its satisfaction. The Trustee and its related companies are entitled to enter into business transactions with the Issuer, Arianty, Britannic Money, First Active and/or the related companies of any of them without accounting for any profit resulting therefrom. The Trustee will not be responsible for any loss, expense or liability which may be suffered as a result of any assets comprised in the Security, or any deeds or documents of title thereto, being uninsured or inadequately insured or being held by or to the order of the Servicer or any agent or related company of the Servicer or by clearing organisations or their operators or by intermediaries such as banks, brokers or other similar persons on behalf of the Trustee.

The Trust Deed provides that the Trustee shall be under no obligation to monitor or supervise compliance by the Issuer, Arianty or Britannic Money, First Active and/or the related companies of any of them with their respective obligations or to make any searches, enquiries or independent investigations of title in relation to any of the properties secured by the Mortgages save as provided under the Transaction Documents.

13. REPLACEMENT OF DEFINITIVE CLASS M NOTES, CLASS M COUPONS AND CLASS M TALONS

If any Class M Note, Class M Coupon or Class M Talon is mutilated, defaced, lost, stolen or destroyed, it may be replaced at the specified office of any Paying Agent. Replacement of any mutilated, defaced, lost, stolen or destroyed Class M Note, Class M Coupon or Class M Talon will only be made on payment of such costs as may be incurred in connection therewith and on such terms as to evidence and indemnity as the Issuer may reasonably require. Mutilated or defaced Class M Notes, Class M Coupons or Class M Talons must be surrendered before new ones will be issued.

14. NOTICE TO CLASS M NOTEHOLDERS

Any notice to the Class M Noteholders shall be validly given if published in the *Financial Times* or, if such newspaper shall cease to be published or timely publication therein shall not be practicable, in such English language newspaper or newspapers as the Trustee shall approve having a general circulation in Europe; Provided that if, at any time, the Issuer procures that information concerned in such notice specifying an Interest Payment Date, Principal Amount Outstanding or Rate of Interest shall appear on a page of the Reuters screen or Bloomberg or any other medium for electronic display of data as may be previously approved in writing by the Trustee (in each case a "Relevant Screen"), publication in the *Financial Times* shall not be required with respect to such information. Any such notice shall be deemed to have been given on the date of such publication or, if published more than once or on different dates, on the first date on which publication shall have been made in the newspaper or newspapers in which (or on the Relevant Screen on which) publication is required.

The Trustee shall be at liberty to sanction some other method of giving notice to the Class M Noteholders or any category of them if, in its opinion, such other method is reasonable having regard to market practice then prevailing and to the requirements of the stock exchange on which the Notes are then listed and provided that notice of such other method is given to the Class M Noteholders in such manner as the Trustee shall require. The Class M Couponholders will be deemed for all purposes to have notice of the contents of any notice given to the Class M Noteholders in accordance with this Class M Condition.

15. REDENOMINATION

Pursuant to the Treaty establishing the European Community as amended by the Treaty on European Union (as amended, the "Treaty"), the third stage of European economic and monetary union commenced on 1 January 1999 and the value of the euro as against the currencies of the member states participating in the third stage of European economic and monetary union was irrevocably fixed and the euro became a currency in its own right. The United Kingdom may at some future date participate in the third stage of European economic and monetary union or otherwise participate in European economic and monetary union in a manner with similar effect to such third stage. On an Interest Payment Date falling on or after such date, the Issuer may on giving notice to the holders of the Class M Notes and with the written consent of the Trustee, redenominate all of the Class M Notes into euros.

16. GOVERNING LAW

The Documents, the Class M Notes and the Class M Coupons are governed by, and shall be construed in accordance with, English law.

17. THIRD PARTY RIGHTS

No person shall have any right to enforce any term or condition of the Class M Notes under the Contracts (Rights of Third Parties) Act 1999.

DESCRIPTION OF THE CLASS B NOTES

GENERAL

£12,500,000 Class B Mortgage Backed Floating Rate Notes due 2034 (the "Class B Notes") of First Flexible No. 5 plc (the "Issuer") are the subject of a trust deed (the "Trust Deed", which expression includes such trust deed as from time to time modified in accordance with the provisions therein contained and any deed or other document expressed to be supplemental thereto as from time to time so modified including the Master Definitions Schedule (as defined under Class B Condition 2(d)) incorporated in the Trust Deed) to be entered into on 11 June 2002 (the "Issue Date") and made between the Issuer and JPMorgan Chase Bank (the "Trustee", which expression includes any further or other trustee of the Trust Deed) as trustee for, inter glios, the holders for the time being of the Class B Notes (the "Class B Noteholders") and the holders for the time being of the interest coupons relating thereto (the "Class B Coupons" which expression includes the talons ("Class B Talons") attached to the Class B Notes except where the context otherwise requires) (the "Class B Couponholders"). £465,000,000 Class A Mortgage Backed Floating Rate Notes due 2034 (the "Class A Notes") and £22,500,000 Class M Mortgage Backed Floating Rate Notes due 2034(the "Class M Notes" and together with the Class A Notes and the Class B Notes, the "Notes") will be issued pursuant to the Trust Deed contemporaneously with the issue of the Class B Notes. The security for the Class A Notes, the Class M Notes and the Class B Notes is created pursuant to, and on the terms set out in, a deed of sub-charge and assignment (the "Deed of Charge", which expression includes such deed of sub-charge and assignment as from time to time modified in accordance with the provisions therein contained and any deed or other document expressed to be supplemental thereto as from time to time modified) to be dated the Issue Date and made between, inter alios, Arianty No.1 plc ("Arianty"), the Issuer, Britannic Money plc ("Britannic Money") and the Trustee. By an agency agreement (the "Agency Agreement", which expression includes such Agency Agreement as from time to time modified in accordance with the provisions therein contained and any deed or other document expressed to be supplemental thereto as from time to time so modified) to be dated the Issue Date and made between the Issuer, the Trustee, JPMorgan Chase Bank as agent bank (the "Agent Bank" which expression includes any other agent bank appointed in respect of the Class B Notes) and JPMorgan Chase Bank as principal paying agent (the "Principal Paying Agent" and together with any further or other paying agents for the time being appointed in respect of the Class B Notes, the "Paying Agents") provision is made for the payment of principal and interest in respect of the Class B Notes. The statements in these Class B Conditions include summaries of, and are subject to, the detailed provisions of the Trust Deed, the Agency Agreement and the Deed of Charge.

Copies of the Trust Deed, the Agency Agreement, the Deed of Charge and the other Documents (as defined below) are available for inspection at the principal office for the time being of the Trustee, being at the date hereof at Trinity Tower, 9 Thomas More Street, London E1W 1YT and at the specified offices of the Paying Agents. The Class B Noteholders and the Class B Couponholders are entitled to the benefit of, are bound by, and are deemed to have notice of, all the provisions of the Trust Deed and the Deed of Charge and are deemed to have notice of all the provisions of the Agency Agreement.

The issue of the Class B Notes was authorised by resolution of the Board of Directors of the Issuer passed on 29 May 2002.

THE GLOBAL CLASS B NOTES

Temporary Global Class B Notes and Permanent Global Class B Notes

The Class B Notes will be initially represented by a temporary bearer global note in the principal amount of £12,500,000 (the "Temporary Global Class B Note") without Class B Coupons or Class B Talons. The Temporary Global Class B Note will be deposited on behalf of the subscribers of the Class B Notes with a common depository (the "Common Depository") for Euroclear Bank S.A./N.V., as operator of the Euroclear System ("Euroclear") and Clearstream Banking, société anonyme ("Clearstream, Luxembourg") on the Issue Date. Upon deposit of the Temporary Global Class B Note, Euroclear or Clearstream, Luxembourg will credit each subscriber of Class B Notes represented by such Temporary Global Class B Note with the principal amount of the Class B Notes for which it has subscribed and paid. Interests in the Temporary Global Class B Note will be exchangeable not earlier than 40 days after the Issue Date (the "Exchange Date"), provided certification of non-US beneficial ownership by the Class B Noteholders has been received, for interests in a permanent bearer global note (the "Permanent Global Class B Note" and, together with the Temporary Global Class B Note, the "Global Class B Notes"), without Class B Coupons or Class B Talons. On the exchange of the Temporary Global Class B Note for

the Permanent Global Class B Note, the Permanent Global Class B Note will remain deposited with the Common Depository.

Transfers

Title to the Global Class B Notes will pass by delivery. The Permanent Global Class B Note will only be exchangeable for definitive Class B Notes in the limited circumstances described below. Each of the persons appearing from time to time in the records of Euroclear or Clearstream, Luxembourg as the holder of a Class B Note will be entitled to receive any payment so made in respect of that Class B Note in accordance with the respective rules and procedures of Euroclear or Clearstream, Luxembourg, as appropriate. For so long as any Class B Notes are represented by a Global Class B Note, such Class B Notes will be transferable in accordance with the rules and procedures for the time being of Euroclear or Clearstream, Luxembourg, as appropriate.

For so long as the Class B Notes are represented by a Global Class B Note, each person who is for the time being shown in the records of Euroclear or Clearstream, Luxembourg as the holder of a particular principal amount of Class B Notes will be entitled to be treated by the Issuer and the Trustee as the holder of such principal amount of Class B Notes. The expression "Class B Noteholders" may be construed accordingly, but without prejudice to the entitlement of the bearer of a Global Class B Note.

Payments

No payment will be made on the Temporary Global Class B Note unless exchange for an interest in the Permanent Global Class B Note of for Class B Notes in definitive form is improperly withheld or refused. Principal and interest on a Global Class B Note will be payable against presentation of that Global Class B Note at the specified office of any Paying Agent provided certification of non-US beneficial ownership by the Class B Noteholders has been received by Euroclear or Clearstream, Luxembourg. A record of each payment made on a Global Class B Note, distinguishing between any payment of principal and payment of interest, will be endorsed on that Global Class B Note by the Paying Agents (or the Paying Agent shall procure that such endorsement be made) and such record shall be *prima facie* evidence that the payment in question has been made.

Issue of Class B Notes in Definitive Form

If (i) the Class B Notes become due and repayable pursuant to Class B Condition 9(a) or (ii) either Euroclear or Clearstream, Luxembourg is closed for business for a continuous period of 14 days (other than by reason of holiday, statutory or otherwise) or announces an intention permanently to cease business or (iii) as a result of any amendment to, or change in, the laws or regulations of the United Kingdom (or of any political sub-division thereof) or of any authority therein or thereof having power to tax or in the interpretation or administration of such laws or regulations which becomes effective on or after the Issue Date, the Issuer is, or any of the Paying Agents are or will be, required to make any deduction or withholding from any payment in respect of the Class B Notes which would not be required were the Class B Notes in definitive form, then the Issuer will, at its sole cost and expense, issue Class B Notes in definitive form in exchange for the whole outstanding interest in the Permanent Global Class B Notes within 30 days of the occurrence of the relevant event.

Any notice to Class B Noteholders in respect of Class B Notes represented by a Global Class B Note shall be deemed to have been duly given if sent to Euroclear and/or Clearstream, Luxembourg (as applicable) and shall be deemed to have been given on the date on which such notice was so sent.

TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF THE CLASS B NOTES

If Class B Notes in definitive form were to be issued, the terms and conditions (subject to amendment and completion) set out on each Class B Note would be as set out below (the "Class B Conditions"). While the Class B Notes remain in global form, the same terms and conditions govern such Class B Notes, except to the extent that they are appropriate only to Class B Notes in definitive form.

1. FORM, DENOMINATION AND TITLE

- (a) The £12,500,000 Class B Mortgage Backed Floating Rate Notes due 2034 (the "Class B Notes") issued by First Flexible No. 5 plc (the "Issuer") are serially numbered and are issued in bearer form in the denomination of £10,000 each with coupons ("Class B Coupons") and talons ("Class B Talons") attached and a grid endorsed thereon for the recording of all payments of principal in accordance with the provisions of Class B Condition 5.
- (b) Title to the Class B Notes, Class B Coupons and Class B Talons shall pass by delivery. The holder of any Class B Note (each a "Class B Noteholder") and the holder of any Class B Coupon (each a "Class B Couponholder") may (to the fullest extent permitted by applicable laws) be deemed and treated at all times, by all persons and for all purposes (including the making of any payments), as the absolute owner of such Class B Note or Class B Coupon, as the case may be, regardless of any notice of ownership, theft or loss, of any trust or other interest therein or of any writing thereon.
- (c) The holder of each Class B Coupon (whether or not the Class B Coupon is attached to the relevant Class B Note) and each Class B Talon in his capacity as such shall be subject to all the provisions contained in the relevant Class B Note.

2. STATUS, SECURITY AND PRIORITY

Status

- (a) The Class B Notes and the Class B Coupons constitute direct, secured and unconditional obligations of the Issuer and rank (subject to the provisions of Class B Condition 5) *pari passu* without preference or priority amongst themselves.
- (b) The £465,000,000 Class A Mortgage Backed Floating Rate Notes due 2034 (the "Class A Notes") and the £22,500,000 Class M Mortgage Backed Floating Rate Notes due 2034 (the "Class M Notes" and together with the Class A Notes and the Class B Notes, the "Notes") issued by the Issuer on or about 11 June 2002 (the "Issue Date") are subject to a trust deed dated on or about 11 June 2002 between the Issuer and JPMorgan Chase Bank (the "Trustee") (the "Trust Deed") and are secured by the same security which secures the Class B Notes. The Class A Notes rank pari passu, without preference or priority amongst themselves, the Class M Notes rank pari passu without preference or priority amongst themselves and the Class B Notes rank pari passu without preference or priority amongst themselves but (i) the Class A Notes will rank in priority to the Class M Notes and the Class B Notes and (ii) the Class M Notes will rank in priority to the Class B Notes in the event of the Security (as defined below in Class B Condition 2(d)) being enforced.
- (c) The Trust Deed and the Deed of Charge contain provisions requiring the Trustee to have regard to the interests of the Class B Noteholders as regards all powers, trusts, authorities, duties and discretions of the Trustee (except where expressly provided otherwise), but requiring the Trustee in any such case to have regard only to (i) (for so long as there are any Class A Notes outstanding) the interests of the holders of Class A Notes if, in the Trustee's opinion, there is a conflict between the interests of (A) the holders of Class A Notes and (B) the holders of Class M Notes and/or (C) the holders of Class B Notes and/or any other Secured Creditors (as defined below) or (ii) (if there are no Class A Notes outstanding) the interests of (A) the holders of Class M Notes and (B) the holders of Class B Notes and/or any other Secured Creditors (as defined below) or (ii) (if there are no Class A Notes and Class M Notes outstanding) the interests of the holders of Class B Notes, if in the Trustees opinion, there is a conflict between the interests of the Class B Noteholders or any other Secured Creditors (as defined below).

Security

(d) As security for the payment of all moneys payable in respect of the Class A Notes and otherwise under the Trust Deed (including the remuneration, expenses and any other claims of the Trustee and any Receiver (as defined below) appointed under the Deed of Charge) and in respect of certain

amounts payable to Britannic Money or its successor acting as Servicer of the mortgages to be purchased by the Issuer on the Issue Date (the "Initial Mortgages"), such mortgages transferred to the Issuer pursuant to the Transaction Documents during the Substitution Period (each a "Further Mortgage"), such mortgages transferred to the Issuer pursuant to the Transaction Documents after the Issue Date (each a "Substitute Mortgage") and such mortgages purchased by the Issuer from Arianty at any time on or after the Issue Date but no later than the third Interest Payment Date (the "Pre-Funded Mortgages" and together with the Initial Mortgages, the Further Mortgages, the Substitute Mortgages, the "Mortgages"), and to certain other beneficiaries from time to time, the Issuer will enter into the Deed of Charge creating the following security (the "Security") in favour of the Trustee for itself and on trust for the other persons expressed to be secured parties thereunder:

- (i) a first fixed equitable charge or mortgage or (in relation to Mortgages secured on properties in Scotland ("Scottish Mortgages")) assignation in security in favour of the Trustee over the Issuer's right, title, interest and benefit present and future in the Mortgages and other collateral security relating to the Mortgages;
- (ii) an equitable assignment by way of first fixed security in favour of the Trustee of the Issuer's interest in certain buildings policies, life policies, contingency policies and mortgage indemnity policies (the "Insurance Contracts") to the extent that they relate to the Mortgages;
- (iii) an assignment by way of first fixed security in favour of the Trustee of the benefit of the Servicing Agreement to be entered into between Britannic Money plc as servicer (the "Servicer"), the Issuer, First Active as standby servicer (the "Standby Servicer") and the Trustee (the "Servicing Agreement"), the mortgage sale agreement to be entered into between, inter alios, Arianty, the Issuer and the Trustee (the "Mortgage Sale Agreement"), the declaration of trust by Britannic Money in favour of the Issuer in relation to Scottish Mortgages (the "Scottish Trust"), the guaranteed investment contract to be entered into between the Issuer, the Trustee and Barclays Bank PLC ("Barclays") (the "Guaranteed **Investment Contract**"), the redraw facility agreement to be entered into between the Issuer, the Trustee and Barclays (in such capacity, the "**Redraw Facility Provider**") and the Servicer (the "Redraw Facility Agreement"), the declaration of trust to be entered into and made by Britannic Money in relation to the Trust Accounts (as defined below) (the "Declaration of Trust", the agency agreement to be entered into and made between the Issuer, the Principal Paying Agent, the Trustee and the Agent Bank (the "Agency Agreement"), the loan agreement to be entered into between the Issuer and Britannic Money (the "Start-Up Loan"), the bank agreement to be entered into between, inter alios, the Issuer, The Royal Bank of Scotland plc ("RBS") and Barclays (the "Bank Agreement"), each interest swap rate agreement (each an "Interest Rate Swap" and together the "Interest Rate Swaps") to be entered into between the Issuer and JPMorgan Chase Bank, Barclays or any other entity which has a rating of at least P-1 by Moody's and A-1+ by S&P in respect of its short-term unsecured, unguaranteed and unsubordinated debt obligations (each a "Swap Counterparty" and together the "Swap Counterparties"), each interest rate cap (each an "Interest Rate Cap" and together the "Interest Rate Caps") provided by JPMorgan Chase Bank, Barclays or any other entity which has a rating of at least P-1 by Moody's and A-1+ by S&P in respect of its short-term unsecured, unquaranteed and unsubordinated debt obligations (each a "Cap Provider" and together the "Cap Providers"), each LIBOR-linked interest rate swap agreement (each a "LIBOR Swap" and together the "LIBOR Swaps") to be entered into and made between the Issuer and JPMorgan Chase Bank or any other entity which has a rating of at least P-1 by Moody's and A-1+ by S&P in respect of its short-term unsecured, unquaranteed and unsubordinated debt obligations (each a "LIBOR Swap Provider" and together, the "LIBOR Swap Providers"), each base rate swap (each a "Base Rate Swap" and together the "Base Rate Swaps") provided by any entity which has a rating of at least P-1 by Moody's and A-1+ by S&P in respect of its short-term unsecured, unguaranteed and unsubordinated debt obligations (each a "Base Rate Swap Provider" and together, the "Base Rate Swap Providers"), purchased by the Issuer on or around the Issue Date, the master definitions schedule to be entered into between, *inter alios*, the Issuer, the Servicer and the Trustee (the "Master Definitions Schedule"), and such other documents as are expressed to be subject to the charges under the Deed of Charge (all such documents together the "Transaction Documents");

- (iv) a first fixed equitable charge in favour of the Trustee over the Issuer's beneficial interest in the Trust Accounts, the Transaction Account and the Reserve Account (each as defined below), any other bank account of the Issuer from time to time and over the Permitted Investments (as defined below); and
- (v) a first floating charge in favour of the Trustee (ranking after the security referred to in (i) to (iv) above) over the whole of the undertaking, property, assets and rights of the Issuer.

(e) Priority of Payments Prior to Enforcement

On each Interest Payment Date, the monies standing to the credit of the Transaction Account (save for any monies standing to the credit of the Pre-Funded Ledger applied or to be applied in purchasing Pre-Funded Mortgages), the monies representing a credit balance in the Reserve Ledger (save that such monies may only be applied to meet items (i) to (vii) below)), the monies representing a credit balance in the Liquidity Reserve Ledger (save that monies may only be applied to meet items (i) to (vii) below), all monies advanced under the Redraw Facility (save that such monies may only be applied to purchase the right to repayment of Redraws under item (ix) below or to rollover existing advances under the Redraw Facility), any Threshold Amount Deposit (as defined below) made on the immediately preceding Determination Date, all amounts received from the Swap Counterparties and/or the Cap Providers and/or the LIBOR Swap Providers under any Interest Rate Swaps and/or Interest Rate Caps and/or any LIBOR Swaps, all amounts received from the Base Rate Swap Providers under any Base Rate Swaps, all amounts representing a credit balance in the Hedge Reserve transferred from the Reserve Account to the Transaction Account, all amounts representing a credit balance in the Base Rate Reserve transferred from the Reserve Account to the Transaction Account and all amounts representing a credit balance in the Discount Reserve transferred from the Reserve Account to the Transaction Account will, after making payment of or providing for Excluded Items (as defined below), until enforcement of the Security for the Notes, be applied (save as the payee may otherwise agree) in making the following payments or provisions in the following order of priority (the "Priority of Payments"):

- (i) to pay or provide for the remuneration payable to the Trustee and any fees, costs, charges, liabilities and expenses incurred by it under the provisions of the Trust Deed, the Deed of Charge and/or any of the Transaction Documents together with interest as provided in the Trust Deed, the Deed of Charge and/or any of the Transaction Documents;
- (ii) to pay or provide for amounts due and/or which will become due prior to the next Interest Payment Date to the Paying Agents and Agent Bank under the Agency Agreement;
- (iii) to pay or provide for *pari passu* and *pro rata* (a) amounts, including audit fees and company secretarial expenses (plus value added tax, if any), which are payable or expected to become due and payable by the Issuer on or after such Interest Payment Date by the Issuer to third parties and incurred without breach by the Issuer of its obligations under the Transaction Documents and not provided for payment elsewhere and (b) the Issuer's liability or possible liability for corporation tax;
- (iv) to pay or provide for the servicing fee payable to the Servicer on such Interest Payment Date (inclusive of value added tax, if any) together with costs and expenses which are payable or expected to become payable by the Servicer under the Servicing Agreement prior to the next Interest Payment Date;
- (v) to pay pro rata and pari passu:
 - (a) all amounts payable by the Issuer to the Swap Counterparties and/or the Base Rate Swap Providers and/or the LIBOR Swap Providers pursuant to the Interest Rate Swaps and/or the Base Rate Swaps and/or the LIBOR Swaps (other than in respect of termination payments following an event of default in respect of an Interest Rate Swap or a Base Rate Swap or a LIBOR Swap where the relevant Swap Counterparty or the relevant Base Rate Swap Provider or the relevant LIBOR Swap Provider is the defaulting party under the relevant Interest Rate Swap or, as the case may be, the relevant Base Rate Swap or, as the case may be, the relevant LIBOR Swap);

- (b) all amounts payable under the Redraw Facility other than in respect of principal; and
- (c) all amounts payable in respect of the Class A Notes other than in respect of principal on the Class A Notes;
- (vi) subject to an M Note Trigger Event not having occurred on that Interest Payment Date, to pay all amounts payable in respect of the Class M Notes other than in respect of principal on the Class M Notes;
- (vii) subject to a B Note Trigger Event not having occurred on that Interest Payment Date, to pay all amounts payable in respect of the Class B Notes other than in respect of principal on the Class B Notes;
- (viii) to credit all amounts, other than Principal Collections (as defined in Class B Condition 5(b)), to the Reserve Fund up to the Reserve Fund Required Amount;
- (ix) if a Liquidity Trigger Event has occurred and is continuing on the immediately preceding Determination Date, to credit the Liquidity Reserve up to the Liquidity Reserve Required Amount unless the Rating Agencies have confirmed that failure to make such credit will not adversely affect the then current rating of the Notes;
- (x) to pay for the purchase by the Issuer of the right to repayment of Redraws;
- (xi) to repay all principal amounts outstanding under the Redraw Facility;
- (xii) to fund the purchase by the Issuer of Further Advances up to an amount equal to the lower of (a) the Potential Redemption Amount less amounts in accordance with item (xi) above and (b) the aggregate amount of Redemptions received during the immediately preceding Collection Period less amounts in accordance with item (xi) above;
- (xiii) during the Substitution Period only, to fund the purchase by the Issuer of Further Mortgages up to an amount equal to the lower of (a) the Potential Redemption Amount less amounts applied in accordance with items (xi) and (xii) above, and (b) the aggregate amount of Redemptions received during the immediately preceding Collection Period less amounts applied in accordance with items (xi) and (xii) above;
- (xiv) to allocate an amount to be applied in redeeming the Notes equal to the greater of zero and the difference between (a) the Potential Redemption Amount (as defined in Class B Condition 5(b)) and (b) the sum of the amounts applied under items (xi), (xii) and (xiii);
- (xv) if an M Note Trigger Event occurs on such Interest Payment Date, to pay all amounts payable in respect of the Class M Notes other than in respect of principal on the Class M Notes;
- (xvi) if a B Note Trigger Event occurs on such Interest Payment Date, to pay all amounts payable in respect of the Class B Notes other than in respect of principal on the Class B Notes;
- (xvii) to credit *pari passu* and *pro rata* (a) the Base Rate Reserve up to the Base Rate Reserve Required Amount and (b) the Hedge Reserve up to the Hedge Reserve Required Amount;
- (xviii) to fund the purchase by the Issuer of hedges that may be required in order to preserve a rate at least equal to the Threshold Rate in respect of Pre-Funded Mortgages, Further Mortgages, Substitute Mortgages or Further Advances purchased on such Interest Payment Date;
- (xix) to credit the Discount Reserve in an amount equal to the aggregate Loan Expected Differentials arising from Discounts on Further Mortgages, Substitute Mortgages or Further Advances purchased on such Interest Payment Date;
- (xx) to make any termination payments payable to the Swap Counterparties or the Base Rate Swap Providers or the LIBOR Swap Providers pursuant to the Interest Rate Swaps or, as the case may be, the Base Rate Swaps or, as the case may be, the LIBOR Swaps following an event of default in respect of an Interest Rate Swap or, as the case may be, a Base Rate Swap or, as the case may be, a LIBOR Swap where the relevant Swap Counterparty or, as the case may be, the relevant Base Rate Swap Provider or, as the case may be, the relevant LIBOR Swap Provider is the defaulting party under the relevant Interest Rate Swap or, as the case may be, the Base Rate Swap or, as the case may be, the relevant LIBOR Swap;

and provided that there is no Principal Deficiency on such Interest Payment Date and that no Event of Default has occurred;

- (xxi) to pay amounts repayable to the Servicer in respect of any Threshold Amount Deposit which the Servicer elects to release;
- (xxii) to pay amounts payable in respect of the Start-Up Loan other than in respect of principal on the Start-Up Loan;
- (xxiii) to pay amounts payable in respect of principal under the Start-Up Loan;
- (xxiv) to pay sums due to the Standby Servicer as a standby servicer fee;
- (xxv) to pay *pari passu* and *pro rata* (a) sums due to Arianty as Arianty Deferred Purchase Consideration, (b) sums due to Britannic Money as Britannic Money Deferred Purchase Consideration and (c) sums due to First Active as First Active Deferred Purchase Consideration; and
- (xxvi) to make dividend payments to shareholders of the Issuer.

For the purposes of these Class B Conditions:

- "Arianty Deferred Purchase Consideration" means such sums as are paid to Arianty on each Interest Payment Date by way of deferred purchase consideration by the Issuer under the Mortgage Sale Agreement in respect of the Initial Mortgages and Further Mortgages.
- "Available Facility" means, in relation to the Redraw Facility, on each Interest Payment Date, an amount calculated as the difference between the Redraw Facility Limit and the aggregate amount of advances outstanding under the Redraw Facility which will not be repaid on such Interest Payment Date.
- "B Note Trigger Event" means the determination by the Servicer as at any Interest Payment Date on which Class A Notes or Class M Notes are outstanding that, on the assumption that a B Note Trigger Event does not occur, the application of funds in accordance with the Priority of Payments will give rise to a Principal Deficiency (as defined in Class B Condition 5(b) which exceeds the aggregate Principal Amount Outstanding of the Class B Notes on such Interest Payment Date.
- "Bank of England Base Rate" means the Bank of England repo rate set from time to time by the Monetary Policy Committee of the Bank of England.
- "Base Rate Linked Mortgages" means Mortgages which are subject to a variable rate of interest set by Britannic Money from time to time, which is linked to the Bank of England Base Rate.
- "Base Rate Reserve" means the amount recorded in a ledger (the "Base Rate Reserve Ledger") and held in the Reserve Account.
- "Base Rate Reserve Required Amount" means on the Issue Date and each Interest Payment Date thereafter an amount equal to 0.20% of the aggregate outstanding principal balances (including drawn and undrawn balances) of all Unhedged Base Rate Linked Mortgages.
- "Base Rate Swap" means any interest rate swap entered into with the Base Rate Swap Provider for the purpose of hedging some or all of the Base Rate Linked Mortgages in the Mortgage Pool.
- "Base Rate Swap Provider" means such person who from time to time enters into a Base Rate Swap with the Issuer.
- "Borrower Loan Limit" means the principal amount of a Borrower's loan which would have been outstanding at any time if the Borrower had only made the minimum monthly payment agreed with Britannic Money or First Active, as applicable (the "Minimum Monthly Payment") and had not made any Overpayments.
- "Borrower Mortgage Account" means each mortgage account held, from time to time, by a Borrower with Britannic Money or First Active, as applicable.
- "Britannic Money Deferred Purchase Consideration" means such sums as are paid to Britannic Money on each Interest Payment Date by way of deferred purchase consideration by the Issuer under the Mortgage Sale Agreement in respect of Further Advances.
- "Discount" means the discount below the Reference Rate applicable to a Discounted Mortgage at the relevant time.
- "Discounted Mortgage" means Mortgages which are at the relevant time subject to a discounted rate of interest for a specified period.
- "Discount Reserve" means the amount recorded in a ledger (the "Discount Reserve Ledger") and held in the Reserve Account.

- "Effective Interest Margin" means, in relation to Discounted Mortgages in the Mortgage Pool an amount determined as follows:
- (a) for each Standard Variable Rate Mortgage, the Threshold Margin less the Discount;
- (b) for each Base Rate Linked Mortgage, the margin of that Mortgage over Bank of England Base Rate less 0.15% (where such mortgage is not subject to a Base Rate Swap) less the Discount;
- (c) for each LIBOR Linked Mortgage, the margin of that Mortgage over LIBOR less the Discount.
- (d) for each Capped Mortgage which has been hedged relative to the Threshold Rate, the Threshold Margin less the Discount.
- (e) for each Fixed Rate Mortgage which has been swapped to the Threshold Rate, the Threshold Margin less the Discount.
- "Expected Differential" means an amount calculated in respect of each Discounted Mortgage and each Interest Period as the difference between the Threshold Margin and the Effective Interest Margin on such Discounted Mortgage, to the extent such difference is positive, multiplied by the outstanding principal balance in respect of such Discounted Mortgage as of the Interest Payment Date multiplied by the fraction of the actual number of days elapsed in the succeeding Interest Period in respect of a 365 day year (or a 366 day year if the last day of the relevant period falls in a leap year).
- "First Active Deferred Purchase Consideration" means such sums as are paid to First Active on each Interest Payment Date by way of deferred purchase consideration by the Issuer under the Mortgage Sale Agreement in respect of Further Advances.
- "Further Advances" means the additional funds advanced to a Borrower by Britannic Money or First Active, as applicable on the security of his/her Mortgage subject to the satisfaction of certain conditions.
- "Hedge Reserve" means the amount recorded in a ledger (the "Hedge Reserve Ledger") and held in the Reserve Account.
- "Hedge Reserve Required Amount" means (a) as at the Issue Date, the initial amount of Tranche C of the Start-Up Loan and (b) as at each Interest Payment Date, an amount equal to such amounts as are required to ensure that the Threshold Margin is maintained in respect of Capped Mortgages.
- "Investment Home Loans" means loans made to a Borrower to be used to remortgage or acquire properties to let to tenants or hold as an investment.
- "Liquidity Reserve" means the amount recorded in a ledger (the "Liquidity Reserve Ledger") and held in the Reserve Account.
- "Liquidity Reserve Required Amount" means, on any Interest Payment Date following a Liquidity Trigger Event, the amount (if any) which is 3% of the aggregate Principal Amount Outstanding of the Notes is minus the amount held as a credit balance in the Reserve Fund at such time.
- A "Liquidity Trigger Event" means the occurrence of an event where more than 15% of the aggregate principal balance of the Mortgages comprised in the Mortgage Pool on the immediately preceding Determination Date comprise Mortgages in respect of which there are arrears equal to or greater than an amount equal to the then current scheduled monthly payment due under the relevant Mortgage multiplied by three.
- "Overpayment" means the amount by which a payment made by a Borrower into his/her Borrower Mortgage Account exceeds the Minimum Monthly Payment.
- "Mortgage Pool" means the Initial Mortgages, any Pre-Funded Mortgages, Substitute Mortgages and Further Mortgages acquired by the Issuer under the Mortgage Sale Agreement together with any Further Advances and Redraws.
- "M Note Trigger Event" means the determination by the Servicer as at any Interest Payment Date on which Class A Notes are outstanding that, on the assumption that an M Note Trigger Event does not occur, the application of funds in accordance with the Priority of Payments will give rise to a Principal Deficiency (as defined in Class M Condition 5(b) which exceeds the aggregate Principal Amount Outstanding of the Class M Notes and the Class B Notes on such Interest Payment Date.
- "Owner Occupied Loans" means loans made to a Borrower to acquire property to be used as their primary place of residence.
- "Payment Holiday" means a Borrower's monthly payments being met by applying Overpayments not previously redrawn by way of capitalisation of such monthly payments.

"Permitted Investments" means investments in which the Servicer is entitled to invest from time to time under the terms of the Servicing Agreement.

"Potential Redraw Amount" means the amount which is capable of being redrawn by a Borrower under a Mortgage.

"Pre-Funded Ledger" means the ledger so entitled and held in the Transaction Account.

"Prepayments" means part principal repayments under a Mortgage where the Borrower Loan Limit does not change following repayment ahead of the repayment plan used by Britannic Money or First Active, as applicable to provide a baseline for the repayment of the Mortgage. For the avoidance of doubt, Prepayments do not include scheduled principal repayments.

"Receiver" means a receiver appointed by the Trustee under Clause 10 of the Deed of Charge.

"Redraw" means in respect of a Mortgage, a Payment Holiday or a redraw by the relevant Borrower of a portion of the principal of his/her Mortgage if and to the extent that such Borrower has previously made Prepayments on his/her Mortgage in excess of the scheduled principal repayments and has not previously redrawn the whole of such excess payments and provided that the amounts of such Redraw is limited to ensure that the outstanding balance of the Mortgage after such Redraw is no greater than the Borrower Loan Limit;

"Redraw Facility" means the sterling revolving credit facility made between the Issuer and the Redraw Facility Provider.

"Redraw Facility Limit" means, unless otherwise agreed between the Issuer, the Trustee, the Redraw Facility Provider and the Servicer and with the prior written confirmation of the Rating Agencies that the then current rating of the Notes will not be adversely affected, initially £25,000,000 and then, if on any Interest Payment Date falling in or after August 2005 the aggregate Potential Redraw Amount with respect to the Mortgages comprising the Mortgage Pool is less than 7.5% of the aggregate Principal Amount Outstanding of the Notes each as at the immediately preceding Interest Payment Date, the greater of (i) 5% of the aggregate Principal Amount Outstanding of the Notes as at such immediately preceding Interest Payment Date and (ii) £15,000,000.

"Reference Rate" means:

- (a) for each Standard Variable Rate Mortgage, Britannic Money's standard variable rate;
- (b) for each LIBOR Linked Mortgage, LIBOR plus the margin applicable to the relevant Mortgage as set out in the mortgage documentation entered into with the relevant Borrower;
- (c) for each Base Rate Linked Mortgage, Bank of England Base Rate, plus the margin applicable to the relevant Mortgage as set out in the mortgage documentation entered into with the relevant Borrower;
- (d) for each Capped Mortgage, the rate set out in the mortgage documentation entered into with the relevant Borrower;
- (e) for each Fixed Rate Mortgage, the rate set out in the mortgage documentation entered into with the relevant Borrower.

"Required Redraw Facility Provider Rating" means a short term unsecured unguaranteed and unsubordinated debt rating of P-1 by Moody's and A-1+ by S&P.

"Reserve Account" means an account in the name of the Issuer at Barclays (the "Account Bank") in which each of the Reserve Fund, the Base Rate Reserve, the Discount Reserve, the Hedge Reserve and, upon a Liquidity Trigger Event, the Liquidity Reserve is established.

"Reserve Fund" means the amount recorded in a ledger (the "Reserve Account") and held in the Reserve Account provided that (A) whilst there are Class A Notes outstanding, the Reserve Fund shall only be applied to pay interest on the Class M Notes to the extent that such drawing does not result in the amount standing to the credit of the Reserve Fund being less than the lower of (1) £3,000,000 and (2) the Principal Amount Outstanding of the Class A Notes and (B) whilst there are Class M Notes outstanding, the Reserve Fund shall only be applied to pay interest on the Class B Notes to the extent that such drawing does not result in the amount standing to the credit of the Reserve Fund being less than the lower of (1) £3,000,000 and (2) the aggregate Principal Amount Outstanding of the Class A Notes and the Class M Notes.

"Reserve Fund Required Amount" means, from and including the Issue Date to and excluding the first Interest Payment Date, £7,000,000 and thereafter, on each Interest Payment Date, the amount standing to the credit of the Reserve Fund on such Interest Payment Date (taking into account the application of

such monies as are available in accordance with item (viii) of the Priority of Payments) provided that the amount standing to the credit of the Reserve Fund on any Interest Payment Date does not exceed 1.7% of the aggregate Principal Amount Outstanding of the Notes as at the Issue Date.

"Secured Creditors" means each of the Trustee, the Noteholders, the Couponholders, the Servicer, the Redraw Facility Provider, the Start-Up Loan Provider, the GIC Provider, the Account Bank, the Cap Providers, the Swap Counterparties, the Base Rate Swap Providers, the LIBOR Swap Providers and the Principal Paying Agent.

"Substitution Period" means, the period commencing on (and including) the Issue Date and ending on the earlier of (i) the Interest Payment Date falling in July 2005, (ii) enforcement of the Security in accordance with Condition 10, (iii) removal of Britannic Money as Servicer in accordance with the Servicing Agreement (unless the Servicer is replaced by the Standby Servicer), (iv) the date on which the Notes are redeemed in full and (v) the date on which the Redraw Facility becomes fully drawn unless the Issuer elects to shorten the Substitution Period by giving 5 Business Days notice to the Trustee and the Servicer.

"Threshold Amount Deposit" means a deposit which may be paid into the Transaction Account on an Interest Payment Date which is equal to the amount by which the amount produced by multiplying the Threshold Rate with the aggregate outstanding balances of the Mortgages in the Mortgage Pool on such Interest Payment Date and the fraction of the actual number of days elapsed in the relevant Interest Period in respect of a 365 day year (or a 366 day year if the last day of the relevant period falls in a leap year) exceeds the sum of:

- (a) the aggregate of the annual rate of interest applicable on such Interest Payment Date to each Mortgage in the Mortgage Pool multiplied by the principal balance outstanding of such Mortgage on such Interest Payment Date multiplied by the fraction of the actual number of days elapsed in the relevant Interest Period in respect of a 365 day year (or a 366 day year if the last day of the relevant period falls in a leap year), plus
- (b) any amount expected to be transferred from the Hedge Reserve into the Transaction Account on the next following Interest Payment Date; plus
- (c) any amount expected to be transferred from the Base Rate Reserve into the Transaction Account on the next following Interest Payment Date; plus
- (d) any amount expected to be transferred from the Discount Reserve into the Transaction Account on the next following Interest Payment Date; plus
- (e) any amounts received in respect of Interest Rate Swaps, LIBOR Swaps, Base Rate Swaps and Interest Rate Caps,

(such amount not to be less than zero).

"Threshold Margin" means the figure expressed as a percentage resulting from the addition of (i) the average total principal balance of Owner Occupied Loans during the relevant Interest Period multiplied by 1% plus (ii) the average total principal balance of Investment Home Loans during the relevant Interest Period multiplied by 1.2%, all divided by the average total principal balance outstanding of all Mortgages during that Interest Period. The average total principal balance outstanding in any category of Loan for the purposes of the above calculation shall be calculated by reference to the total principal balance outstanding of such category of Loan on each day during the relevant Interest Period.

"Threshold Rate" means in respect of an Interest Period an annual rated LIBOR as determined in relation to the Notes for such Interest Period plus the Threshold Margin.

"Transaction Account" means account number 00736708 in the name of the Issuer at Barclays.

"Trust Accounts" means the accounts in the name of Britannic Money held at Barclays and RBS in to which payments are made in respect of amounts due and amounts received under the Mortgages.

"Unhedged Base Rate Linked Mortgages" means the aggregate outstanding principal balances of Base Rate Linked Mortgages less the total notional balances of all Base Rate Swaps.

Priority of Payments Post-Enforcement

(f) On enforcement of the Security, the Trustee is required, after making payment of or providing for Excluded Items, to apply moneys available for distribution in or towards the satisfaction of the following amounts in the following order or priority:

- (i) first, to pay the remuneration then due and payable to the Trustee and any fees, costs, charges, liabilities and expenses incurred by the Trustee or any receiver appointed by the Trustee under the provisions of the Trust Deed, the Deed of Charge and/or any of the Transaction Documents together with interest as provided in the Trust Deed, the Deed of Charge and/or any of the Transaction Documents;
- (ii) second, to pay the remuneration then due and payable to the Agent Bank and the Paying Agents and any fees, costs, charges, liabilities and expenses incurred by them or by the Account Bank under the Bank Agreement and/or any of the Transaction Documents together with interest as provided in the Trust Deed, the Deed of Charge and/or any of the Transaction Documents;
- (iii) third, to pay or provide for *pari passu* and *pro rata* (a) amounts including audit fees and company secretarial expenses (plus value added tax, if any), which are payable or expected to become due and payable by the Issuer to third parties and incurred without breach by the Issuer of its obligations under the Transaction Documents and not provided for payment elsewhere and (b) the Issuer's liability or possible liability for corporation tax;
- (iv) fourth, in or towards satisfaction of any fees due and payable to the Servicer and any costs, charges, expenses and liabilities incurred by the Servicer;
- (v) fifth, to pay *pari passu* and *pro rata* (a) all amounts due under the Interest Rate Swaps; (b) all amounts due under the Base Rate Swaps, (c) all amounts due under the LIBOR Swaps, (d) all amounts due under the Redraw Facility and (e) interest and principal and all other amounts due and payable in respect of the Class A Notes;
- (vi) sixth, to pay interest due and payable in respect of the Class M Notes and then principal and all other amounts due and payable in respect of the Class M Notes;
- (vii) seventh, to pay interest due and payable in respect of the Class B Notes and then principal and all other amounts due and payable in respect of the Class B Notes;
- (viii) eighth, to pay any interest and principal amounts due and payable under the Start-Up Loan;
- (ix) ninth, to pay *pro rata* and *pari passu* (a) sums due to Arianty as Arianty Deferred Purchase Consideration, (b) sums due to Britannic Money as Britannic Money Deferred Purchase Consideration and (c) sums due to First Active as First Active Deferred Purchase Consideration; and
- (x) tenth, to pay the surplus (if any) to the shareholders of the Issuer by way of dividends.

The Trustee cannot, while any of the Class B Notes are outstanding and there is no subsisting Event of Default under Class B Condition 9, enforce the Security on behalf of the Class B Noteholders, or any other Secured Creditor (whether or not requested to do so by the Class B Noteholders or such other Secured Creditor) under the Deed of Charge.

The Security will become enforceable upon the occurrence of an Event of Default (as defined in Class B Condition 9(a)) provided that, if the Security has become enforceable otherwise than by reason of a default in payment of any amount due on the Class B Notes or Class B Coupons, the Trustee will not be entitled to dispose of the assets comprised in the Security or any part thereof unless either a sufficient amount would be realised to allow discharge in full of all amounts owing to the Class B Noteholders and the Class B Couponholders or the Trustee is of the opinion, which shall be binding on the Class B Noteholders, the Class B Couponholders and the other Secured Creditors, reached after considering at any time and from time to time the advice of an investment bank or other financial adviser selected by the Trustee, that the cash flow prospectively receivable by the Issuer will not (or that there is a significant risk that it will not) be sufficient, having regard to any other relevant actual, contingent or prospective liabilities of the Issuer, to discharge in full in due course all amounts owing to the Class B Noteholders and the Class B Couponholders.

3. COVENANTS

Save with the prior written consent of the Trustee or as provided in or envisaged by any of the Trust Deed, the Deed of Charge, or any of the Transaction Documents (together the "**Documents**"), the Issuer shall not, so long as any Class A Note Class M Note or the Class B Note remains outstanding (as defined in the Trust Deed):

(a) Negative Pledge

create or permit to subsist any mortgage, standard security, pledge, lien (unless arising by operation of law) or charge upon the whole or any part of its assets, present or future (including any uncalled capital) or its undertaking;

(b) Restrictions on Activities

- (i) engage in any activity which is not incidental to any of the activities which the Documents provide or envisage that the Issuer will engage in; or
- (ii) have any subsidiaries or employees or premises;

(c) Disposal of Assets

transfer, convey, sell, lend, part with or otherwise dispose of, or deal with, or grant any option or present or future right to acquire any of its assets or undertakings or any interest, estate, right, title or benefit therein;

(d) Equitable Interest

permit any person other than the Issuer, the Trustee and Britannic Money or First Active (in relation to any Redraws and Further Advances funded by either of them) to have any equitable or beneficial interest in any of its assets or undertakings or any interest, estate, right, title or benefit therein;

(e) Bank Accounts

have an interest in any bank account, other than the Trust Accounts and the bank accounts maintained pursuant to the Bank Agreement or the Guaranteed Investment Contract;

(f) Dividends or Distributions

pay any dividend or make any other distribution to its shareholders or issue any further shares other than pursuant to the Priority of Payments;

(g) Borrowings

incur any indebtedness in respect of borrowed money whatsoever or give any guarantee or indemnity in respect of any obligation of any person;

(h) Merger

consolidate or merge with any other person or convey or transfer its properties or assets substantially as an entirety to any other person;

(i) Surrender of Group Relief

offer or consent to surrender to any company any amounts which are available for surrender by way of group relief within Chapter IV of Part X of the Income and Corporation Taxes Act 1988 unless the Issuer first receives by way of consideration for such surrender the payment of an amount calculated by applying to the amount surrendered the rate of corporation tax applicable to the Issuer at the time of surrender;

(i) Other

permit the validity or effectiveness of any of the Documents, the Insurance Contracts relating to the Mortgages owned by the Issuer or the priority of the security interests created thereby to be amended, terminated or discharged, or consent to any variation of, or exercise of, any powers of consent or waiver pursuant to the terms of the Trust Deed, these Class B Conditions or any of the Documents, or permit any party to any of the Documents or Insurance Contracts or any other person whose obligations form part of the Security to be released from such obligations, or dispose of any Mortgage save as envisaged in the Documents.

If the Issuer does not cease to be a member of the value added tax group which on 1 May 2002 otherwise comprised Arianty No. 1 plc, Arianty No. 2 plc, Arianty Holdings Limited, Arianty Services Limited and First Flexible No. 4 plc for the purposes of Section 43 of the Value Added Tax Act 1994 (or for the purposes of any act, regulation, order, statutory instrument or directive which, from time to time, may re-enact, replace, amend, vary, codify, consolidate or repeal the Value Added Tax Act 1994) (the "VAT Group"), the Issuer covenants to take such steps as may be

required so that the then current ratings of each Class of Notes will not be adversely affected by the Issuer's continued membership of the VAT Group.

The Issuer will procure that no company, which was not a member of the VAT Group on 1 May 2002, will become a member of such group before the Relevant Date.

The "Relevant Date" shall be the later of 31 August 2002 and the day after such date on which the Issuer ceases to be a member of the VAT Group.

In giving any consent to the foregoing, the Trustee may require the Issuer to make such modifications or additions to the provisions of any of the Documents or may impose such other conditions or requirements as the Trustee may deem expedient (in its absolute discretion) in the interests of the Class A Noteholders, the Class M Noteholders and the Class B Noteholders.

4. INTEREST

(a) Period of Accrual

The Class B Note bears interest from (and including) the Issue Date. Each Class B Note shall cease to bear interest from its due date for redemption unless, upon due presentation, payment of the relevant amount of principal is improperly withheld or refused. In such event, interest will continue to accrue thereon in accordance with this Class B Condition (as well after as before any judgment) up to (but excluding) the date on which all sums due in respect of such Class B Note up to that day are received by or on behalf of the relevant Class B Noteholder, or (if earlier) the seventh day after notice is duly given by the Principal Paying Agent to the holder thereof (in accordance with Class B Condition 14) that it has received all sums due in respect of such Class B Note (except to the extent that there is any subsequent default in payment).

Whenever it is necessary to compute an amount of interest in respect of any Class B Note for any period (including any Interest Period (as defined below)), such interest shall be calculated on the basis of actual days elapsed in a 365 day year or a 366 day year if the last day of such period falls in a leap year.

(b) Interest Payment Dates and Interest Periods

Interest on the Class B Notes is payable monthly in arrear on the first day of each calendar month in each year (or, if such day is not a Business Day, the immediately succeeding Business Day) (each such day an "Interest Payment Date") save for the first payment of interest which will be made in respect of the period commencing on (and including) the Issue Date and ending on (but excluding) the Interest Payment Date falling in August 2002. The period from (and including) an Interest Payment Date (or the Issue Date in respect of the first Interest Payment Date) to (but excluding) the next following (or first) Interest Payment Date is called an "Interest Period" in these Class B Conditions and "Business Day" shall in these Class B Conditions mean a day (other than a Saturday or Sunday) on which banks are open for business in the City of London.

(c) Rate of Interest

The rate of interest payable from time to time in respect of the Class B Notes (each a "Rate of Interest") and the relevant Interest Amount (as defined in paragraph (d) below) will be determined on the basis of the provisions set out below:

(i) on each Interest Payment Date or, in the case of the first Interest Period, on the Issue Date (each an "Interest Determination Date") the Agent Bank will determine the offered quotation to leading banks in the London interbank market for one month sterling deposits (or, in the case of the first Interest Period, such rate shall be obtained by linear interpolation of the rate for one month and two month sterling deposits) by reference to the display designated as the British Bankers Association's Interest Settlement Rate as quoted on the Dow Jones/Telerate Monitor Telerate Screen No. 3750 (or (aa) such other page as may replace Telerate Screen No. 3750 on that service for the purpose of displaying such information or (bb) if that service ceases to display such information, such page as displays such information on such service (or, if more than one, that one previously approved in writing by the Trustee) as may replace the Dow Jones/Telerate Monitor) as at or about 11:00 a.m. (London time) on that date (the "Screen Rate"). If the Screen Rate is unavailable, the Agent Bank will request the principal London office of each of the Reference Banks (as defined in paragraph (h) below) to provide the Agent Bank with its offered quotation as at or about 11:00 a.m. (London time) on that date to leading banks for one month sterling

deposits (or, in relation to the first Interest Period, one month and two month sterling deposits and a linear interpolation between such rates). The Rate of Interest for such Interest Period shall, subject as provided below, be the Relevant Margin (as defined below) above the Screen Rate or, as the case may be, above the arithmetic mean (rounded if necessary to the nearest 0.0001%, 0.00005% being rounded upwards) of the quotations of three out of five quoting Reference Banks (excluding, if all five quotations are not the same, the Reference Bank with the highest and the Reference Bank with the lowest such quotations) but, if more than one of either or both, only one of the Reference Banks with the highest and/or, as the case may be, only one of the Reference Banks with the lowest such quotations;

- (ii) if, on the relevant Interest Determination Date, the Screen Rate is unavailable and only four of the Reference Banks provide such quotations, the Rate of Interest for the relevant Interest Period shall be determined (in accordance with (i) above) on the basis of two out of the four quoting Reference Banks (excluding two on the basis set out in (i) above);
- (iii) if, on the relevant Interest Determination Date, the Screen Rate is unavailable and only two or three of the Reference Banks provide such quotations, the Rate of Interest for the relevant Interest Period shall be determined (in accordance with (i) above) on the basis of the quotations of all the quoting Reference Banks (without any exclusion as referred to in (i) above);
- (iv) if, on the relevant Interest Determination Date, the Screen Rate is unavailable and only one or none of the Reference Banks provides such a quotation, then the Rate of Interest for the relevant Interest Period shall be the Reserve Interest Rate. The "Reserve Interest Rate" shall be the rate per annum which the Agent Bank determines to be either (aa) the Relevant Margin above the arithmetic mean (rounded if necessary to the nearest 0.0001%, 0.00005% being rounded upwards) of the sterling lending rates which leading banks in London (selected by the Agent Bank in its absolute discretion) are quoting, as at or about 11:00 a.m. (London time) on the relevant Interest Determination Date, for the relevant Interest Period to the Reference Banks or those of them (being at least two in number) to which such quotations are in the sole opinion of the Agent Bank being so made or (bb) if the Agent Bank certifies that it cannot determine such arithmetic mean, the Relevant Margin above the lowest of the sterling lending rates which leading banks in London (selected by the Agent Bank in its absolute discretion) are quoting on the relevant Interest Determination Date, to the leading banks which have their head offices in London for the relevant Interest Period provided that if the Agent Bank certifies as aforesaid and further certifies that none of the banks selected as provided in (b) above is quoting to leading banks as aforesaid, then the Reserve Interest Rate shall be the Rate of Interest in effect for the Interest Period ending on the relevant Interest Determination Date.

For the purpose of the Class B Conditions the "Relevant Margin" shall be 1.70% per annum for each Interest Period up to and including the Interest Payment Date falling in July 2009 (the "Coupon Step Up Date") and thereafter 2.70% per annum.

(d) Determination of Rates of Interest and Calculation of Interest Amounts

The Agent Bank shall, on each Interest Determination Date, determine and notify the Issuer, the Servicer, the Trustee and the Paying Agents of (i) the Rate of Interest applicable to the Interest Period beginning on and including such Interest Determination Date in respect of the Class B Notes and (ii) the sterling amount (the "Interest Amount") payable in respect of such Interest Period in respect of the Principal Amount Outstanding (as defined in Class B Condition 5(c)).

(e) Publication of Rate of Interest, Interest Amount and other Notices

As soon as practicable after receiving notification thereof, the Issuer will cause the Rate of Interest and the Interest Amount applicable to the Class B Notes for each Interest Period and the Interest Payment Date falling at the end of such Interest Period to be notified to each stock exchange (if any) (including, for as long as the Notes are admitted to the Official List, the UK Listing Authority) on which the Class B Notes are then listed and will cause notice thereof to be given to the relevant Class B Noteholders in accordance with Class B Condition 14. The Interest Amount and Interest Payment Date so notified may subsequently be amended (or appropriate alternative arrangements made by way of adjustment) without notice in the event of any extension or shortening of the Interest Period.

(f) Determination or Calculation by Trustee

If the Agent Bank does not at any time for any reason determine the Rate of Interest and/or calculate the Interest Amount for any Class B Notes in accordance with the foregoing paragraphs, the Trustee shall (i) determine the Rate of Interest at such rate as, in its absolute discretion (having such regard as it shall think fit to the procedure described above), it shall deem fair and reasonable in all the circumstances and/or (as the case may be) (ii) calculate the Interest Amount for the Class B Notes in the manner specified in paragraph (c) above, and any such determination and/or calculation shall be deemed to have been made by the Agent Bank.

(q) Notifications to be Final

All notifications, opinions, determinations, certificates, calculations, quotations and decisions given, expressed, made or obtained for the purposes of this Class B Condition, whether by the Reference Banks (or any of them) or the Agent Bank or the Trustee shall (in the absence of wilful default, bad faith or manifest error) be binding on the Issuer, the Servicer, the Reference Banks, the Agent Bank, the Trustee and all Class B Noteholders and Class B Couponholders and (in which absence as aforesaid) no liability to the Servicer, the Class B Noteholders or Class B Couponholders shall attach to the Issuer, the Reference Banks, the Agent Bank or the Trustee in connection with the exercise or non-exercise by them or any of them of their powers, duties and discretions hereunder.

(h) Reference Banks and Agent Bank

The Issuer shall ensure that, so long as any of the Class B Notes remains outstanding, there shall at all times be five reference banks (the "Reference Banks") and an Agent Bank. The initial Agent Bank shall be JPMorgan Chase Bank. In the event of the principal London office of any such bank being unable or unwilling to continue to act as a Reference Bank or in the event of JPMorgan Chase Bank, being unwilling to act as the Agent Bank, the Issuer shall appoint such other bank as may be previously approved in writing by the Trustee to act as such in its place. The Agent Bank may not resign until a successor approved by the Trustee has been appointed.

5. REDEMPTION AND CANCELLATION

(a) Final Redemption

Unless previously redeemed as provided in this Class B Condition, the Issuer shall redeem the Class B Notes at their Principal Amount Outstanding (as defined below) on the Interest Payment Date falling in June 2034 (the "Final Redemption Date").

The Issuer may not redeem Class B Notes in whole or in part prior to that date except as provided in paragraphs (b), (d), (e) or (f) of this Class B Condition but without prejudice to Class B Condition 9.

(b) Mandatory Redemption in Part

Subject as provided below, the principal amount redeemable in respect of each Class B Note on an Interest Payment Date (the "Actual Redemption Amount") shall be the Class B Redemption Amount on such Interest Payment Date divided by the number of Class B Notes outstanding on the relevant Interest Payment Date (rounded down to the nearest penny); provided always that no such Actual Redemption Amount may exceed the Principal Amount Outstanding of the relevant Class B Note.

For the purposes of these Class B Conditions:

"Borrower Loan Limit" means the principal amount of a Borrower's loan which would have been outstanding at any time if the Borrower had only made its minimum monthly payments due under the relevant loan and had not made any additional payments or overpayments.

"Collection Period" means the period beginning on (and including) a Determination Date (save for the first Collection Period which shall begin on (and include) the Issue Date) and ending on the day immediately preceding the next following Determination Date.

"Couponholders" means together the Class B Couponholders, the holders of the coupons attached to the Class A Notes and the holders of the coupons attached to the Class M Notes.

"Determination Date" means the day which is eight Business Days prior to an Interest Payment Date.

[&]quot;Excluded Items" means

- (a) certain moneys which properly belong to third parties (such as monies owing to any party in respect of reimbursement for direct debit recalls);
- (b) on the Interest Payment Date following the Issue Date, amounts payable to Arianty under the Mortgage Sale Agreement in respect of reconciliations of the amounts paid in respect of the purchase of the Mortgages on the Issue Date; and
- (c) where the Issuer is unable to purchase the right to repayment of Redraws made with respect to one or more Mortgages on any Interest Payment Date (such Redraws continuing to be funded by Britannic Money or First Active, as applicable on the basis that the Issuer holds each relevant Mortgage on trust for itself and Britannic Money or First Active, as applicable, each party's interest being proportionate to the funding provided by it), the aggregate of Britannic Money's or First Active's, applicable, *pro rata* share of amounts received in respect of each such Mortgage during the immediately preceding Collection Period.

"Noteholders" means together the Class B Noteholders, the holders of the Class A Notes and the holders of the Class M Notes.

"Potential Redemption Amount" will be determined on each Determination Date as follows:

- (a) the aggregate amount of Redemptions, Prepayments, enforcement proceeds, recoveries and insurance proceeds received (to the extent they relate to principal) during the immediately preceding Collection Period ending in respect of the Mortgages ("Principal Collections"); plus
- (b) principal losses realised upon completion of the enforcement and recovery process in relation to the Mortgages during the immediately preceding Collection Period; plus
- (c) an amount equal to the Principal Deficiency recorded on the previous Determination Date; less
- (d) the aggregate principal amount of Redraws the right to repayment of which are to be purchased by the Issuer on the immediately succeeding Interest Payment Date, less
- (e) the amount by which the aggregate principal amount outstanding under the Redraw Facility is expected to increase on the immediately succeeding Interest Payment Date as a result of the purchase of Redraws,

provided that the Potential Redemption Amount shall never be less than zero.

"Redemptions" means scheduled principal payments plus full and part principal payments (including enforcement and insurance proceeds) under a Mortgage where the Borrower Loan Limit (as defined above) irrevocably reduces as a result of repayment ahead of the repayment plan used by Britannic Money or First Active, as applicable, to provide a baseline for the repayment of the Mortgage.

"Prepayments" means part principal repayments under a Mortgage where the Borrower Loan Limit does not change following prepayment ahead of the repayment plan used by Britannic Money or First Active, as applicable to provide a baseline for the repayment of the Mortgage.

The amount allocated for redemption of the Notes under item (xiv) of the Priority of Payments (the "Redemption Amount") will be divided into a "Class A Redemption Amount", a "Class M Redemption Amount" and a "Class B Redemption Amount". During a Class M Principal Lock Out, the Class A Redemption Amount will equal the Redemption Amount and the Class M Redemption Amount and the Class B Redemption Amount will be zero. During a Class B Principal Lock Out, the Redemption Amount will be divided between the Class A Redemption Amount and the Class M Redemption Amount (on a *pro rata* basis and subject to a Class M Principal Lock Out not having occurred) and the Class B Redemption Amount will be zero.

A "Class M Principal Lock Out" shall occur on any Interest Payment Date (i) during the period up to (and including) the earlier of the Interest Payment Date on which all Class A Notes are redeemed in full and the Interest Payment Date falling five years after the end of the Substitution Period (the "Class M Principal Lock Out Period"), (ii) where on such Interest Payment Date the sum of the Reserve Fund, the aggregate Principal Amount Outstanding (as defined in Condition 5 of the Class M Conditions) of the Class M Notes and the aggregate Principal Amount Outstanding (as defined in Condition 5 of the Class B Conditions) of the Class B Notes as a percentage of the sum of the aggregate Principal Amount Outstanding of the Class A Notes, Class M Notes and Class B Notes is not at least twice that same percentage as at the Issue Date, (iii) where a Principal Deficiency exists on such Interest Payment Date (iv) where the aggregate principal balance of Mortgages in respect of which there are arrears of an amount greater than £100 is greater than 2.5% of the then aggregate principal balance of the Mortgages comprised in the Mortgage Pool, in each case as at the immediately preceding Determination Date, and (v) where the sum of the Principal Amount Outstanding of the Class M Notes and the Principal Amount

Outstanding of the Class B Notes on such Interest Payment Date is less than two times the principal balance of the largest Mortgage or group of Mortgages in the name of a single Borrower as at the immediately preceding Determination Date.

A "Class B Principal Lock Out" shall occur on any Interest Payment Date (i) during the period up to (and including) the earlier of the Interest Payment Date on which all Class A Notes and Class M Notes are redeemed in full and the Interest Payment Date falling five years after the end of the Substitution Period (the "Class B Principal Lock Out Period"), (ii) where on such Interest Payment Date the sum of the Reserve Fund and the aggregate Principal Amount Outstanding (as defined in Condition 5 of the Class B Conditions) of the Class B Notes as a percentage of the sum of the aggregate Principal Amount Outstanding of the Class A Notes, the Class M Notes and the Class B Notes is not at least twice that same percentage as at the Issue Date, (iii) where a Principal Deficiency exists on such Interest Payment Date, (iv) where the aggregate principal balance of Mortgages in respect of which there are arrears of an amount greater than £100 is greater than 2.5% of the then aggregate principal balance of the Mortgages comprised in the Mortgage Pool, in each case as at the immediately preceding Determination Date, and (v) where the Principal Amount Outstanding of the Class B Notes on such Interest Payment Date is less than two times the principal balance of the largest Mortgage or group of Mortgages in the name of a single Borrower as at the immediately preceding Determination Date.

If no Class M Principal Lock Out and no Class B Principal Lock Out applies on an Interest Payment Date and there are Class A Notes outstanding, the Redemption Amount will be divided between the Class A Redemption Amount, the Class M Redemption Amount and the Class B Redemption Amount in such amounts as would maintain the then current ratio of Class A Notes to Class M Notes to Class B Notes. If on any Interest Payment Date there are no Class A Notes outstanding, the Redemption Amount will be divided between the Class M Redemption Amount (subject to a Class M Principal Lock Out not having occurred) and the Class B Redemption Amount (subject to a Class B Principal Lock Out not having occurred) in such amounts as would maintain the then current ratio of the Class M Notes to the Class B Notes. If on any Interest Payment Date there are no Class A Notes or Class M Notes outstanding, the Class B Redemption Amount shall equal the whole of the Redemption Amount.

"Principal Deficiency" means the amount calculated on each Determination Date by deducting from the "Liabilities" expected to exist as at close of business on the immediately succeeding Interest Payment Date the "Assets" expected to exist as at close of business on the immediately succeeding Interest Payment Date (after having made all payments in accordance with the Priority of Payments).

where "Liabilities" means:

- (a) the aggregate Principal Amount Outstanding of the Notes on the last date of the immediately preceding Collection Period; less
- (b) the amount allocated in the Priority of Payments to redemption of the Notes under item (xiv) on the immediately succeeding Interest Payment Date; plus
- (c) the aggregate principal amount outstanding under the Redraw Facility on the last day of the immediately preceding Collection Period; plus
- (d) the amount by which the aggregate principal amount outstanding under the Redraw Facility is expected to increase on the immediately succeeding Interest Payment Date as a result of the purchase of the right to repayment of Redraws; less
- (e) the amount allocated in the Priority of Payments to repayment of principal amounts outstanding under the Redraw Facility under item (xi) on the immediately succeeding Interest Payment Date; and

"Assets" means:

- (a) the aggregate outstanding principal balances of the Mortgages (including amounts receivable in respect of claims under property related insurance policies) on the last day of the immediately preceding Collection Period; plus
- (b) the aggregate principal amount of the Redraws the right to repayment of which are to be purchased on the immediately succeeding Interest Payment Date; plus
- (c) the amount, if any, allocated in the Priority of Payments to credit the Liquidity Reserve up to the Liquidity Reserve Required Amount under item (ix) on the immediately succeeding Interest Payment Date plus the amount already standing to the credit of the Liquidity Reserve on such date; plus

- (d) the amount allocated in the Priority of Payments to purchase Further Advances under item (xii) on the immediately succeeding Interest Payment Date; plus
- (e) the amount allocated in the Priority of Payments to purchase Further Mortgages under item (xiii) on the immediately succeeding Interest Payment Date, plus
- (f) the amount standing to the credit of the Pre-Funded Ledger,

provided that the Principal Deficiency shall never be less than zero.

In connection with such redemption, the Servicer will on each Determination Date, pursuant to the Servicing Agreement, determine the Potential Redemption Amount, the Class A Redemption Amount, the Class M Redemption Amount and the Class B Redemption Amount.

No Class B Note may be redeemed in whole or in part until the Class A Notes and the Class M Notes have been redeemed in full.

(c) Class B Note Principal Payments, Principal Amount Outstanding and Pool Factor

On (or as soon as practicable after) each Determination Date, the Issuer shall determine (or cause the Servicer to determine) (i) the amount of any Actual Redemption Amount due in respect of each Class B Note on the Interest Payment Date next following such Determination Date, (ii) the principal amount outstanding of each Class B Note on the Interest Payment Date next following such Determination Date (after deducting any Actual Redemption Amount due to be made in respect of that Class B Note on that Interest Payment Date) (the "**Principal Amount Outstanding**") and (iii) the fraction expressed as a decimal to the sixth point (the "**Pool Factor**"), of which the numerator is the Principal Amount Outstanding of a Class B Note (as referred to in (ii) above) and the denominator is £10,000. Each determination by or on behalf of the Issuer of any Actual Redemption Amount of a Class B Note, the Principal Amount Outstanding of a Class B Note and the Pool Factor shall in each case (in the absence of wilful default, bad faith or manifest error) be final and binding on all persons.

The Principal Amount Outstanding of a Class B Note on any date shall be £10,000 less the aggregate amount of all Actual Redemption Amounts in respect of such Class B Note that have become due and payable since the Issue Date on or prior to such date (whether or not paid).

With respect to the Class B Notes, the Issuer will cause each determination of an Actual Redemption Amount, Principal Amount Outstanding and Pool Factor to be notified forthwith to the Trustee, the Paying Agents, the Agent Bank and (for so long as the Class B Notes are admitted to trading on the London Stock Exchange's market for listed securities) the London Stock Exchange, and will immediately cause notice of each determination of an Actual Redemption Amount, Principal Amount Outstanding and Pool Factor to be given in accordance with Class B Condition 14 by not later than two business days prior to the relevant Interest Payment Date. If no Actual Redemption Amount is due to be made on the Class B Notes on any Interest Payment Date a notice to this effect will be given by or on behalf of the Issuer to the Class B Noteholders in accordance with Class B Condition 14.

If the Issuer does not at any time for any reason determine (or cause the Servicer to determine) with respect to the Class B Notes an Actual Redemption Amount, the Principal Amount Outstanding or the Pool Factor in accordance with the preceding provisions of this paragraph, such Actual Redemption Amount, Principal Amount Outstanding and Pool Factor may be determined by the Trustee in accordance with this paragraph and each such determination or calculation shall be deemed to have been made by the Issuer. Any such determination shall be binding on the Issuer, the Servicer, the Class B Noteholders and the Class B Couponholders.

(d) Optional Redemption

On the Interest Payment Date falling in July 2009 or on any Interest Payment Date falling thereafter and upon giving not more than 30 nor less than 20 days' notice to the Trustee and the Noteholders in accordance with Class B Condition 14, the Issuer may redeem all (but not some only of) the Notes at their Principal Amount Outstanding together with accrued interest thereon provided that, prior to giving any such notice, the Issuer shall have provided to the Trustee a certificate signed by two directors of the Issuer to the effect that it will have the funds, not subject to any interest of any other person, required to redeem the Notes as aforesaid.

On any Interest Payment Date on which the aggregate Principal Amount Outstanding of the Notes is equal to or less than 10% of the aggregate principal amount of such Notes at the time such Notes

were issued, and upon giving not more than 30 nor less than 20 days notice to the Trustee and the Noteholders, the Issuer may redeem all (but not some only of) the Notes at their Principal Amount Outstanding together with accrued interest provided that prior to giving any such notice, the Issuer shall have provided the Trustee with a certificate signed by two directors of the Issuer to the effect that it will have the funds, not subject to any interest of any other person, required to redeem the Notes as aforesaid.

(e) Optional Redemption for Tax Reasons

If the Issuer at any time satisfies the Trustee immediately prior to the giving of the notice referred to below that (i) on the next Interest Payment Date the Issuer or any Paying Agent would be required to deduct or withhold from any payment of principal or interest on the Notes any amount for or on account of any present or future taxes, duties, assessments or governmental charges of whatever nature and wherever imposed, levied, collected, withheld or assessed, or (ii) the total amount payable in respect of interest in relation to any of the Mortgages during an Interest Period ceases to be receivable (whether or not actually received) by the Issuer during such Interest Period, or (iii) the Issuer would, by virtue of a change in the law (or the application or officially published interpretation thereof) not be entitled to relief for United Kingdom tax purposes for any material amount which is currently relievable and which it is obliged to pay under the Transaction Documents, then the Issuer may, having given not more than 30 nor less than 20 days' notice to the Trustee and the Noteholders in accordance with Class B Condition 14, redeem all (but not some only) of the Notes on any Interest Payment Date at their Principal Amount Outstanding provided together with interest accrued thereon provided that, prior to giving any such notice, the Issuer shall have provided to the Trustee: (a) a certificate signed by two directors of the Issuer to the effect that it will have the funds, not subject to the interest of any other person, required to redeem the Notes as aforesaid and (b) a legal opinion (in form and substance satisfactory to the Trustee) from a firm of lawyers in England (approved in writing by the Trustee) opining on the relevant event. Any certificate and legal opinion given by or on behalf of the Issuer may be relied on by the Trustee and shall be conclusive and binding on the Noteholders and Couponholders.

(f) Other Reasons

The Issuer may, at its option, upon giving not more than 30 nor less than 20 days notice to the Trustee and the Noteholders redeem all of the Class B Notes (provided that all Class A Notes and all Class M Notes have been redeemed in full) at their Principal Amount Outstanding together with interest accrued thereon on the second Interest Payment Date after any Determination Date on which it is determined that the aggregate amount of Redraws made by Borrowers during the Collection Period then ending exceeds the sum of (a) the Principal Collections available for the purpose of purchasing the right to repayment of Redraws in accordance with the Priority of Payments and (b) the lower of (i) the Available Facility under the Redraw Facility and (ii) the aggregate Principal Amount Outstanding of the Notes.

(g) Notice of Redemption

Any such notice as is referred to in paragraph (d), (e) or (f) above shall be irrevocable and, upon the expiration of such notice, the Issuer shall be bound to redeem the Class B Notes at their Principal Amount Outstanding together with interest accrued thereon.

(h) Purchase

The Issuer shall not purchase any Class B Notes or Class B Coupons.

(i) Cancellation

All Class B Notes redeemed pursuant to paragraphs (d), (e) or (f) above will be cancelled upon redemption, together with any unmatured Class B Coupons appertaining thereto and attached thereto or surrendered therewith, and may not be resold or re-issued.

(j) Principal Deficiencies

If on the Interest Payment Date falling in June 2034 or on any prior date after the assets of the Issuer have been exhausted there is a debit balance on the Principal Deficiency Ledger (as defined above) (after taking account of any entries required to be made thereon on such Interest Payment Date and any credit balance in the Reserve Account (the "Adjusted Principal Deficiency")), then notwithstanding any other provision of these Class B Conditions the principal amount payable on redemption of each Class B Note shall be its Principal Amount Outstanding on that date, less the

Principal Deficiency (as defined below) applicable to that Class B Note on that date on payment of which the obligations of the Issuer under the relevant Class B Note shall be discharged in full.

6. PAYMENTS

- (a) Payments of principal in respect of the Class B Notes will be made against presentation of the Class B Notes at the specified office of any Paying Agent. Payments of interest in respect of the Class B Notes will (subject as provided in paragraphs (c) and (d) below) be made only against presentation and surrender of the Class B Coupons at the specified office of any Paying Agent. Payments will be made in sterling at the specified office of any Paying Agent by sterling cheque drawn on, or, at the option of the holder, by transfer to a sterling account maintained by the payee with, a branch of a bank in London.
- (b) Payments of principal and interest in respect of the Class B Notes are subject in all cases to any fiscal or other laws and regulations applicable thereto.
- (c) Upon the date on which any Class B Note becomes due and payable in full, unmatured Class B Coupons appertaining thereto (whether or not attached to such Class B Note) shall become void and no payment or, as the case may be, exchange shall be made in respect thereof. If the due date for redemption of any Class B Note is not an Interest Payment Date, accrued interest will be paid only against presentation and surrender of such Class B Note.
- (d) If payment of principal is improperly withheld or refused on or in respect of any Class B Note or part thereof, the interest which continues to accrue in respect of such Class B Note in accordance with Class B Condition 4(a) will be paid against presentation of such Class B Note at the specified office of any Paying Agent.
- (e) The initial Principal Paying Agent and its initial specified office is listed at the end of these Class B Conditions. The Issuer reserves the right, subject to the prior written approval of the Trustee, at any time to vary or terminate the appointment of the Principal Paying Agent and to appoint additional or other Paying Agents. The Issuer will at all times maintain a paying agent with a specified office in London and, if the conclusions of the ECOFIN Council meeting of 26-27 November 2000 are implemented by any European Union Directive on the taxation of savings income, in any EU member state that will not be obliged to withhold or deduct tax pursuant to such Directive. The Issuer will cause at least 30 days' notice of any change in or addition to the Paying Agents or their specified offices to be given in accordance with Class B Condition 14.
- (f) If any Class B Coupon or Class B Note is presented for payment on a day which is not a Business Day, no further payments of additional amounts by way of interest, principal or otherwise shall be due in respect of such Class B Coupon or, as the case may be, such Class B Note.
- (g) On or after the Interest Payment Date for the final Coupon forming part of any Coupon sheet, the Class B Talon forming part of such Coupon sheet may be surrendered at any specified office of the Paying Agent in exchange for a further Coupon sheet (including a further talon but excluding any Coupons which shall have become void).
- (h) If a Paying Agent makes a partial payment in respect of any Class B Note presented to it for payment, such Paying Agent will endorse on the grid endorsed on such Class B Note (in respect of payments of principal) a statement indicating the amount and date of such payment.
- (i) If on any Interest Payment Date (other than the Final Redemption Date) the aggregate funds (if any) available to the Issuer for application in or towards the payment of interest due on the Class B Notes are not sufficient to satisfy in full the aggregate amount of interest which would, but for this paragraph (i) otherwise be payable on the Class B Notes on such Interest Payment Date, then notwithstanding any other provision of these Conditions, there shall be payable on the Class B Notes on such Interest Payment Date, by way of interest on each Class B Note a *pro rata* share of such aggregate funds calculated by reference to the ratio borne by the then Principal Amount Outstanding of such Class B Note to the then Principal Amount Outstanding of all Class B Notes and the amount of the shortfall will not be regarded as due until the earliest Interest Payment Date thereafter in respect of which funds are available to the Issuer to pay such amounts.

In any such event, the Issuer shall create a provision in its accounts for the shortfall equal to the amount by which the aggregate amount of interest paid on the Class B Notes on any Interest Payment Date in accordance with this Condition falls short of the aggregate amount of interest which would otherwise be payable on the Class B Notes on the date pursuant to Condition 4. Such shortfall shall accrue interest during each Interest Period during which it remains outstanding at

the Rate of Interest for such Interest Period and a *pro rata* share of such shortfall calculated by reference to the ratio borne by the then Principal Amount Outstanding of each Class B Note and accrued interest thereof shall be aggregated within the amount of, and treated for the purpose of this Condition as if it were, interest due on each Class B Note on the next succeeding Interest Payment Date.

To the extent such a shortfall arises, such unpaid amount (including interest accruing on such shortfall) shall be payable in priority to the payment of interest otherwise due on the next following Interest Payment Date.

7. PRESCRIPTION

Class B Notes shall become void unless presented for payment within a period of 10 years from the relevant date in respect thereof. Class B Coupons (which expression shall not in this Class B Condition include Class B Talons) shall become void unless presented for payment within a period of 5 years from the relevant date in respect thereof. After the date on which a Class B Note or a Class B Coupon becomes void in its entirety, no claim may be made in respect thereof. In this Class B Condition, the "relevant date", in respect of a Class B Note or Class B Coupon, is the date on which a payment in respect thereof first becomes due or (if the full amount of the moneys payable in respect of all the Class B Notes and/or Class B Coupons due on or before that date has not been duly received by the Paying Agents or the Trustee on or prior to such date) the date on which the full amount of such moneys having been so received, notice to that effect is duly given to the Class B Noteholders in accordance with Class B Condition 14.

8. TAXATION

All payments in respect of the Class B Notes and Class B Coupons will be made without withholding or deduction for, or on account of, any present or future taxes, duties or charges of whatsoever nature unless the Issuer or the relevant Paying Agent (as applicable) is required by applicable law to make any payment in respect of the Class B Notes or Class B Coupons subject to any withholding or deduction for, or on account of, any present or future taxes, duties or charges of whatsoever nature. In that event, the Issuer or the relevant Paying Agent (as the case may be) shall make such payment after such withholding or deduction has been made and shall account to the relevant authorities for the amount so required to be withheld or deducted. Neither the Paying Agents nor the Issuer will be obliged to make any additional payments to holders of Class B Notes or Class B Coupons in respect of such withholding or deduction.

9. EVENTS OF DEFAULT

- (a) The Trustee at its absolute discretion may, and if so requested in writing by the holders of not less than 25% in aggregate of the Principal Amount Outstanding of the Class B Notes or if so directed by or pursuant to an Extraordinary Resolution (as defined in the Trust Deed) of the Class B Noteholders (subject, in each case, to being indemnified to its satisfaction) shall give notice to the Issuer declaring the Class B Notes to be due and repayable at any time after the happening of any of the following events (each an "Event of Default"):
 - (i) default being made for a period of 10 Business Days in the payment of the principal of or any interest on any Class B Note when and as the same ought to be paid in accordance with these Class B Conditions; or
 - (ii) any Interest Rate Swap, LIBOR Swap or Base Rate Swap being terminated by reason of default in payment on the part of the Issuer for a period of 10 Business Days; or
 - (iii) the Issuer failing duly to perform or observe any other obligation binding upon it under the Class B Notes, the Trust Deed, the Servicing Agreement, the Deed of Charge or any of the other Transaction Documents and, in any such case (except where the Trustee certifies that, in its opinion, such failure is incapable of remedy when no notice will be required) such failure is continuing for a period of 30 days following the service by the Trustee on the Issuer of notice requiring the same to be remedied; or
 - (iv) the Issuer, otherwise than for the purposes of such amalgamation or reconstruction as is referred to in sub-paragraph (v) below, ceasing or, through an official action of the Board of Directors of the Issuer, threatening to cease to carry on business or being unable to pay its debts as and when they fall due or otherwise becomes insolvent; or
 - (v) an order being made or an effective resolution being passed for the winding-up of the Issuer except a winding-up for the purposes of or pursuant to an amalgamation or reconstruction

- the terms of which have previously been approved by the Trustee in writing or by an Extraordinary Resolution of the Class B Noteholders; or
- (vi) proceedings being otherwise initiated against the Issuer under any applicable liquidation, insolvency, composition, reorganisation or other similar laws (including, but not limited to, presentation of a petition for an administration order) or an administration order being granted or an administrative receiver or other receiver, liquidator or other similar official being appointed in relation to the Issuer or in relation to the whole or any substantial part of the undertaking or assets of the Issuer, or an encumbrancer taking possession of the whole or any substantial part of the undertaking or assets of the Issuer, or a distress or execution or other process being levied or enforced upon or sued out against the whole or any substantial part of the undertaking or assets of the Issuer and such possession or process (as the case may be) not being discharged or not otherwise ceasing to apply within 14 days, or the Issuer initiating or consenting to judicial proceedings relating to itself under applicable liquidation, insolvency, composition, reorganisation or other similar laws or making a conveyance or assignment for the benefit of its creditors generally;

Provided that, in the case of each of the events described in sub-paragraph (iii) of this paragraph (a), the Trustee shall have certified to the Issuer that such event is, in its opinion, materially prejudicial to the interests of the Class B Noteholders.

(b) Upon any declaration being made by the Trustee in accordance with paragraph (a) above that the Class B Notes are due and repayable, the Class B Notes shall immediately become due and repayable at their Principal Amount Outstanding together with accrued interest as provided in the Trust Deed.

10. ENFORCEMENT OF CLASS B NOTES

- (a) At any time after the Class B Notes have become due and repayable and without prejudice to its rights of enforcement in relation to the Security, the Trustee may, at its discretion and without further notice, take such proceedings against the Issuer as it may think fit to enforce payment of the Class B Notes at their Principal Amount Outstanding together with accrued interest, but it shall not be bound to take any such proceedings unless (a) it shall have been so directed by an Extraordinary Resolution of the Class B Noteholders or so requested in writing by the holders of at least 25% in aggregate of the Principal Amount Outstanding of the Class B Notes and (b) it shall have been indemnified to its satisfaction. No Class B Noteholder or Class B Couponholder shall be entitled to proceed directly against the Issuer unless the Trustee, having become bound so to do, fails to do so within a reasonable period and such failure shall be continuing. The Trustee cannot, while any of the Class A Notes are outstanding or Class M Notes are outstanding be required to enforce the Security on behalf of the Class B Noteholders (whether or not requested to do so by such Class B Noteholders) or any other Secured Creditor under the Deed of Charge.
- (b) Notwithstanding the foregoing and so long as any of the Class B Notes remain outstanding, if the Class B Notes have become due and repayable pursuant to Class B Condition 9 otherwise than by reason of a default in payment of any amount due on the Class B Notes, the Trustee will not be entitled to dispose of the Security unless either a sufficient amount would be realised to allow discharge in full of all amounts owing to the Class B Noteholders, the Class B Couponholders and the other creditors of the Issuer ranking in priority thereto or *pari passu* therewith or the Trustee is of the opinion that the cash flow prospectively receivable by the Issuer will not (or that there is a significant risk that it will not) be sufficient, having regard to any other relevant actual, contingent or prospective liabilities of the Issuer, to discharge in full in due course all amounts owing to the Class B Noteholders, the Class B Couponholders and any other amounts payable by the Issuer ranking in priority thereto or *pari passu* therewith.

11. MEETINGS OF CLASS B NOTEHOLDERS, MODIFICATION, WAIVER AND SUBSTITUTION OF PRINCIPAL DEBTOR

(a) The Trust Deed contains provisions for convening meetings of Class B Noteholders to consider any matter affecting their interests, including the sanctioning by Extraordinary Resolution of such Class B Noteholders of a modification of these Class B Conditions as they relate to the Class B Notes or the provisions of any of the Documents or any other documents the rights and benefits in respect of which are comprised in the Security ("Other Relevant Documents"). The quorum at any meeting of Class B Noteholders for passing an Extraordinary Resolution shall be two or more persons holding or representing in aggregate not less than 75% in Principal Amount Outstanding

of the Class B Notes then outstanding or, at any adjourned meeting, two or more persons being or representing Class B Noteholders as they relate to the Class B Notes whatever the Principal Amount Outstanding of the Class B Notes so held or represented except that, at any meeting the business of which includes the sanctioning of a modification which would, *inter alia*, have the effect of altering the date of maturity of the Class B Notes or the day for payment of interest or principal thereon, or the amount of principal or the rate of interest payable in respect of the Class B Notes or the currency of payment (other than pursuant to a redenomination approved by the Trustee pursuant to Class B Condition 15) of the Class B Notes or related Class B Coupons or the priority of payments or the quorum or majority required in relation to this exception (a "Basic Terms Modification"), the necessary quorum for passing an Extraordinary Resolution shall be two or more persons holding or representing in aggregate not less than 75%, or, at any adjourned such meeting, 25% of the Principal Amount Outstanding of the Class B Notes then outstanding. An Extraordinary Resolution passed at any meeting of Class B Noteholders shall be binding on all Class B Noteholders whether or not they are present at the meeting, and on all Class B Couponholders. The majority required for an Extraordinary Resolution shall be 75% of the votes cast on that resolution.

The Trust Deed contains provisions limiting the powers of the holders of Class M Notes and Class B Notes, *inter alia*, to request or direct the Trustee to take any action or to pass an effective Extraordinary Resolution, according to the effect thereof on the interests of the Class A Noteholders. Except in the circumstances set out in (b) below, the Trust Deed imposes no such limitations on the powers of the Class A Noteholders (or if there are no Class A Notes outstanding) the Class M Noteholders, the exercise of which will be binding on the Class B Noteholders and Class B Couponholders, irrespective of the effect on their interests. An Extraordinary Resolution passed at any meeting of Class B Noteholders shall not be effective for any purposes unless either (i) the Trustee is of the opinion that it would not be materially prejudicial to the Class A Noteholders (or if there are no Class A Noteholders or (ii) it is sanctioned by an Extraordinary Resolution of the Class A Noteholders (or if there are no Class A Notes outstanding) the Class M Noteholders but, subject thereto, it shall be binding on all Class B Noteholders, whether or not they are present at the meeting, and on all Class B Couponholders.

- (b) No Extraordinary Resolution to sanction a Basic Terms Modification which would have the effect of altering the date of maturity of the Notes or the date for payment of interest in respect of the Notes, increasing the amount of principal or the rate of interest payable in respect of the Notes, or altering the currency of payment of the Notes, or altering the provisions of the Trust Deed, the Deed of Charge or any other Document or any Other Relevant Document shall take effect unless it shall have been sanctioned by an Extraordinary Resolution of the Class A Noteholders, the Class M Noteholders and the Class B Noteholders.
- (c) The Trustee may agree, without the consent of the Class B Noteholders or Class B Couponholders (i) to any modification (except a Basic Terms Modification) of, or to the waiver or authorisation of any breach or proposed breach of, these Class B Conditions or any of the Documents or any Other Relevant Documents, which is not, in the opinion of the Trustee, materially prejudicial to the interests of the Class B Noteholders or Class B Couponholders (ii) to any modification of these Class B Conditions or any of the Documents or any Other Relevant Documents, which, in the Trustee's opinion, is to correct a manifest error or is of a formal, minor or technical nature. The Trustee may also, without the consent of the Class B Noteholders or the Class B Couponholders, determine that any Event of Default shall not, or shall not subject to specified conditions, be treated as such. Any such modification, waiver, authorisation or determination shall be binding on the Class B Noteholders and the Class B Couponholders and, unless the Trustee agrees otherwise, any such modification shall be notified to the Class B Noteholders in accordance with Class B Condition 14 as soon as practicable thereafter.
- (d) The Trustee may agree, subject to the consent of the Issuer and to such amendment of these Class B Conditions and of any of the Documents and to such other conditions as the Trustee may require and subject to the relevant provisions of the Trust Deed, but without the consent of the Class B Noteholders or the Class B Couponholders, to the substitution of another body corporate in place of the Issuer as principal debtor under the Trust Deed and the Class B Notes, subject to the Class B Notes being unconditionally and irrevocably guaranteed by the Issuer (unless all or substantially all of the assets of the Issuer are transferred to such body corporate) and to such body corporate being a single purpose vehicle and undertaking itself to be bound by provisions corresponding to those set out in Class B Condition 3. In the case of a substitution pursuant to this paragraph (d), the Trustee may in its absolute discretion agree, without the consent of the Class B Noteholders or the

- Class B Couponholders, to a change of the law governing the Class B Notes and/or any of the Documents provided that such change would not, in the opinion of the Trustee, be materially prejudicial to the interests of the Class B Noteholders.
- (e) Where the Trustee is required in connection with the exercise of its powers, trusts, authorities, duties and discretions to have regard to the interests of the Class B Noteholders, it shall have regard to the interests of the Class B Noteholders as one class and, in particular but without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing, the Trustee shall not have regard to, or be in any way liable for, the consequences of such exercise for individual Class B Noteholders or Class B Couponholders resulting from their being for any purpose domiciled or resident in, or otherwise connected with, or subject to the jurisdiction of, any particular territory. In connection with any such exercise, the Trustee shall not be entitled to require, and no Class B Noteholder or Class B Couponholder shall be entitled to claim, from the Issuer or any other person any indemnification or payment in respect of any tax consequences of any such exercise upon individual Class B Noteholders or Class B Couponholders.

12. INDEMNIFICATION AND EXONERATION OF THE TRUSTEE

The Trust Deed contains provisions governing the responsibility (and relief from responsibility) of the Trustee and providing for its indemnification in certain circumstances, including provisions relieving it from taking enforcement proceedings or enforcing the Security unless indemnified to its satisfaction. The Trustee and its related companies are entitled to enter into business transactions with the Issuer, Arianty, Britannic Money, First Active and/or the related companies of any of them without accounting for any profit resulting therefrom. The Trustee will not be responsible for any loss, expense or liability which may be suffered as a result of any assets comprised in the Security, or any deeds or documents of title thereto, being uninsured or inadequately insured or being held by or to the order of the Servicer or any agent or related company of the Servicer or by clearing organisations or their operators or by intermediaries such as banks, brokers or other similar persons on behalf of the Trustee.

The Trust Deed provides that the Trustee shall be under no obligation to monitor or supervise compliance by the Issuer, Arianty, Britannic Money, First Active and/or the related companies of any of them with their respective obligations or to make any searches, enquiries or independent investigations of title in relation to any of the properties secured by the Mortgages save as provided under the Transaction Documents.

13. REPLACEMENT OF DEFINITIVE CLASS B NOTES, CLASS B COUPONS AND CLASS B TALONS

If any Class B Note, Class B Coupon or Class B Talon is mutilated, defaced, lost, stolen or destroyed, it may be replaced at the specified office of any Paying Agent. Replacement of any mutilated, defaced, lost, stolen or destroyed Class B Note, Class B Coupon or Class B Talon will only be made on payment of such costs as may be incurred in connection therewith and on such terms as to evidence and indemnity as the Issuer may reasonably require. Mutilated or defaced Class B Notes, Class B Coupons or Class B Talons must be surrendered before new ones will be issued.

14. NOTICE TO CLASS B NOTEHOLDERS

Any notice to the Class B Noteholders shall be validly given if published in the *Financial Times* or, if such newspaper shall cease to be published or timely publication therein shall not be practicable, in such English language newspaper or newspapers as the Trustee shall approve having a general circulation in Europe; Provided that if, at any time, the Issuer procures that information concerned in such notice specifying an Interest Payment Date, Principal Amount Outstanding or Rate of Interest shall appear on a page of the Reuters screen or Bloomberg or any other medium for electronic display of data as may be previously approved in writing by the Trustee (in each case a "Relevant Screen"), publication in the *Financial Times* shall not be required with respect to such information. Any such notice shall be deemed to have been given on the date of such publication or, if published more than once or on different dates, on the first date on which publication shall have been made in the newspaper or newspapers in which (or on the Relevant Screen on which) publication is required.

The Trustee shall be at liberty to sanction some other method of giving notice to the Class B Noteholders or any category of them if, in its opinion, such other method is reasonable having regard to market practice then prevailing and to the requirements of the stock exchange on which the Notes are then listed and provided that notice of such other method is given to the Class B Noteholders in such manner

as the Trustee shall require. The Class B Couponholders will be deemed for all purposes to have notice of the contents of any notice given to the Class B Noteholders in accordance with this Class B Condition.

15. REDENOMINATION

Pursuant to the Treaty establishing the European Community as amended by the Treaty on European Union (as amended, the "Treaty"), the third stage of European economic and monetary union commenced on 1 January 1999 and the value of the euro as against the currencies of the member states participating in the third stage of European economic and monetary union was irrevocably fixed and the euro became a currency in its own right. The United Kingdom may at some future date participate in the third stage of European economic and monetary union or otherwise participate in European economic and monetary union in a manner with similar effect to such third stage. On an Interest Payment Date falling on or after such date, the Issuer may on giving notice to the holders of the Class B Notes and with the written consent of the Trustee, redenominate all of the Class B Notes into euros.

16. GOVERNING LAW

The Documents, the Class B Notes and the Class B Coupons are governed by, and shall be construed in accordance with, English law.

17. THIRD PARTY RIGHTS

No person shall have any right to enforce any term or condition of the Class B Notes under the Contracts (Rights of Third Parties) Act 1999.

USE OF PROCEEDS

The net proceeds of the issue of the Notes will amount to £498,959,453 and will be applied in the purchase of the Mortgages from Arianty on the Issue Date as set out in "The Mortgage Pool – Introduction" with any remainder to be credited to the Transaction Account or, as the case may be, the Reserve Account to be:

- (a) invested in Permitted Investments; and/or
- (b) applied in the purchase of Pre-Funded Mortgages.

SUBSCRIPTION AND SALE

Barclays, RBS and Merrill Lynch International (the "Class A Managers") have, pursuant to a subscription agreement dated on or about 6 June 2002 (the "Class A Subscription Agreement"), jointly and severally agreed, subject to certain conditions, to subscribe for the Class A Notes at 100% of their principal amount. The Issuer has agreed to pay the Class A Managers a combined selling, management and underwriting commission of 0.185% of the aggregate principal amount of the Class A Notes. The Issuer has agreed to reimburse the Class A Managers for certain of their expenses in connection with the issue of the Class A Notes. The Class A Subscription Agreement entitles the Class A Managers to terminate such agreement in certain circumstances prior to payment to the Issuer. The Issuer has agreed to indemnify the Class A Managers against certain liabilities in connection with the offer and the sale of the Class A Notes.

RBS and Barclays (the "Class M Managers" have, pursuant to a subscription agreement dated on or about 6 June 2002 (the "Class M Subscription Agreement"), jointly and severally agreed, subject to certain conditions, to subscribe for the Class M Notes at 100% of their principal amount. The Issuer has agreed to pay the Class M Managers a combined selling, management and underwriting commission of 0.40% of the aggregate principal amount of the Class M Notes. The Issuer has agreed to reimburse the Class M Managers for certain of its expenses in connection with the issue of the Class M Notes. The Class M Subscription Agreement entitles the Class M Managers to terminate such agreement in certain circumstances prior to payment to the Issuer. The Issuer has agreed to indemnify the Class M Managers against certain liabilities in connection with the offer and sale of the Class M Notes.

RBS and Barclays (the "Class B Managers" and, together with the Class M Managers and the Class A Managers, the "Managers") have, pursuant to a subscription agreement dated on or about 6 June 2002 (the "Class B Subscription Agreement"), jointly and severally agreed, subject to certain conditions, to subscribe for the Class B Notes at 100% of their principal amount. The Issuer has agreed to pay the Class B Managers a combined selling, management and underwriting commission of 0.65% of the aggregate principal amount of the Class B Notes. The Issuer has agreed to reimburse the Class B Managers for certain of its expenses in connection with the issue of the Class B Notes. The Class B Subscription Agreement entitles the Class B Managers to terminate such agreement in certain circumstances prior to payment to the Issuer. The Issuer has agreed to indemnify the Class B Managers against certain liabilities in connection with the offer and sale of the Class B Notes.

The Class A Subscription Agreement, the Class M Subscription Agreement and the Class B Subscription Agreement are together referred to in this document as the "Subscription Agreements".

The Notes have not been and will not be registered under the Securities Act and may not be offered or sold within the United States or to, or for the account or benefit of, US persons except in certain transactions exempt from the registration requirements of the Securities Act. Terms used in this paragraph have the meanings given to them by Regulation S under the Securities Act.

The Notes are in bearer form and are subject to US tax law requirements and may not be offered, sold or delivered within the United States or its possessions or to a US person, except in certain transactions permitted by US tax regulations. Terms used in this paragraph have the meanings given to them by US Internal Revenue Code and regulations thereunder.

Each Class A Manager, in respect of the Class A Notes, each Class M Manager, in respect of the Class M Notes and each Class B Manager, in respect of the Class B Notes, has agreed that, except as permitted by the Subscription Agreements, it will not offer, sell or deliver the Notes, (i) as part of their distribution at any time or (ii) otherwise until 40 days after the later of the commencement of the offering and the Issue Date within the United States or to, or for the account of, US persons, and it will have sent to each distributor, dealer or other person to which it sells Notes during the distribution compliance period a confirmation or other notice setting forth the restrictions on offers and sales of the Notes within the United States or to, or for the account or benefit, of US persons.

In addition, until 40 days after the commencement of the offering of the Notes, an offer or sale of Notes within the United States by a dealer that is not participating in the offering may violate the requirements of the Securities Act.

Each Class A Manager, in respect of the Class A Notes, each Class M Manager in respect of the Class M Notes and each Class B Manager, in respect of the Class B Notes, has agreed that (a) it has not offered or sold and will not offer or sell any Notes to persons in the United Kingdom prior to admission of the Notes to listing in accordance with Part IV of the FSMA except to persons whose ordinary activities involve them in acquiring, holding, managing or disposing of investments (as principal or agent) for the purposes of their business or otherwise in circumstances which have not resulted and will not result in an

offer to the public in the United Kingdom within the meaning of the Public Offers of Securities Regulations 1995, as amended, or the FSMA; (b) it has complied and will comply with all applicable provisions of the FSMA with respect to anything done by it in relation to the Notes in, from or otherwise involving the United Kingdom; and (c) it has only communicated or caused to be communicated and will only communicate or cause to be communicated any invitation or inducement to engage in investment activity (within the meaning of section 21 of the FSMA) received by it in connection with the issue or sale of any of the Notes in circumstances in which section 21(1) of the FSMA does not apply to the Issuer.

UNITED KINGDOM TAXATION

The following is a general description of current United Kingdom law and practice relating to taxation of the Notes, and is limited to a general consideration of the United Kingdom tax position of investors who are the absolute beneficial owners of the Notes. It does not purport to be a complete analysis of all tax considerations relating to the Notes and so should be treated with appropriate caution. Some aspects do not apply to certain classes of taxpayer (such as dealers) or to Noteholders where the object, or one of the main objects, of acquiring or holding the Notes was or is the securing, whether for the Noteholder or any other person, of a tax advantage.

Prospective Noteholders who are in doubt as to their tax position or who may be subject to tax in a jurisdiction other than the United Kingdom should consult their professional advisers.

A. United Kingdom withholding tax

Interest payments on the Notes (whether in global or registered Definitive form) will be payable without withholding or deduction for or on account of United Kingdom income tax provided that the Notes are and remain listed on a "recognised stock exchange" within the meaning of Section 841 of the Income and Corporation Taxes Act 1988. The London Stock Exchange is a recognised stock exchange for these purposes, and this proviso will be satisfied if the Notes are admitted to listing on the Official List of the UK Listing Authority and to trading on the London Stock Exchange.

Any paying agent or other person through whom interest is paid to, or by whom interest is received on behalf of, an individual (whether resident in the United Kingdom or elsewhere) may be required to provide information in relation to the payment (including the amount of the interest) and the individual concerned (including their name and address) to the United Kingdom Inland Revenue. In certain circumstances, the Inland Revenue may communicate this information to the tax authorities of certain other jurisdictions.

B. Direct assessment of non-United Kingdom resident Noteholders

Interest on the Notes constitutes United Kingdom source income for United Kingdom tax purposes and, as such, may be subject to income tax by direct assessment even where paid without withholding or deduction for or on account of United Kingdom income tax except in the hands of a Noteholder who is exempt from United Kingdom income tax under the terms of an applicable double taxation treaty or otherwise.

However, interest with a United Kingdom source which is received without deduction or withholding on account of United Kingdom tax, is not normally chargeable to United Kingdom tax in the hands of a Noteholder who is not resident for tax purposes in the United Kingdom, unless that Noteholder carries on a trade, profession or vocation in the United Kingdom through a United Kingdom branch or agency in connection with which the interest is received or to which the Notes are attributable. There are exemptions for interest received by certain specified categories of agent (such as some brokers and investment managers).

C. Accrued Income Scheme – individual Noteholders

The Notes will be regarded by the Inland Revenue as variable rate securities for the purposes of provisions known as the "Accrued Income Scheme". Accordingly, a transfer of a Note by a Noteholder not within the charge to United Kingdom corporation tax who is resident or ordinarily resident in the United Kingdom or a Noteholder who carries on a trade in the United Kingdom through a branch or agency to which the Note is attributable, may give rise to a charge to United Kingdom income tax in respect of an amount representing interest on the Note which is deemed to have accrued since the preceding interest payment date in such an amount as the Inland Revenue deem just and reasonable. A transferee of Notes with accrued interest will not be entitled to any corresponding relief under the Accrued Income Scheme.

D. Taxation of chargeable gains – individual Noteholders

As a result of the provision for redenomination of the Notes into euros, the Notes will not be treated by the United Kingdom Inland Revenue as "qualifying corporate bonds" within the meaning of section 117 of the Taxation of Chargeable Gains Act 1992. Accordingly, a disposal (including a redemption) of Notes by an individual Noteholder may give rise to a chargeable gain or an allowable loss for the purposes of

United Kingdom taxation of chargeable gains, depending on the individual circumstances of the Noteholder.

E. United Kingdom – corporation tax payers

Noteholders within the charge to United Kingdom corporation tax will not be subject to the methods of taxation set out in paragraphs C or D above. Instead, generally, any profits, gains and losses, measured and recognised broadly in accordance with an authorised accounting method, are taxed or relieved as income. Noteholders within the charge to United Kingdom corporation tax are generally charged to tax in each accounting period by reference to interest accrued in that period and other profits recognised in that period in accordance with such Noteholders' authorised accounting methods.

F. Stamp Duty and Stamp Duty Reserve Tax

No United Kingdom stamp duty or stamp duty reserve tax is payable on the issue of the Notes or on a transfer of the Notes by delivery.

G. Proposed European Union Directive on the Taxation of Savings Income

On 13 December 2001, the Council of the European Union published a revised draft directive regarding the taxation of savings income. Subject to a number of important conditions being met, it is proposed that Member States will be required to provide to the tax authorities of another Member State, details of payments of interest and other similar savings income paid by a person within its jurisdiction to or for the benefit of an individual resident in that other Member State, except that Belgium, Luxembourg and Austria will instead operate a withholding system for a transitional period in relation to such payments. The revised draft directive is not yet final and may be subject to further amendment. Consequently, it is not possible to predict what effect, if any, the adoption of the directive would have on the Notes or on payments of principal or interest on the Notes.

GENERAL INFORMATION

- A. The Notes have been accepted for clearance through Euroclear and Clearstream, Luxembourg. The Common Code for the Class A Notes is 014924612 and the ISIN is XS0149246125. The Common code for the Class M Notes is 014924655 and the ISIN is XS0149246554. The Common Code for the Class B Notes is 014924671 and the ISIN is XS0149246711.
- B. The issue of the Notes has been authorised by resolution of the Board of Directors of the Issuer passed on 29 May 2002.
- C. The listing of the Notes on the Official List will be expressed in sterling as a percentage of their principal amount. Transactions will normally be effected for settlement in sterling and for delivery on the third working day after the day of the transaction. It is expected that listing of the Notes by the UK Listing Authority and admission to trading on the London Stock Exchange will be granted on or around 11 June 2002, subject only to issue of the Temporary Global Notes. Prior to official listing, however, dealings in the Notes will be permitted by the London Stock Exchange in accordance with its rules.
- D. The accounts of the Issuer in this Offering Circular constitute non-statutory accounts as defined by section 240(5) of the Companies Act 1985 and have been audited by KPMG Audit Plc, Chartered Accountants. The accounting reference date of the Issuer is 31 December. No statutory accounts of the Issuer have been required to be produced and, save as aforesaid, no audited accounts of the Issuer have been prepared since its date of incorporation.
- E. The Issuer is not and has not been involved in any legal or arbitration proceedings which may have or have had since its date of incorporation a significant effect on its financial position nor is the Issuer aware that any such proceedings are pending or threatened.
- F. KPMG Audit Plc have given and not withdrawn their written consent to the inclusion herein of their report and have authorised the contents of that part of the listing particulars for the purposes of section 79(3) of the FSMA.
- G. Since 18 June 2001, being the date of incorporation of the Issuer, there has been no material adverse change in the financial position or prospects of the Issuer and no significant change in the trading or financial position of the Issuer.
- H. The Notes will contain the following legend: "Any United States person (as defined in the Internal Revenue Code) who holds this obligation will be subject to limitations under the United States income tax laws, including the limitations provided in sections 165(j) and 1287(a) of the Internal Revenue Code".
- I. Copies of the following documents may be inspected during usual business hours at the offices of Lovells for 14 days from the date of this Offering Circular:
 - (i) the Memorandum and Articles of Association of the Issuer;
 - (ii) the balance sheet of the Issuer as at 6 June 2002 and the Auditor's report thereon;
 - (iii) the consent referred to in paragraph F above;
 - (iv) the Subscription Agreements referred to under "Subscription and Sale" above:
 - (v) drafts (subject to minor modifications) of the following documents (which are all material to the issue of Notes):
 - (a) the Agency Agreement;
 - (b) the Trust Deed (including the terms of the Global Class A Notes, the definitive Class A Notes, the Class A Coupons, the Class A Talons, the Global Class M Notes, the definitive Class M Notes, the Class M Coupons, the Class M Talons, the Global Class B Notes, the definitive Class B Notes, the Class B Coupons and the Class B Talons);
 - (c) the Deed of Charge;
 - (d) the Mortgage Sale Agreement;
 - (e) the Servicing Agreement;
 - (f) the Guaranteed Investment Contract;
 - (g) the Redraw Facility Agreement;
 - (h) the Declaration of Trust;

- (i) the Bank Agreement;
- (j) the Start-Up Loan Agreement;
- (k) the Master Definitions Schedule;
- (l) the Interest Rate Swaps;
- (m) the Interest Rate Caps;
- (n) the Base Rate Swaps; and
- (o) the LIBOR Swaps.

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REGISTERED AND HEAD OFFICE OF THE ISSUER

Sir William Atkins House Ashley Avenue Epsom Surrey KT18 5AS

AUDITORS TO THE ISSUER

KPMG Audit Plc 1 The Embankment Neville Street Leeds LS1 4DW

SERVICER

Britannic Money plc Sir William Atkins House Ashley Avenue Epsom Surrey KT18 5AS

TRUSTEE

JPMorgan Chase Bank Trinity Tower 9 Thomas More Street London E1W 1YT

LEGAL ADVISERS TO THE SERVICER AND THE ISSUER

as to English law Lovells 65 Holborn Viaduct London EC1A 2DY as to Scots Law Tods Murray WS 66 Queen Street Edinburgh EH2 4NE as to Northern Irish law L'Estrange & Brett Arnott House 12-16 Bridge Street Belfast T1 1LS

LEGAL ADVISERS TO THE MANAGERS AND THE TRUSTEE

as to English law Weil, Gotshal & Manges One South Place London EC2M 2WG as to Scots law Tods Murray WS 66 Queen Street Edinburgh EH2 4NE as to Northern Irish law L'Estrange & Brett Arnott House 12-16 Bridge Street Belfast T1 1LS

PRINCIPAL PAYING AGENT AND AGENT BANK

JPMorgan Chase Bank Trinity Tower 9 Thomas More Street London E1W 1YT

AUTHORISED ADVISER

Barclays Bank PLC 5 The North Colonnade Canary Wharf London E14 4BB